

A WRITER'S GUIDE TO  
USAGE, SPELLING, GRAMMAR,  
AND SENTENCE STRUCTURE

# ABUSED, CONFUSED & MISUSED WORDS

MARY EMBREE

**affect/effect**  
WHICH MEANS TO INFLUENCE  
AND WHICH MEANS A RESULT?

**imply/infer**  
WHICH MEANS TO DEDUCE AND  
WHICH MEANS TO SUGGEST?

**bouillon/bullion**  
WHICH IS A MASS OF  
PRECIOUS METALS AND  
WHICH GOES IN SOUP?

**bazaar/bizarre**  
WHICH MEANS VERY STRANGE  
AND WHICH MEANS  
A MIDDLE-EASTERN MARKET?

**compare/contrast**  
WHICH MEANS TO REPRESENT  
AS SIMILAR AND WHICH  
MEANS TO SHOW DIFFERENCE?

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CONFUSED,  
AND MISUSED  
WORDS**

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GRAMMAR, AND SENTENCE STRUCTURE

**MARY EMBREE**



Skyhorse Publishing

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***This book is dedicated to***

MY GRANDSON ALEXANDER FLEISCHER *who,*  
*at almost 2, is falling in love with words.*

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# Introduction

*A word fitly spoken is like apples of gold in pictures of silver.*

--PROVERBS 25:11

Is it any wonder that words are abused, confused, and misused so often when language is so incredibly complex and it comes in so many forms? Whether we're teaching, conducting business, or having a personal conversation, using appropriate words is essential for clarity. Words have the power to ignite anger, inflame passions, and destroy relationships. But they also have the power to pacify, console, educate, amuse, and express love.

There are many different languages in the world, which means that we do not have a common base of words to work with. The wide variations of meaning in our vocabularies create the challenge of communicating clearly with people whose language is not the only dividing factor. Their culture, philosophy, and belief systems are not like our own. Ludwig Wittgenstein said, "If we spoke a different language, we would perceive a somewhat different world." He also said, "The limits of my language mean the limits of my world." Using an inappropriate word can cause misunderstandings, and misunderstandings can have serious consequences.

If we want to reach our audience, we need to simplify our language and adapt our words to our readers' repertoire. Simplification also makes for better writing. The German philosopher Arthur Schopenhauer said, "Writers should use common words to say uncommon things."

When computers and the Internet became a major part of our everyday lives, communication moved into the fast lane. We no longer have time to waste addressing and stamping envelopes. E-mail has become a quick way to communicate and, as we dash off messages, we tend to get sloppy. Sometimes we don't take the time to punctuate, capitalize, or spell correctly, let alone use words properly. Even though we're all so busy, I believe it is still important to be concerned about the quality of our writing. To quote Samuel Johnson, English author and lexicographer, "What is written without effort is in general read without pleasure!"

The ability to speak and write well is valued in practically every field and in most business and personal relationships. This book is intended to help you say what you really mean.

# Chapter One



## *Word Usage*

*Proper words in proper places,  
make the true definition of a style.*

--JONATHAN SWIFT [1667-1745]

IF YOU LOVE WORDS, you probably like to read a wide variety of things: novels, nonfiction books, newspapers, magazines, comic books, cereal boxes. If you read a lot, you probably write pretty well because you've seen a lot of writing and have noticed how writers put sentences together. You've seen how words are commonly spelled and observed that most writing has a pattern to it. Most likely, you appreciate the beauty of communicating through the amazing versatility of words and want to use them to the best of your ability yourself.

The artistry of words can pull us inside a story, making us feel what the characters feel. A great novel can carry us off into another dimension, into a fantasy so engrossing that we forget all our earthly cares. A magnificent book is almost orgasmic. We want it to go on and on.

Word appreciation is similar to music appreciation. The more we learn about words and music, the more we enjoy them in all of their forms: from magazines to novels, from popular music to classical. Whether it's words or music, it is communication and I believe that the better we are at it, the happier we will be. As Alexander Pope said, "True ease in writing comes from art, not chance, as those move easiest who have learned to dance."

Learning to write well is not so different from learning to dance well. It is much more fun when we learn the steps. Although we were taught the basics in school and have been writing most of our lives, sometimes it helps to be reminded of some of the "steps" involved in expressing ourselves through words.

Because communication can be formal or informal, the setting or field in which one is working generally determines its nature. Formal writing is usually used for scientific and scholarly papers, technical and business reports, and legal briefs, to name just a few. Those cases call for the current professionally accepted rules of writing.

Informal writing is more suitable for commercial messages, scripts, poetry, novels, personal letters, notes, e-mail, and many other types of written communication. In such everyday writing, we might want to relax the rules a little and write more from our hearts than from our heads. That doesn't mean that we needn't be concerned with spelling and sentence structure at all. Our written communications are extensions of ourselves, which project an image of who we are. E-mail doesn't give us license to throw all the rules out the window. Business e-mail should be as well composed as a

hard copy we send through the mail. Sloppy writing is okay only in very personal messages.

## THE PARTS OF SPEECH

Whether writing is formal or informal, our ideas come across with greater clarity when we use words appropriately in a sentence. An incorrect word can change the meaning, sometimes drastically. Consider the frequently confused words *enervate* and *energize*. If you were to say, "His words enervate me," it would mean they make you tired. If you say they energize you, you would be saying that they give you vigor. These are opposite meanings.

Sentences have four purposes: to state, to question, to command, and to express surprise or other strong emotion (exclamatory). A sentence that *states* is called a declarative sentence. It makes a statement: *I am going to the movies*. A sentence that *asks* is an interrogative sentence: *Are you going to watch the games on TV all day?* A sentence that expresses a *command* is called an imperative sentence: *Get off that couch and come with me!* *That's outrageous!* is an example of an exclamatory sentence.

Words are classified according to their functions in sentences. It is generally agreed that there are eight parts of speech: nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, adverbs, prepositions, conjunctions, and interjections.

There are also articles. The definite article is *the*. *The* specifies something or someone in particular: *The person you need to see is Mr. Jones. The cat is black and white*. Indefinite articles are *a* and *an*. *A* is used before words beginning with a consonant sound, and *an* is used before a vowel sound. So it's *a pear, a car, a child*, but it's *an orange, an automobile, an orphan*. Some vowels have a consonant sound and when they do you should use *a*: *a union, a European*. Some consonants have a vowel sound so you would use *an*: *an hour, an honest person, an herb*.

### Nouns

A noun is a word that denotes a thing, place, person, quality, state, or action. It functions in a sentence as the subject or object of an action expressed by a verb. It can also be the object of a preposition. There are proper nouns and common nouns. Proper nouns denote individuals and personifications and are always capitalized: *Alice, Thomas, New York, The Associated Press*. In the sentence, *Tom is from Georgetown, back East*, the words *Tom, Georgetown, and East* are capitalized because they refer to a specific person and specific places. A general name common to all persons, places, or things is called a common noun. In modern English, common nouns are not capitalized: *girl, man, city, newspaper*. For example: *The boy's home is on the east side of town*.

There are concrete and abstract nouns. Anything physical that can be perceived by the senses is a concrete noun: *Some books are to be tasted, others to be swallowed* (Francis Bacon). An abstract noun is a quality, action, or idea which cannot be perceived by the senses: *A foolish consistency is the hobgoblin of little minds* (Ralph Waldo Emerson).

There are also collective nouns which name a group of individuals as though they were one: *jury, committee, family, flock, regiment*. And, depending on the purpose it serves, a collective noun can be either singular or plural. In the sentence, *The board was unanimous in its decision*, meaning it acted as one person, *board* is a singular form of the collective noun. In *The board were arguing over increasing membership dues*, the board members were acting as individuals so in this case the *board* is considered a plural noun.

### Pronouns

A pronoun is an identifying word which substitutes for a noun. A pronoun can indicate a noun (such as a person's name) already mentioned to avoid repetition: *Charlie* is the lead dancer; *he* is the tall one



in the front row. There are several kinds of pronouns: personal, demonstrative, indefinite, relative, interrogative, numerical, reflective, and reciprocal.

A personal pronoun indicates (1) the speaker, (2) the person spoken to, or (3) the person, place, or thing spoken about. The speaker is first person: *I, my or mine, me, we, our or ours, us*. The person spoken to is second person: *you, your, yours*. The person, place, or thing spoken about is third person: *he, she, it, they, his, her, hers, him, its, their, theirs, them*. Here is a sentence that contains all three forms of personal pronouns: *I loaned you my sweater but you gave it to her as a present*.

Demonstrative pronouns are *this, that, these, and those*. They indicate a person or thing specifically: *This is my sweater. That one is yours. These are my friends. Those are yours*.

Indefinite pronouns refer to people or things in general. Some indefinite pronouns are: *all, everybody, everything, anyone, another, many, more, several, either, neither, both, each*. An example of usage in a sentence is *Everybody loves somebody sometime*.

A relative pronoun plays two roles, both as a pronoun and as a connective. It is a subject or object in a subordinate part of a sentence, and it joins the subordinate to a more important part of a sentence. Relative pronouns are *who, which, that, what, whose, and whom*. Example: *He is the man whose footsteps I heard*. Some compound relative pronouns are *whoever, whosoever, whatever, whichever, whatsoever, and whomever*.

Interrogative pronouns help ask questions. They are *who, which, what, whom, and whose*. *Whose sweater is this? Which one of you borrowed it? Who will return it to me?*

Reflective pronouns are formed by adding *self* or *selves* to the personal pronoun. They are *myself, yourself, himself, herself, itself, ourselves, yourselves, and themselves*. This kind of pronoun can be used as an object referring to the same person as the subject: *She lives by herself*.

A reciprocal pronoun represents two or more people or things interchanging the action of the verb: *They love each other*.

## **Verbs**

Verbs express an action, state of being, occurrence, or a relation between two things. Inflection or conjugation of a verb involves changes of form according to person and number, tense, voice (active and passive), and mood. Person and number refer to who and how many performed the action. Tense indicates the action performed. Present tense, for example, would be *know*; past tense would be *knew*; past participle would be *known*. *I know you can dance. I knew you danced. I have known for a long time that you could dance*. Voice indicates whether the subject of the verb performed (active) or received (passive) the action: *Jim kicked the ball* (active). *The ball was kicked by Jim* (passive). Mood indicates the frame of mind of the performer. Verbs have three moods: the indicative, which expresses actuality: *I dance*; the subjunctive, which expresses contingency: *I might dance*; and the imperative, which expresses command: *Dance!*

## **Adverbs**

Adverbs modify verbs, adjectives, or other adverbs or adverbial phrases, clauses, and sentences, and alter their meaning in some way. For example, in the sentence *She moves slowly*, the adverb *slowly* modifies the verb *moves*. In *She moves in a very slow manner*, the adverb *very* modifies the adjective *slow*. In *She moves very slowly*, the adverb *very* modifies the adverb *slowly*. Adverbs may indicate place or direction (*where, there*), time (*today, tomorrow*), degree (*nearly, completely*), manner (*carefully, slowly*), belief or doubt (*surely, maybe*), and how often (*never, always*).

Adverbs are classified as simple or conjunctive depending on their use. A simple adverb alters the

meaning of a single word. A conjunctive adverb modifies the sentence or clause it appears in.

## ***Adjectives***

An adjective modifies a noun or pronoun by limiting, qualifying, or describing it in one of three forms of degree: positive (*happy, beautiful*), comparative (*happier, more beautiful*), or superlative (*happiest, most beautiful*). Adjectives are distinguished by having endings like *-er* and *-est*, as in *big, bigger, biggest*. An adjective usually precedes the noun it directly modifies: *blue dress, heavy book, beautiful child*.

## ***Prepositions***

A preposition is a word that combines with a noun or pronoun to form a phrase. It expresses the relationship between words: *from here to there; one after another; water under the bridge*. Examples of prepositions are *to, through, in, into, for, on, at, with, about, along, after, before, during, between, among, and from*. In casual speech, it's no longer a crime to end a sentence with a preposition. It's now perfectly all right to say, *That's where she came from; He's the man she gave her heart to; They're the couple everybody is talking about*.

## ***Conjunctions***

Conjunctions, such as *and, or, but, though, if, unless, however, and because* connect sentences, clauses, phrases, or words. There are two kinds of conjunctions: coordinate and subordinate. Coordinate conjunctions join words, independent clauses, or parts of a sentence that are of the same rank or order: *Virtue is bold and goodness never fearful* (Shakespeare). Examples of these are *and, but, or, yet*; conjunctive adverbs *however, nevertheless*; and correlative conjunctions *neither/nor*. Subordinate conjunctions introduce subordinate clauses. *Where, when, after, while, if, unless, since, because, although, and whether* are subordinate conjunctions: *I will go when I am ready. He won't stay unless he's invited to dinner*. Subordinate conjunctions may also function as prepositions.

It is no longer considered wrong to begin a sentence with a conjunction. And I do that frequently.

## ***Interjections***

Interjections are usually used to express an emotional reaction: *Oh! Ow! Yipes! Hurrah!* They are also used for emphasis: *Aha!* The interjection has no grammatical relation to the other parts of the sentence.

There are a few other principles of word usage that are worthy of consideration, such as the following.

- In most cases, use the active rather than the passive voice: *I'd love for you to come to my party, not Your presence is requested.*
- Write clearly. Simplifying your writing is not dumbing it down. It is making it available to readers who don't want to struggle with trying to figure out what you mean. According to Walter Savage Landor, "Clear writers, like fountains, do not seem so deep as they are; the turbid look the most profound."
- Be concise. Long sentences and strings of polysyllabic words tend to muddy your meaning. Sprinkling a lot of arcane words throughout your writing makes it difficult for those with less than a genius IQ to read and understand. Not all authors agree with this principle. William Faulkner said of Ernest Hemingway, "He has never been known to use a word that might send a

reader to the dictionary." Hemingway responded, "Poor Faulkner. Does he really think big emotions come from big words?"

- Get rid of unnecessary words and avoid redundancies. Superfluous words are everywhere, on broadcast news, in newspapers and magazines, in movies and television. It's hard to understand why anyone needs to say *enter into an agreement*. You can't enter *out* of anything. And why say *dropped down* as though it were possible to drop *up*? Cops never make that mistake. It's much quicker to say, "Drop the gun!" Time is of the essence. There are so many other redundancies littering our language: *revert back*, *reiterate again*, *previous history*, and *follow behind*. If a word doesn't add information, why use it?

Because language is in a constant state of flux, common usage alters the meaning and proper usage of a word. So-called correct word usage is a temporary thing. When a word is so frequently misused that its meaning changes, its new usage becomes standard and it is no longer wrong.

We often think of a dictionary as an authority, but it doesn't dictate proper word usage. It is merely a guide to the current standard in word definitions. And, have you noticed, all dictionaries don't agree with each other regarding definitions?

## Chapter Two



# *Old Rules, New Rules*

*Fashion, though folly's child, and guide of fools,  
Rules e'en the wisest, and in learning rules.*

--GEORGE CRABB [1754-1832]

THE TREND IN WORD USAGE is toward less formality. There is no longer a great distinction between the way one speaks and the way one writes. Both have become more casual. When people in the same profession such as law, medicine, psychology, or other fields communicate with each other, jargon is okay because they understand their specialized vocabulary. However, when they are writing or speaking to a layperson, it's best to use words that are familiar to the general public.

Over the past fifty years, Americans have become less formal in many ways. Rules about dress have become relaxed for both men and women. The rules of etiquette have become more relaxed, too. I have mixed feelings about the relaxation of the rules when it comes to language, yet I much prefer a casual style to a stilted, formal way of communicating. It puts the reader or listener at ease. And I really think it's a good thing that we no longer have to worry about ending a sentence with a preposition, or dangling a participle, or misplacing a modifier. What matters is that our meaning is clear.

Language changes constantly. So does spelling. So do the rules. It has been said, "rules are made to be broken." I don't know about that, but I do believe in letting go of the rules when they get in the way of what you want to say.

If you choose to break the rules, however, it is probably a good idea to know what the rules (and their exceptions) are so that you can make a conscious, educated decision about which ones to follow and which ones to ignore.

In gathering qualified, up-to-date material for this book, I have consulted several recently published dictionaries as well as *The Chicago Manual of Style*. Generally, they were in agreement as to word definitions and rules. When they differed, I chose the ones that seemed most logical to me.

Included in the following are some examples of changes that have occurred over the past thirty or forty years. You will find more of these rules and usage changes in the misused words list (chapter 4).

### ***Who or Whom***

The old rules stated that the choice of *who* or *whom* must be determined by the grammar of the clause within which this pronoun occurs. *Who* is the appropriate form for the subject of a sentence or clause: *Who is he? He's the man who wants the key.* *Whom* is the objective form: *Whom did he say he was?*

*He's a man whom I know well.*

Those distinctions are rarely observed anymore. Because *who* or *whom* frequently occur at the beginning of a sentence or clause, there is a tendency to choose *who* no matter what the word's function is. According to *Webster's New Universal Unabridged Dictionary* (1996), "Even in edited prose, *who* occurs at least ten times as often as *whom* regardless of grammatical function. Only when it directly follows a preposition is *whom* more likely to occur than *who*." This juxtaposition is usually avoided now both in speech and writing, particularly in questions: *Who is the letter from?* Sometimes it's avoided by omitting the pronoun altogether: *All patients you have had contact with.*

The word *whom* has gone almost completely out of style. And good riddance. Most people use it incorrectly anyway. According to *Random House Webster's Unabridged Dictionary 3.0*, "The notion that 'whom' is somehow more 'correct' or elegant than 'who' leads some speakers to hypercorrect uses of 'whom': *Whom are you? The person whom is in charge of the office has left the building.*" That sounds so yesterday.

The new rules seem to indicate that it's best (and most natural) to use *whom* only after a preposition: *to whom it may concern; to whom are you speaking?* For formal writing, check your dictionary if you aren't sure when to use *whom* because there are still sticklers for the "proper" use of this practically archaic word and it's best to use it correctly. Your college English professor and certain periodicals, such as *TIME* magazine, will not accept the less formal *who* when *whom* is technically correct. However, if your main concern is clarity and you don't care who you impress, just use *who* and don't worry about it.

## ***Absolutes***

Certain words are absolutes, which means that they are complete, unconditional, and unqualifiable. Thus, according to many usage guides, one should not use comparison words with them. However, it's done all the time.

*Perfect* is a good example of an absolute. It means excellent or complete beyond practical or theoretical improvement. *Perfect* cannot exist in varying degrees. But since the thirteenth century, the word *perfect* has often been qualified: *the most perfect day we've had*. A famous misuse is in the United States Constitution: "in order to form a more perfect union."

Another absolute is the word *unique*. *Unique* means existing as the only one or as the sole example. How can something be very one-of-a-kind? When it first entered the English language in the 1600s, its meaning was single, sole, having no equal. *Unique* developed the wider meaning of not typical and unusual by the mid-nineteenth century. Some examples are: *He is more unique than anyone else* and *It was a very unique day*.

According to the dictionaries I checked, using so-called absolutes in senses that are not absolute has become standard in most forms of speech and writing. Even so, I still choose not to use qualifiers with absolutes because, once you do that, the word is no longer an absolute.

## ***Old and New Plurals***

The plurals of some words often depend on whether they are used in a scholarly work or in more casual writing. Examples of these (noting the informal word first) are *appendixes* and *appendices*, *memorandums* and *memoranda*, *millenniums* and *millennia*, *symposiums* and *symposia*. Most dictionaries list the less formal as the preferred usage. The same word may have different plurals depending on its definition. A book could have two *indexes* while a mathematical expression might have two *indices*.

## ***None Is vs. None Are***

Because *none* means "not one" and "not any," some believe that the word should always be treated as singular and followed by a singular verb. However, since the ninth century *none* has been used with both singular and plural verbs. When it is used to mean "not any," the plural verb is generally used: *We dove for coins but none were found.* When it is intended to mean "not one," it is followed by a singular verb: *In spite of all the prophecies, none has come true.* Currently, *none* is usually seen with a plural verb. So if you can't remember the subtle differences, you can use either a plural or a singular verb and probably no one will even notice--or care.

## ***Each***

The adjective *each* is always followed by a singular noun: *each person, each book.* When the adjective follows a plural subject, the verb agrees with the subject: *the children each have many books.* When the pronoun *each* comes immediately before the verb, it takes a singular verb: *Each lives in a different neighborhood.* When the pronoun is followed by a phrase containing a plural noun, the verb can be plural: *Each of them have lovely homes.*

*Anyone, anybody, everyone, everybody, no one, someone, and somebody* follow the same general patterns of pronoun agreement as *each* and *none*. However, these are not hard and fast rules anymore but guidelines for formal writing. For dialogue or other forms of casual writing, it is not necessary to concern yourself with these rules.

## ***An Historical or A Historical***

Is it *an historical study* or *a historical study*? The current rule is, if the *h* is pronounced, you use *a*; if it is not, you use *an*. So it's *a historical study*, but it's *an honor* and *an heir*. The same is true of a pronounced long *u* or *eu*: *a union, a euphemism*, and an *o* when it is pronounced like a *w*: *a one-room house*.

## ***Different From or Different Than***

Some believe that *different* should be followed only by *from* and never by *than*. But that is not the case, at least not anymore. *From* is more common in introducing a phrase: *My opinions are different from yours.* *Than* is used to introduce a clause: *The prisoner ran in a different direction than the bystanders indicated.* If you were to use *from* in a sentence like this, you would have to add a few words: *The prisoner ran in a different direction from the one that the bystanders indicated.*

If you find it hard to remember these distinctions, don't worry because this is another case where it really doesn't matter which word you use. No matter how the sentence is constructed, both *from* and *than* are now standard usage after *different*. In fact, both have been used for at least three hundred years. And that makes it okay.

## ***That vs. Who***

The general rule is: a person is a *who*; a thing is a *that*. You would say: *Is this the chair that has a broken leg?* and *Is he the man who has a broken leg?* An anonymous animal is a *that* but an animal with a name is a *who*. For example: *Was it Fifi who bit the mailman?* but *Was it a stray dog that bit the mailman?*

It has now become acceptable to use *that* when referring to a person. However, using *who* often helps the understanding of a sentence that contains both a person and a thing. It makes it easier to understand to whom (or to which) you are referring.

## ***Compare To or Compare With***

*Compare* means to examine two or more things in order to note similarities and differences: *to compare two styles of shoes*. *Compare* should be followed by *to* when it points out similarities between two apparently dissimilar things: *He compared her hairdo to a string mop*.

*Compare* should be followed by *with* when it points out similarities or differences between two entities of the same general class: *The diner compared the creme brulee with custard pudding*.

This is another rule that is so frequently broken that it doesn't really matter anymore whether you use *compare to* or *compare with*.

A few words about punctuation. It is not possible to cover all instances of proper punctuation so I'll cover only a few of the more frequent challenges. Most writers overuse commas, sprinkling them all over their manuscripts like confetti. The modern trend is to use as few commas as you can without muddying the meaning of a sentence. We no longer write: *My sister, Alice, looks great in red*. Instead it is: *My sister Alice looks great in red*. No commas are needed in that sentence for it to be clear.

According to *The Chicago Manual of Style*, "In a series consisting of three or more elements, the elements are separated by commas. When a conjunction joins the last two elements in a series, a comma is used before the conjunction." Example: *Would you like coffee, tea, milk, or hot chocolate?*

Before computers, we used to space twice after the period at the end of a sentence. But that was way back when we used typewriters (remember those?). Separating sentences with two spaces is no longer necessary because computers space the text more uniformly. Now we hit the space bar only once between sentences.

In American English, periods and commas are placed inside quotation marks. Colons are used to introduce a statement, as in: *The rule is this: Lights out at 10 p.m., period!* A colon is also used to introduce a speech in dialogue:

MARY: May I introduce my friend?

JOHN: We've already met.

A colon should go outside quotation marks and parentheses. *There are two reasons not to take a small child to see the movie "Babel": it is violent and it is very disturbing. I was concerned about one of the girls standing in the hot sun (the blonde): she looked like she was going to faint.*

Semicolons are used less frequently than in the past. The current practice is to use a comma if it's a brief pause. Otherwise, use a period. In a series where each item includes a comma, a semicolon is used to separate them. For example: *Those who attended the meeting were Sam Cooke, President; Richard Jones, Secretary; and Alice Smith, Treasurer.*

A semicolon should be placed outside quotation marks or parentheses.

Exclamation points are to be used very sparingly. Here are two examples of when not to use one: *"What a game!" he exclaimed*, and, *"I was absolutely astounded!"* With these kinds of sentences, an exclamation point is redundant. If the sentence is written so that the emphasis is clear, no exclamation point is necessary. In her bestselling book, *Eats, Shoots & Leaves*, Lynn Truss writes that "in humorous writing, the exclamation mark is the equivalent of canned laughter."

Place the exclamation point inside quotation marks, parentheses, or brackets when it is part of the quotation or parenthetical expression. Otherwise, place it outside.

Question marks aren't always at the end of a sentence and can be used to indicate a question within a sentence, such as: *Is he looking at me? she wondered*. Place a question mark inside quotation marks, parentheses, or brackets when it belongs to the quoted or parenthetical matter.

British and American punctuation rules are not the same. For example, in the United States, a

period always goes inside quotation marks. In England, it depends on the sentence. In fact, they don't seem to have a hard and fast rule for that.

British English is also different from American English when it comes to word usage, spelling, and many other things. Some of the same words and phrases have entirely different meanings. In England, *knock up* means to wake up or call; in America, it means to make pregnant.

The most comprehensive publishing reference work, of course, is *The Chicago Manual of Style*. I recommend that you use it as your authority when you write.



# Chapter Three



## *Word Roots*

*Burrow awhile and build, broad on the roots of things.*

--ROBERT BROWNING [1812-1889]

A BASIC UNDERSTANDING OF WORD ROOTS, prefixes, and suffixes may help you with the meaning of a word. For example, many people make the mistake of saying *hyperdermic* when they mean *hypodermic*. When you know that the prefix *hypo* means *under*, it becomes very clear that a needle that goes under the skin is called a *hypodermic needle*.

Most prefixes and suffixes are from Greek or Latin words. For example, the prefix *biblio* is based on a Greek word meaning "book" or "Bible." The suffix *phobe* is derived from the Greek word *phobos*, which means "fear" or "panic." Thus, a *bibliophobe* is someone who is afraid of books or, perhaps, of the Bible.

Many words have been coined by combining a prefix with a suffix, or by combining a prefix or suffix with another word from a language other than Greek or Latin.

Unfortunately, you can't depend on a particular prefix to always mean the same thing. The same is true of the suffix. Usually the prefix *in-* means "not." But not always. Both *flammable* and *inflammable* mean "combustible" even though it would make sense to expect *inflammable* to mean "not flammable." Both *genius* and *ingenious* mean "brilliant," and both *valuable* and *invaluable* mean "of great value or importance."

The following is a list of common word roots.

### **Word Roots**

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| a       | not, from: <i>asexual</i> ; <i>atheist</i>   |
| ab      | away, from: <i>abnormal</i> ; <i>abduct</i>  |
| acantho | thorn: <i>acanthoid</i>                      |
| aceto   | acid, vinegar: <i>acetone</i>                |
| acous   | hearing: <i>acoustic</i>                     |
| acro    | top, tip, summit, height: <i>acrophobia</i>  |
| ad      | to, toward: <i>advent</i> ; <i>adverse</i>   |
| adeno   | gland: <i>adenoma</i>                        |
| aero    | air, gas: <i>aerobatics</i> ; <i>aerosol</i> |
| agri    | field: <i>agriculture</i>                    |

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| algia        | pain: <i>neuralgia</i>   |
| allo         | other, different: <i>allonym</i>   |
| alti, alto   | high: <i>altimeter</i> ; <i>altostratus</i>  |
| ambi         | both: <i>ambidextrous</i> ; <i>ambivalence</i>   |
| amphi        | both, on both sides, around: <i>amphibious</i> ; <i>amphitheater</i>   |
| amylo        | starch: <i>amyloid</i>   |
| an           | not, without: <i>anhydrous</i>   |
| andro        | man, masculine: <i>androgen</i>  |
| androus      | man: <i>polyandrous</i>  |
| anemo        | wind: <i>anemometer</i>  |
| ante         | before: <i>antecedent</i>  |
| anthrop      | human being: <i>anthropomorphism</i>   |
| anti         | against: <i>antichrist</i> ; <i>antiestablishment</i>  |
| api          | bee: <i>apiary</i>   |
| apo          | away from, separate, without: <i>apogee</i> ; <i>apodal</i> ; <i>apothem</i>   |
| aqua, aqui   | water: <i>aquafarm</i> ; <i>aquiculture</i>  |
| arbori       | tree: <i>arborization</i>  |
| arch         | principal: <i>archenemy</i> ; prototypical: <i>archetype</i> ; chief, leader, ruler: <i>monarch</i> ; <i>matriarch</i> |
| archae       | old, ancient: <i>archaeology</i>   |
| archy        | rule, government: <i>monarchy</i> ; <i>oligarchy</i>   |
| arthro       | joint: <i>arthroscopy</i>  |
| aster, astro | star: <i>asteroid</i> ; <i>astrophysics</i>  |
| atmo         | vapor: <i>atmosphere</i>   |
| audio        | hearing: <i>audiotape</i>  |
| auto         | self: <i>autobiography</i> , <i>autograph</i>  |
| avi          | bird: <i>aviculture</i>  |
| bacci        | berry: <i>bacciferous</i>  |
| baro         | weight: <i>barometer</i>   |
| batho, bathy | deep: <i>bathometer</i> ; <i>bathysphere</i>   |
| belli        | war: <i>bellicose</i> ; <i>rebellion</i>   |
| bene         | good: <i>benefit</i> ; well: <i>benediction</i>  |
| bi           | two: <i>bicycle</i>  |
| biblio       | book: <i>bibliography</i>  |
| bio          | life: <i>biography</i> ; <i>biopsy</i>   |
| biosis       | life: <i>aerobiosis</i> ; <i>parabiosis</i>  |
| blast        | bud: <i>ectoblast</i>  |
| blepharo     | eyelid: <i>blepharospasm</i>   |
| brevi        | short: <i>brevity</i>  |
| broncho      | windpipe: <i>bronchoscope</i>  |

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| caco          | bad: <i>cacophony</i>  |
| calc          | lime or calcium: <i>calcify</i>  |
| cardio        | heart: <i>cardiogram</i>   |
| carp          | fruit: <i>apocarpous</i>   |
| cata/cath     | down, through: <i>catalog; catheter</i>                                |
| cede          | go: <i>precede</i>   |
| cele          | tumor: <i>blastocele</i>   |
| centi         | hundred: <i>centimeter</i>   |
| cephalo       | head: <i>cephalopod</i>  |
| cerebro       | brain: <i>cerebrovascular</i>  |
| cero          | wax: <i>cerography</i>   |
| chiro         | hand: <i>chirography</i>   |
| chloro        | green: <i>chlorophyll</i>  |
| chole         | bile: <i>cholera</i>   |
| chore         | dance: <i>choreography</i>   |
| chromato      | color: <i>chromatolysis; chromatography</i>                            |
| chrome        | color: <i>polychrome</i>   |
| chrono        | time: <i>chronological</i>   |
| cidal, cide   | kill: <i>suicidal; homicide</i>  |
| circum        | around: <i>circumference; circumnavigate</i>                           |
| cirro         | cloud: <i>cirrostratus</i>   |
| cis           | near, on the near side of: <i>cisatlantic</i>                          |
| clino         | slope: <i>clinometer</i>   |
| coccus        | spherical bacterium: <i>streptococcus</i>                              |
| col, com, con | with, together, in association: <i>collaboration; combine; convene</i> |
| contra        | against: <i>contradictory</i>  |
| cosmo         | universe: <i>cosmonaut</i>   |
| cracy, crat   | rule, government: <i>democracy, plutocrat</i>                          |
| cranio        | skull: <i>craniotomy</i>   |
| cruci         | cross: <i>crucify</i>  |
| cryo          | cold: <i>cryogenics</i>  |
| crypto        | hidden: <i>cryptogram</i>  |
| cysto         | bladder: <i>cystotomy</i>  |
| cyto          | cell: <i>cytoplasm</i>   |
| dactylo       | finger, toe: <i>dactylography</i>                                      |
| de            | not, down: <i>decompress; descent</i>                                  |
| deca          | ten: <i>decade</i>   |
| deci          | tenth: <i>decibel</i>  |
| demi          | half: <i>demigod</i>   |
| demo          | people: <i>democratic; demography</i>                                  |

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| dendro    | tree: <i>dendroid</i>                                    |
| denti     | tooth: <i>dentifrice</i>                                 |
| dermo     | skin: <i>dermoplasty</i>                                 |
| dia       | through: <i>diameter</i>                                 |
| diction   | speech: <i>contradiction</i>                             |
| digit     | finger: <i>digitate; prestidigitation</i>                |
| dino      | terrible: <i>dinosaur</i>                                |
| dis       | apart: <i>dislocate; disbar</i>                          |
| dorso     | back (of body): <i>dorsolumbar</i>                       |
| dyna      | force, power: <i>dynamite</i>                            |
| dys       | evil, difficult: <i>dysfunction</i>                      |
| echino    | spiny: <i>echinoderm</i>                                 |
| ecto      | outside, external: <i>ectomorph</i>                      |
| emia      | blood: <i>anemia</i>                                     |
| en        | in, into: <i>energy</i>                                  |
| encephalo | brain: <i>encephalogram</i>                              |
| endo      | within: <i>endoscopy; endocardial</i>                    |
| entero    | gut: <i>enterology</i>                                   |
| ento      | inside, interior: <i>entoderm</i>                        |
| entomo    | insect: <i>entomology</i>                                |
| eo        | dawn, early: <i>Eocene</i>                               |
| eph       | on: <i>ephedrine</i>                                     |
| epi       | over: <i>epitome</i>                                     |
| equi      | equal: <i>equidistant</i>                                |
| ergo      | work: <i>ergograph</i>                                   |
| erythro   | red: <i>erythrocyte</i>                                  |
| ethno     | race, culture, people: <i>ethnography</i>                |
| eu        | happiness, well-being: <i>eudemonia; euphoria</i>        |
| ex        | out: <i>ex-member</i>                                    |
| exo       | outside, external: <i>exocentric</i>                     |
| extra     | outside, external: <i>extracurricular</i>                |
| factor    | maker, doer: <i>benefactor</i>                           |
| febri     | fever: <i>febrific</i>                                   |
| ferri     | iron: <i>ferriferous</i>                                 |
| fication  | making: <i>deification; pacification; beautification</i> |
| fid       | divided: <i>bifid</i>                                    |
| fissi     | cleft, split: <i>fissiparous; fission</i>                |
| fluvi     | river: <i>fluvial</i>                                    |
| fuge      | away from: <i>centrifuge</i>                             |
| galacto   | milk: <i>galactometer</i>                                |

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| gamo             | joined, united: <i>gamogenesis</i>      |
| gamy             | marriage: <i>bigamy</i>                 |
| gastro           | stomach: <i>gastronomy</i>              |
| gemmi            | bud: <i>gemmiform</i>                   |
| geny             | origin: <i>progeny</i>                  |
| geo              | earth, land: <i>geography</i>           |
| geronto          | old age: <i>gerontology</i>             |
| gnathous         | jaw: <i>prognathous</i>                 |
| gnomy,<br>gnosis | knowledge: <i>physiognomy</i>           |
| gon              | angle: <i>pentagon</i>                  |
| gonium           | seed: <i>archegonium</i>                |
| grade            | walking: <i>plantigrade</i>             |
| gram, graph      | writing: <i>epigram; lithograph</i>     |
| glosso           | tongue: <i>glossolalia</i>              |
| glyco            | sweet: <i>glycolipid</i>                |
| glyph            | carving: <i>hieroglyph</i>              |
| gnathous         | jaw: <i>prognathous</i>                 |
| gono             | reproduction (sexual): <i>gonophore</i> |
| grapho           | writing: <i>graphology</i>              |
| gymno            | naked, bare, exposed: <i>gymnoplast</i> |
| gyneco           | woman: <i>gynecology</i>                |
| o h              | holy: <i>hagiography</i>                |
| halo             | salt: <i>halophyte</i>                  |
| hecto            | hundred: <i>hectogram</i>               |
| hedron           | side, face: <i>tetrahedron</i>          |
| helio            | sun: <i>heliocentric</i>                |
| hemi             | half: <i>hemisphere</i>                 |
| hemo             | blood: <i>hemoglobin</i>                |
| hepato           | liver: <i>hepatotoxin</i>               |
| hepta            | seven: <i>heptagon</i>                  |
| hetero           | different: <i>heterosexual</i>          |
| hexa             | six: <i>hexagram</i>                    |
| histo            | tissue: <i>histology</i>                |
| holo             | whole, complete: <i>holograph</i>       |
| homeo            | similar, like: <i>homeopathic</i>       |
| homo             | same: <i>homosexual</i>                 |
| hydro            | water: <i>hydroplane</i>                |
| hyeto            | rain: <i>hyetology</i>                  |
| hygro            | wet: <i>hygrometer</i>                  |

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| hilo            | matter: <i>hilotheism</i>                                |
| hymeno          | membrane: <i>hymenotomy</i>                              |
| hymeno          | excessive, above, over: <i>hyperactive</i>               |
| hypno           | sleep: <i>hypnotism</i>                                  |
| hypo            | less than normal, insufficient, under: <i>hypodermic</i> |
| hypso           | high: <i>hypsoimeter</i>                                 |
| hyster          | womb: <i>hysterectomy</i>                                |
| iiatrics, iatry | medical treatment: <i>geriatrics; psychiatry</i>         |
| itis            | inflammation: <i>bronchitis</i>                          |
| ichthyo         | fish: <i>ichthyology</i>                                 |
| igni            | fire: <i>ignite</i>                                      |
| im              | var. of in: <i>impolite</i>                              |
| in              | not: <i>inappropriate</i>                                |
| inter           | between, among: <i>intercept; interest; intercom</i>     |
| intra           | within: <i>intramural; intracranial</i>                  |
| intro           | interior: <i>introspection</i>                           |
| iso             | equal: <i>isometric</i>                                  |
| juxta           | close, near, beside: <i>juxtaposition</i>                |
| kinesi          | movement: <i>hyperkinesia</i>                            |
| labio           | lip: <i>labiodental</i>                                  |
| lacto           | milk: <i>lactoprotein</i>                                |
| lepto           | slender: <i>leptophyllous</i>                            |
| leuko           | white: <i>leukocyte</i>                                  |
| ligni           | wood: <i>ligniform</i>                                   |
| litho           | stone: <i>lithograph</i>                                 |
| logo            | word, oral: <i>logotype</i>                              |
| luni            | moon: <i>lunitidal</i>                                   |
| macro           | large: <i>macrocosm</i>                                  |
| magni           | great: <i>magnify</i>                                    |
| mal             | bad, evil: <i>malfunction; malcontent</i>                |
| megalo          | great: <i>megalopolis</i>                                |
| melano          | black: <i>melanoderm</i>                                 |
| mero            | part: <i>meropia</i>                                     |
| meso            | middle: <i>mesomorphic</i>                               |
| meta            | changed: <i>metamorphosis</i>                            |
| meter           | measure: <i>diameter</i>                                 |
| metro           | measure: <i>metronome</i>                                |
| micro           | small: <i>microscope</i>                                 |
| milli           | thousand: <i>millimeter</i>                              |

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| miso     | hatred: <i>misogyny</i>   |
| mono     | one, single: <i>monocable</i>   |
| morpho   | shape: <i>morphology</i>  |
| multi    | many: <i>multilateral</i>   |
| myelo    | spinal cord: <i>myeloma</i>   |
| myo      | muscle: <i>myocardiogram</i>  |
| naso     | nose: <i>nasology</i>   |
| necro    | dead body: <i>necrophilia</i>   |
| neo      | new: <i>neonatal</i>  |
| nepho    | cloud: <i>nephometer</i>  |
| nephro   | kidney: <i>nephrosis</i>  |
| neuro    | nerve: <i>neurobiology</i>  |
| nocti    | night: <i>noctilucen</i>  |
| nomy     | distribution, arrangement, management: <i>astronomy; economy</i>      |
| non      | not: <i>nonconformist</i>   |
| noso     | sickness: <i>nosology</i>   |
| octa     | eight: <i>octagon</i>   |
| oculo    | eye: <i>oculomotor</i>  |
| odont    | tooth: <i>orthodontics</i>  |
| ology    | a science or branch of knowledge: <i>biology; geology; psychology</i> |
| omni     | all: <i>omnipresent</i>   |
| oneiro   | dream: <i>oneiromancy</i>   |
| onto     | being: <i>ontogeny</i>  |
| oo       | egg: <i>oocyte</i>  |
| ophio    | snake: <i>ophiology</i>   |
| ophthalm | eye: <i>ophthalmology</i>   |
| ornitho  | bird: <i>ornithology</i>  |
| oro      | mouth: <i>oropharynx</i>  |
| ortho    | straight: <i>orthodontia</i>  |
| osteo    | bone: <i>osteoporoses</i>   |
| oto      | ear: <i>otology</i>   |
| ovi      | egg: <i>ovicide</i>   |
| oxy      | sharp, keen, acid: <i>oxygen; oxymoron</i>                            |
| paleo    | ancient, old: <i>paleobotany</i>                                      |
| pan      | all: <i>panacea</i>   |
| para     | close, beside: <i>parallel; paradox; parapsychology</i>               |
| patho    | disease: <i>pathology</i>   |
| ped      | foot: <i>pedestrian; pedal</i>  |
| pedo     | child: <i>pedology</i>  |
| penta    | five: <i>pentagram</i>  |

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| per          | through, very: <i>pervert; pervade; perfect</i>           |
| peri         | around, very: <i>perimeter; periscope</i>                 |
| petro        | stone: <i>petroglyph</i>                                  |
| phago        | eating: <i>phagocyte</i>                                  |
| phile, philo | love: <i>pedophile; philogynist</i>                       |
| phlebo       | vein: <i>phlebotomy</i>                                   |
| phono        | sound: <i>phonograph</i>                                  |
| photo        | light: <i>photochemical</i>                               |
| phreno       | brain: <i>phrenology</i>                                  |
| phyco        | seaweed: <i>phycology</i>                                 |
| phyllo       | leaf: <i>phyllopod</i>                                    |
| phylo        | race, tribe, kind: <i>phylogeny</i>                       |
| physio       | natural order, origin, form: <i>physiotherapy</i>         |
| phyto        | plant: <i>phytogenesis</i>                                |
| pisci        | fish: <i>pisciform</i>                                    |
| plano        | flat: <i>planography</i>                                  |
| pleuro       | side (of body): <i>pleuropneumonia</i>                    |
| pluto        | riches: <i>plutocracy</i>                                 |
| pluvio       | rain: <i>pluviometer</i>                                  |
| pneumato     | breath, spirit: <i>pneumatology</i>                       |
| pneumo       | lung: <i>pneumonia</i>                                    |
| pod          | foot: <i>podiatry; cephalopod</i>                         |
| poly         | many: <i>polyandrous; polyculture; polyethylene</i>       |
| post         | after: <i>postgraduate</i>                                |
| potent       | powerful: <i>potentate; impotent</i>                      |
| pre          | before: <i>predestination</i>                             |
| preter       | beyond: <i>preternatural</i>                              |
| pro          | for, forward, outward: <i>prologue; proceed; protract</i> |
| proto        | first: <i>prototype</i>                                   |
| pseudo       | false: <i>pseudonym</i>                                   |
| psycho       | mind, spirit, soul: <i>psychology</i>                     |
| psychro      | cold: <i>psychrometer</i>                                 |
| ptero        | wing, feather: <i>pterodactyl</i>                         |
| pulmo        | lung: <i>pulmonary</i>                                    |
| pyo          | pus: <i>pyogenesis</i>                                    |
| pyro         | fire: <i>pyromaniac</i>                                   |
| quadri       | four: <i>quadriplegic</i>                                 |
| quinque      | five: <i>quinquevalent</i>                                |
| re           | again: <i>remodel</i>                                     |
| recti        | straight: <i>rectify</i>                                  |



|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| reni         | kidney: <i>reniform</i>   |
| retro        | backward: <i>retroactive</i>  |
| rheo         | flow, current, stream: <i>rheoscope</i>   |
| rhino        | nose: <i>rhinology</i> ; <i>rhinoceros</i>  |
| rhizo        | root: <i>rhizophagous</i>   |
| sacchar      | sugar: <i>saccharoid</i> ; <i>saccharine</i>  |
| sacro        | sacred: <i>sacrosanct</i>   |
| sangui       | bloody, blood-red: <i>sanguine</i>  |
| sapro        | rotten: <i>saprogenic</i>   |
| scato        | excrement: <i>scatological</i>  |
| schizo       | split: <i>schizophrenic</i>   |
| scient       | knowledge: <i>omniscient</i> ; <i>prescient</i>   |
| sclero       | hard: <i>scleroderma</i>  |
| se           | apart: <i>seduce</i> ; <i>select</i>  |
| seba         | fatty: <i>sebaceous</i>   |
| seleno       | moon: <i>selenography</i>   |
| semi         | half, partially: <i>semicircle</i> ; <i>semiautomatic</i>   |
| sidero       | iron, star: <i>siderostat</i>   |
| somato       | body: <i>somatological</i>  |
| somna, somni | sleep: <i>somnambulant</i> ; <i>insomnia</i>  |
| sophy        | science of: <i>philosophy</i> ; <i>theosophy</i> ; <i>anthroposophy</i>                           |
| speleo       | cave: <i>speleology</i>   |
| spermato     | seed: <i>spermatozoan</i>   |
| sphygmo      | pulse: <i>sphygmometer</i>  |
| spiro        | breath: <i>spirograph</i> ; coil: <i>spirochete</i>   |
| splanchno    | viscera: <i>splanchnopleure</i>   |
| stat         | position, stabilize: <i>thermostat</i> ; <i>rheostat</i>  |
| stauro       | cross: <i>staurolite</i>  |
| stelli       | star: <i>stelliform</i>   |
| steno        | short: <i>stenographer</i>  |
| stereo       | solid: <i>stereogram</i> ; <i>stereoscope</i>   |
| stomato      | mouth: <i>stomatoplasty</i>   |
| stylo        | column, tube, pillar: <i>stylolite</i>  |
| sub          | under, below, beneath: <i>subject</i> ; <i>subvert</i> ; <i>subordinate</i> ; <i>subcommittee</i> |
| super        | above, beyond: <i>superimpose</i> ; <i>supersede</i> ; <i>supernatural</i>                        |
| supra        | above, over, beyond the limits of: <i>supramolecular</i> ; <i>supra-orbital</i>                   |
| syn          | with, together: <i>synthesis</i> ; <i>synoptic</i> ; <i>synonymous</i>                            |
| tachy        | rapid: <i>tachycardia</i>   |
| tauto        | same: <i>tautological</i> ; <i>tautonymous</i>  |

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| tele     | distant: <i>telegraph</i> ; <i>telecommunications</i>                     |
| thalasso | sea: <i>thalassocracy</i>   |
| thanato  | death: <i>thanatophobia</i> ; <i>thanatopsis</i>                          |
| theo     | god: <i>theocracy</i> ; <i>theocentric</i>                                |
| thermo   | heat, hot: <i>thermometer</i> ; <i>thermos</i>                            |
| thio     | sulfur: <i>thioaldehyde</i>   |
| topo     | place, local: <i>topography</i> ; <i>topology</i>                         |
| toxico   | poison: <i>toxicology</i>   |
| trachy   | rough: <i>trachycarpous</i>   |
| trans    | through, across, beyond: <i>transportation</i> ; <i>transaction</i>       |
| tri      | three: <i>tricycle</i>  |
| ultra    | on the far side of, beyond: <i>ultraviolet</i> ; <i>ultrasound</i>        |
| un       | not: <i>unreliable</i>  |
| uni      | one, single: <i>unicycle</i> ; <i>unique</i> ; <i>unit</i>                |
| vari     | different, miscellany: <i>variable</i> ; <i>variation</i>                 |
| vene     | to come: <i>intervene</i> ; <i>contravene</i>                             |
| vorous   | eating: <i>carnivorous</i>  |
| xeno     | foreign: <i>xenophobia</i>  |
| zoo      | living being, animal: <i>zoometry</i> ; <i>zoological</i>                 |
| zygo     | double: <i>zygodactyl</i> ; <i>yoke, yoke-shaped</i> : <i>zygomorphic</i> |

## Chapter Four



# *Frequently Misused Words*

*"When I use a word," Humpty Dumpty said in a rather scornful tone,  
"it means just what I choose it to mean--nothing more nor less."*

--LEWIS CARROLL, THROUGH THE LOOKING-GLASS

IN THIS LIST YOU WILL FIND words that are pronounced exactly alike but are different in spelling and meaning, such as *air* and *heir*, *beat* and *beet*, *cereal* and *serial*. Some of the words have similar, but not exactly the same pronunciation, such as *accept* and *except*, *prescribe* and *proscribe*. There are also words that don't sound alike and are not directly related, but are confused because of their association with each other, such as *imply* and *infer*, *complex* and *compound*.

The word groups are listed according to the word that comes first in the alphabet. For example, both *access* and *excess* appear under the heading for words that begin with "A." The word *excess* is not listed again under "E." However, all of the words on the misused words list are also listed in the index in alphabetical order, indicating the page on which you will find them.

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### A

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**abbe** a member of the French secular clergy; a title of respect for any ecclesiastic

**abbey** a monastery under the supervision of an abbot or a convent under the supervision of an abbess

**abbreviate** to shorten by contraction or omission, such as *agcy.*, *corp.*, *Gov.*, *Dr.*, *Rev.*

**abridge** to reduce or condense, such as a summary of a report or article: *abridge a book*; to lessen the duration or scope of; to curtail: *abridge a person's freedom*

**abdicate** renounce or relinquish, such as a right: *He will abdicate the throne to marry a commoner.*; resign, quit; abandon; repudiate

**abrogate** to abolish or annul by formal means; to repeal; put aside; cancel; revoke; rescind; nullify: *to abrogate a law*

**arrogate** to claim presumptuously; to assume without right: *arrogate the right to make decisions*; to attribute or assign to another; ascribe

**abdominal** of, in, or for the abdomen: *exercise to strengthen the abdominal wall*

**abominable** repugnantly hateful; loathsome: *an abominable crime*; very bad, poor, or inferior: *abominable taste in clothes*

**ability** a general word for power, native or acquired, enabling one to do things well: *an ability for math*

**capacity** actual or potential ability to perform or withstand: *a capacity for hard work*

**faculty** a natural ability for a particular kind of action: *a faculty for choosing the right friends*

**talent** native ability or aptitude in a special field: *a talent for art or music*

**abject** debasing, degrading; contemptible; despicable: *an abject liar*; miserable; wretched: *abject poverty*

**object** a thing or person to which an action is directed: *an object of affection*; target; destination; intention; motive

**abjure** repudiate, recant, or retract; to renounce under oath, forswear: *abjure allegiance*; *abjure a confession*

**adjure** to charge or command earnestly, often under the threat of a penalty; to entreat solemnly: *to adjure the witness to tell the truth*

**abscission** an act of cutting off; the process by which plant parts, such as leaves, are shed

**incision** a surgical cut into soft tissue; a notch as in the edge of a leaf

**absence** the state of being away; the time during which one is away; lack: *absence of evidence*

**absents** to keep (oneself) away: *She absents herself from all meetings.*

**absorb** assimilate; consume; soak up: *A sponge absorbs water.*

**adsorb** gather a substance on a surface: *Charcoal will adsorb gasses.*

**abstruse** hard to understand; esoteric: *abstruse theories*; recondite, incomprehensible, unfathomable, arcane

**obtuse** not quick or alert in perception, feeling, or intellect; dull, blunt, unfeeling, tactless, insensitive: *an obtuse statement made without considering its effect*; slow, dim; boorish; indistinctly felt or perceived, as pain or sound

**abuse** mishandle; misapply; pervert; revile, malign; mistreat: *The greater the power, the more dangerous the abuse.*

**disabuse** to free a person from deception, error, or misconception: *I want to disabuse you of your opinion of the gentleman.*

**abysmal** immeasurably deep or extreme, fathomless: *an abysmal misunderstanding*

**abyssal** relating to the great depths of the oceans

**accede** assent or yield; give consent; agree: *accede to the terms of the agreement*; to attain an office; succeed: *accede to the throne*

**concede** yielding without necessarily agreeing: *He conceded the election before all the votes were in.*

**exceed** to go beyond the bounds: *exceed the speed limit*; outdo; beat

**accelerate** hasten the occurrence of: *accelerate reforms*; to move or go faster; to progress faster: *accelerate educational programs*

**exhilarate** to invigorate, animate, elate, stimulate: *A brisk walk will exhilarate you.*

**accept** receive: *She will accept the award.*; answer affirmatively: *I accept your invitation.*

**except** leave out; exclude: *present company excepted*; with the exclusion of: *Everyone was there except for the guest of honor.*

**access** permission to use, speak with, or enter; a way to approach: *Access to the stage is through the back door.*

**excess** an extreme amount or degree: *an excess of food and drink*; superabundance; immoderate indulgence: *A hundred pairs of shoes is an excess.*

**accessible** easy to approach, reach, enter, or use: *an accessible road*; attainable: *accessible evidence*

**assessable** able to determine the value of; something that is subject to a tax or fine: *an assessable piece of property*

**acclamation** enthusiastic approval: *The performance was met with acclamation.*

**acclimation** adaptation of an organism to its climatic environment: *acclimation to the cold*

**accrue** accumulate, grow, increase; added as a matter of periodic gain: *accrue interest on a savings account*

**ecru** a pale beige color, as unbleached linen

**acentric** having no center; not centered

**eccentric** strange, weird, bizarre; deviating from customs or practice; erratic; peculiar: *an eccentric hermit*

**acetic** of, relating to, or containing acetic acid or vinegar: *The wine had become acetic.*

**aesthetic** relating to a sense of the beautiful; artistic: *The decorator has a real sense of the aesthetic.;* discriminating, cultivated, refined; concerned with pure emotion and sensation as opposed to pure intellectuality: *an aesthetic actress*

**ascetic** one who leads an austere life: *an ascetic nun*

**acidulous** moderately acid or tart; sharp; caustic: *an acidulous critique*

**assiduous** constant; persevering; unremitting: *assiduous investigation;* continuous; tireless; diligent: *an assiduous pursuit of perfection*

**actually** an actual or existing fact; really; genuinely, without exaggeration: *The deceased was actually frightened to death.*

**literally** in a literal manner; word for word: *literally translated;* actually; without exaggeration or inaccuracy: *The platoon was literally wiped out in the explosion.*

**virtually** for the most part; almost completely; just about: *He was virtually scared out of his wits.*

[*Literally*, like *virtually*, is widely used as an intensifier meaning "in effect," which contradicts the earlier meaning of "actually, without exaggeration." *Virtually* is often used to mean "actually" when its definition is "for practical purposes though not in name."]

**action** the process of being active; energetic activity; effect or influence: *a man of action*

**auction** a publicly held sale at which goods are sold to the highest bidder: *I made the highest bid at the auction.*

**aesthetician** a person trained to administer facials and give advice on makeup and care of the skin

**anesthetist** a person who administers anesthetics: *I spoke with the anesthetist before my surgery.*

**ad** advertisement, advertising: *an ad agency*

**add** to make an addition; to say or write further; to include: *Be sure to add the tax.*

**adage** traditional saying; proverb: *An old adage states that you reap what you sow.*

**axiom** self-evident truth; universally accepted principle or rule: *"As sure as day follows night" is an axiom.*

**adapt** fit, adjust, alter, or modify: *She will adapt the costume to fit.*

**adept** thoroughly proficient; an expert: *He is adept at landscaping difficult lots.*

**adopt** take another's child as one's own: *I will adopt my late sister's boy.;* to accept: *adopt a proposal*

**addenda** something added: *Please check the addenda to the agenda.*

**agenda** list of things to do; items to cover in a meeting: *All of the proposals are on the agenda.*

**addict** one who is physiologically or psychologically dependent on a substance such as alcohol or a narcotic; one who is addicted to an activity or habit; a fanatic

**edict** a decree; an authoritative proclamation or command; a dictum, pronouncement

**addition** the act of adding or uniting: *We are going to have an addition to our family.*

**edition** one of a series of printings; a version of anything, printed or not: *This is the latest edition of the Word program.*

**adherence** steady devotion, support, or allegiance: *rigid adherence to the law*

**adherents** a disciple or devotee; those who follow or uphold a leader or cause; bound by contract: *adherents to the Geneva Convention*

**adieu** good-bye; farewell; the act of leaving: *He bade his friends adieu.*

**ado** bustle, fuss; flurry; confusion; turmoil; commotion: *much ado about nothing*

**adjoin** close to or in contact with: *The island nearly adjoins the mainland.*; attach; affix

**adjourn** postpone; suspend a meeting to a future time: *adjourn the court*; to go to another place: *They will adjourn to the bar after the last seminar.*

**adjunct** appendix, supplement; an aide, attache, or assistant: *an adjunct to the consul*

**admission** access: *Admission is on the side of the building.*; entrance fee: *For the price of admission, you get to see two shows*; confession of guilt: *His admission of the crime got him a lighter sentence.*

**admittance** the act of entering; the permission to enter: *Only members are allowed admittance.*

**adolescence** the period between puberty and adulthood, usually considered the teen years

**adolescents** youths, teenagers, minors

**adversary** a person, group, or force that opposes or attacks; opponent; enemy; foe; one who is an opponent in a contest; a contestant; one who fights determinedly and relentlessly: *He was a worthy adversary.*

**adversity** catastrophe, disaster; trouble, misery; adverse fortune or fate; a condition marked by misfortune: *In times of adversity, she crumbles.*

**antagonist** a person who opposes another, often in a hostile manner: *The man was his antagonist in a duel.*; an enemy, foe; the adversary of the hero or protagonist in a literary work

**adverse** antagonistic: *adverse criticism*; unlucky; disastrous; unfavorable; catastrophic: *an extremely adverse reaction to a medication*; an opposing position; opposite: *the adverse page.*

**averse** unwilling; loath; a feeling of antipathy, repugnance or great distaste: *He was averse to overcrowded places.*

[*Adverse* is seldom used of people. It pertains more often to effects or events: *adverse reviews*; *adverse conditions*; *adverse trends*. *Averse* is used of people and means opposed or disinclined: *We are not averse to staying in town another day*. *Averse* is usually followed by *to*.]

**advert** to comment; to refer to: *He adverted to the news release.*; to turn attention to: *The chairman adverted to the agenda.*

**avert** to turn away or aside: *avert one's eyes*; ward off: *to avert evil*; prevent: *avert an accident*

**divert** to turn from a path or course; deflect; to veer: *divert one's talents to trivial pursuits*

**advice** an opinion or recommendation offered as a guide to conduct; an admonition; a warning: *Timely advice kept them from making a mistake.*

**advise** to give counsel to; to offer a suggestion, caution: *I advise you not to drive so fast on this road.*; notify, apprise: *She advised me of the job opportunity.*

**aegis** protection; support; sponsorship; auspices: *The fundraising event was under the aegis of the Literary Arts Society.*

**ages** epochs, eras, periods: *Human nature has not changed a great deal throughout the ages.*

**aerie** the nest of a bird of prey, a house or fortress located high on a hill or mountain

**airy** breezy; jaunty; sprightly; lively: *airy songs*; unsubstantial; unreal; imaginary; fanciful; lofty

**affect** to pretend; influence: *It will affect the outcome.*

**effect** a result; an influence: *His protest had no effect.*

[The words *affect* and *effect* are among the most frequently confused words. *Affect* means to bring about a change, to move emotionally, or to infect, as a disease. Its core meaning is *to evoke a usually strong mental or emotional response from*. *Effect* means *consequence, outcome, upshot*. Its core meaning is *something brought about by a cause*.]

**affective** caused by or expressing feelings; emotional; causing emotion or feeling: *It was an affective scene that brought tears to the audience.*

**effective** producing the intended result: *Her effective speech caused many to volunteer.*; actually in force: *The new law becomes effective on January 1.*

**affluent** wealthy: *The countess was quite affluent.*; abundant; flowing freely

**effluent** to flow out; an outflow of waste: *The effluent from the broken sewer pipe was foul smelling.*

**afterward** at a later or subsequent time: *We attended the meeting and afterward we went to dinner.*

**afterword** a concluding section, commentary, etc. as of a book: *The author's widow wrote the afterword.*

**aggravate** to make worse: *The smoky room aggravated her asthma.*; to annoy: *Don't aggravate the substitute teacher.*

**irritate** exasperate; provoke; inflame or chafe: *Her incessant chatter irritates me.*

**aggression** an unprovoked offensive, attack, or invasion; an encroachment: *an aggression upon civil rights*; overt or suppressed hostility

**egression** egress; a going out

**aid** to help or assist: *I hope you will aid me with the project.*

**aide** an assistant: *I have so much work that I need an aide.*

**ail** to feel ill; to make uneasy: *What ails him?*

**ale** a fermented alcoholic beverage: *Order me a mug of ale.*

**air** the atmosphere: *The air is fresher in the mountains.*; expose: *air grievairances*; a tune: *She hummed an air.*

**err** be mistaken or incorrect; to go astray morally; sin; transgress: *To err is human.*

**heir** one who inherits an estate: *Her nephew is her only heir.*

**aisle** passageway: *The bride's father escorted her down the aisle.*

**I'll** contraction of *I will*.

**isle** small island: *The isle is only a short distance from shore.*

**albumen** the white of an egg

**albumin** a class of simple, sulfur-containing, water-soluble proteins

**align** to bring into a line or alignment; straighten; to join with others in a cause: *They align themselves with the environmental movement.*

**A-line** a style of dress or other garment consisting of A-shaped panels that give increasing fullness toward the hemline: *an A-line skirt*

**alimentary** relating to food or nutrition: *alimentary canal*

**elementary** pertaining to elements, or first principles: *elementary grammar*; simple, easy facts: *It's elementary, Dr. Watson.*

**all** the total entity of: *All of us are going.*; whole number or amount: *giving it all away*

**awl** a pointed tool for boring holes: *The carpenter used an awl to make a hole for the doorknob.*

**allay** soften, assuage: lay to rest or lull into a sense of security: *She tried to allay her child's fears.*

**alley** a passage, a narrow back street: *Our garage is off the back alley.*

**alloy** a lower-quality metal mixed with a more valuable one; to debase, impair, or adulterate; fusion, blend, composite: *Coins are often alloys.*

**ally** unify, join; a partner, friend, or confederate: *Canada was our ally in World War II.*

**allege** to assert without proof; to state; attest: *They allege that he stole the jewelry.*

**aver** to express an opinion, judgment, or position: *They aver that he is the type who would steal anything.* In legal use, *aver* means to "allege as fact."

**allergen** any substance that induces an allergy, such as pollen, grasses, certain foods, and medications

**allergic** pertaining to an allergy: *allergic to peanuts*

**allergy** an abnormal reaction of the body to an allergen, manifested by runny nose, skin rash, wheezing, etc.; hypersensitivity to the reintroduction of an allergen

**alliterate** to use two or more words having the same initial sound, as in: *Sister Suzie sews shirts for sixty-six seasick sailors.*

**illiterate** unable to read and write; having little or no formal education: *He has a lot of native intelligence but he is illiterate.*

**all mighty** all strong, powerful, enormous, etc.: *The fighters were all mighty men.*

**almighty** omnipotent, as God; supreme, sovereign

**all over** finished: *It is all over now.*; everywhere: *There were people all over the place.*

**allover** extending over the entire surface, as a decorative pattern: *an allover design of red roses*

**allowed** permitted; given as one's share: *The host is allowed ten percent of the entrance fee.*

**aloud** spoken in a normal tone and volume; vocally: *Read the story aloud.*

**all ready** everyone is prepared, available, or willing: *We are all ready to go to dinner now.*

**already** so soon; previously: *Oh, but I've already eaten.*

**all right** satisfactory; safe and sound: *I'm feeling all right now.*; expressing consent or assent: *It is all right to leave the table.*

**all-right** acceptable: *He's an all-right kind of guy.*

**alright** nonstandard for *all right*; often used in informal writing: *I'm alright, thank you.*

**all together** in a group: *They were all together at the engagement party.*

**altogether** wholly, completely: *It is altogether acceptable to come without a gift.*

**allude** hint, intimate, suggest; to refer to casually; an indirect reference: *allude to a mutual friend*

**elude** shun, dodge, escape, avoid, evade: *elude the police*

**allusive** having reference to something implied or referred: *The clever remark was allusive to Shakespeare's Taming of the Shrew.*

**elusive** hard to express or define: *an elusive concept*; tricky, slippery; baffling; shifty: *an elusive felon*



**illusive** deceptive; misleading: *an illusive alibi*; false; unreal; imaginary: *an illusive reference to ghosts and goblins*

**alluvion** overflow; flood

**alluvium** a deposit of sand, mud, silt, or gravel formed by flowing

**eluvium** a deposit of soil, dust, or rock debris formed by the decomposition of rock

**illuvium** the material accumulated through soil that has been leached out of another layer of soil

**all** ways every manner possible: *In all ways he is kind and just.*

**always** at all times: *She is always late.*

**a lot** many, a large number: *There are a lot of pencils in the package.*

**allot** distribute or parcel out; set apart: *Allot no more than thirty percent of your income for rent.*

**aloud** with the normal tone of a speaking voice; vocally: *He read aloud in class.*

**allowed** permitted: *The children were allowed to leave early.*; admitted; acknowledged; conceded: *He allowed that he had made a mistake.*

**altar** a table or platform used in a church service or ceremonial rite: *They knelt at the altar for communion.*

**alter** change: *alter a will*; adjust: *She'll need to alter her wedding gown to make it fit.*

**altitude** elevation; extent or distance upward; height: *The altitude of the Washington Monument is 555 feet.*

**attitude** position; disposition; feeling regarding a person or thing: *a negative attitude*; posture that is expressive of an emotion: *an attitude of indifference*

**amend** to alter, modify, rephrase; to add or subtract from: *Congress may amend the tax bill.*

**amends** reparation or compensation for a loss, damage, or injury of any kind; recompense; to make amends: *He tried to make amends for his rudeness by bringing flowers.*

**emend** to edit or change (a text) to remove errors; to correct: *We must emend the text before the book goes to print.*

**amiable** friendly and pleasant in temperament: *She is an amiable hostess.*

**amicable** characterized by showing goodwill; peaceable: *They reached an amicable settlement.*

**among** in association or connection with; surrounded by: *You are among friends.*

**between** in the space separating two objects: *It was hard to choose between vanilla and chocolate.*

[*Among* is used when more than two persons or things are involved. *Between* is used when only two persons or things are involved.]

**amour** a secret love affair

**armoire** a wardrobe or cupboard with doors and shelves

**armor** a protective covering; anything that serves as protection

**amoral** neither moral nor immoral; unaware of or indifferent to questions of right or wrong: *Sometimes lawbreakers are simply amoral.*

**immoral** violating moral principles; bad; wicked: *Stealing is an immoral act.*

**amputation** cutting off, especially of a body part: *After the amputation of his leg he was fitted for a prosthesis.*

**imputation** an accusation; an attribution, as of fault: *His imputation was completely off base.*

**analgesic** a remedy that relieves or allays pain: *The doctor prescribed an analgesic for her aching muscles.*

**anesthetic** an agent that produces insensibility: *He was still groggy from the anesthetic.*

**antiseptic** an agent that destroys bacteria: *She used an antiseptic ointment on the cut.*

**analyst** one who analyzes: *He's a CIA analyst.*

**annalist** a writer of historical records: *He writes annals of war.*

**anarchy** the absence of laws or government: *The fall of the empire was followed by chaos and anarchy.*

**aristocracy** rule by elite or privileged upper class: *The governing body was composed of the country's most powerful aristocracy.*

**democracy** government by the people: *The United States is a democracy.*

**oligarchy** government by the few: *The citizens have no voice in an oligarchy.*

**plutocracy** government in which the wealthy class rules: *In a plutocracy, there is little regard for the poor.*

**androgenous** tending to produce male offspring; capable of developing certain male sexual characteristics

**androgynous** being both male and female; hermaphroditic; having an ambiguous sexual identity

**anecdote** a brief story relating an interesting or amusing event: *His anecdote was very funny.*

**antidote** a remedy for counteracting a poison or disease: *She was given an antidote immediately.*

**angel** a heavenly creature: *Your mother is such an angel.*

**angle** a geometric figure; an angular projection; a projecting corner: *the angles of a building; a viewpoint; standpoint: He looked at the situation from every angle.*

**annals** a record of events; chronicles, history

**annuals** books or reports that are published annually

**annuls** makes null or void; abolishes; cancels; invalidates; rescinds

**ant** an insect: *No one invited an ant to this picnic.*

**aunt** a female relative: *I invited my aunt to the wedding.*

**antecedence** the act of going before; precedence

**antecedents** ancestors; forerunners; the history, events, and characteristics of one's earlier life

**anterior** located in front; situated before or at the front of; fore (opposed to *posterior*); going before in time or sequence; preceding; earlier: *events anterior to the outbreak of war*

**exterior** external, outer; originating or acting from the outside; being on the outer side: *the exterior surface; suitable for outdoor use: exterior paint; outward form or appearance: She has a calm exterior, but inside she is frightened.*

**interior** located inside: *The interior of the building is well lit.; inner: She looks fragile but she has an inner strength.*

**antic** a prank; playful trick; caper; ludicrous, funny

**antique** belonging to the past; bygone; archaic

**anxious** worried, troubled; full of mental distress or uneasiness: *She felt anxious about her child's high fever.; excited: I'm anxious about the game.*

**eager** earnestly desirous, enthusiastic: *She was eager to see him again.*

[These words once had different meanings but *anxious* is now an acceptable synonym for *eager* in some cases: *He was anxious to see the play.*]

**any body** any group: *Any body of protestors can become difficult to control.*; any physical body: *Although we searched the area where the murder occurred, we couldn't find any body.*

**anybody** any person: *You may choose anybody you wish to go with you.*

**any more** any amount: *We don't have any more candy.*

**anymore** any longer; presently: *I don't make candy anymore.*

**any one** any single member of a group: *Any one of you might be affected by the changes.*

**anyone** any person at all: *Has anyone seen my book?*

**any way** in any manner: *You may wear the scarf any way you wish.*

**anyway** in any case; anyhow; nonetheless: *She knew it was wrong but she did it anyway.*

**aphagia** difficulty or pain in swallowing

**aphasia** inability to speak or understand spoken or written language, due to disease or injury of the brain

**apiary** a place in which a colony of bees is kept

**aviary** a large cage or house for birds

**apologies** written or spoken expressions of regret: *She will make apologies for her rudeness.*; excuses or justifications, as for a cause or doctrine; vindications

**apologize** to offer an apology or excuse for some fault, insult, failure, or injury: *You should apologize for being so insensitive.*

**appellant** a person who appeals a court decision

**appellate** the power to review and decide appeals, as a court

**apposition** placing together or bringing into proximity; juxtaposition; the addition of one thing to another thing: *The new parking structure was built in apposition to the library.* In grammar, a syntactic relation between expressions having the same function and relation to other elements in the sentence, with the second expression identifying the first: *John, my old boyfriend, showed up at my wedding.* The phrase, *my old boyfriend*, is in apposition with *John*.

**opposition** resistance; antagonism or hostility; those opposing or protesting something or someone: *The opposition is getting more votes.*

**a portion** any part of any whole; segment, section: *I read only a portion of the book.*

**apportion** to distribute or allocate proportionally; divide or assign: *Apportion the bonus among the staff.*

**appraise** assess; determine the worth of: *She asked the jeweler to appraise her diamond ring.*

**apprise** give notice of; acquaint; inform: *He will apprise the client of the fee.*

**approve** to approve officially: *approve a legal matter*

**reprobate** depraved, unprincipled, or wicked person: *a drug-dealing reprobate*

**arbiter** a person empowered to judge or make determinations: *She will act as arbiter in the dispute.*

**orbiter** a space probe designed to orbit a planetary body: *The orbiter will land shortly.*

**arc** a curved line; something shaped like a bow or arch: *the arc of a rainbow*

**ark** a place of refuge; a large, commodious boat

**area** surface, extent, or range: *He combed the area for evidence.*

**aria** a melody; a solo as in an opera: *Her aria was beautifully sung.*

**arraign** call before a court to answer to an indictment; to accuse or charge: *They will arraign the*

*suspect in the morning.*

**arrange** place in a certain order; adjust properly; array, group, sort, classify: *Arrange the cards in alphabetical order.*

**arrant** downright, thorough, unmitigated, notorious, utter, confirmed, flagrant: *an arrant playboy*

**errant** deviating from the proper course; straying; moving aimlessly: *an errant breeze*

**arrhythmic** a disturbance in rhythm, as in the heartbeat

**eurhythmic** characterized by a pleasing rhythm; harmoniously proportioned

**arsine** a colorless, flammable gas used in chemical warfare

**arson** malicious burning of property

**artistic** exhibiting taste; conforming to standards of art; involving aesthetics

**autistic** a developmental disorder characterized by emotional detachment and difficulty in communicating with others

**ascent** the act or process of moving upward: *The plane made a rapid ascent.*

**assent** to express agreement as to a plan; concur; consent: *She nodded her assent.*

**aspire** have a strong hope or ambition; to strive toward an end: *They aspire to greatness.*

**inspire** fill with high emotion; to guide by divine influence; stimulate creativity: *Her beauty could inspire a work of art.*

**assay** an analysis of a substance, esp. of an ore or drug: *His find required an assay to determine its value.*

**essay** try; subject to a test; a short literary composition: *She wrote an essay for her final exam.*

**asses** more than one donkey or dolt

**assess** to appraise or evaluate; estimate value for tax purposes

**assistance** help; aid; support: *Can I be of some assistance?*

**assistants** people who give help and support; aides: *My assistants will help you with that.*

**astrict** to bind fast; constrain: *The court will astrict the witness from making a public statement at this time.*

**constrict** cause to contract or shrink; to draw in; compress; to slow the natural course of: *Too many rules can constrict a child's development.*

**assume** to take for granted: *Don't assume the old bridge is safe.*; suppose; postulate; to take upon oneself: *assume an obligation*; to take on, adopt: *assume a virtue*; to feign: *assume an innocent demeanor*; to take on the debts or obligations of another: *assume the loan*

**presume** belief on reasonable grounds; in law, to assume as true in the absence of proof to the contrary; to undertake with unwarrantable boldness; to undertake without permission: *presume to speak for someone else*; go too far in taking liberties; also some of the same meanings as *assume*, such as *presuppose* and *take for granted*

**attendance** the act of attending; the number of persons present: *The attendance was larger than ever before.*

**attendants** persons who are present, as an event or meeting: *the attendants were mainly members of the club*; escorts; companions; servants

**aural** pertaining to an aura; pertaining to the ear or the sense of hearing

**oral** spoken: *an oral history*; *an oral exam*; pertaining to the mouth: *the oral cavity*

**auricle** outer portion of the ear; a part resembling an ear

**oracle** one who is wise, authoritative, or highly regarded; a divine revelation

**auteur** a film director or producer who controls a production and gives the film its unique style

**hauteur** arrogance; a haughty manner

**automation** a mechanical device that functions automatically; the process of automating

**automaton** a mechanical figure that acts as if by its own power; robot; one who acts in a routine manner without apparent active intelligence

**avenge** to exact satisfaction for; vindicate: *He will avenge his partner's death.*

**revenge** to exact punishment for a wrong in a resentful spirit: *She was determined to get revenge for the insulting remark.*

[*Avenge* and *revenge* were formerly interchangeable, but now they convey diverse ideas. *Avenge* means inflicting punishment as an act of retributive justice: *to avenge a murder by bringing the criminal to trial*. *Revenge* is now defined as inflicting pain to retaliate for real or fancied wrongs: *He will revenge himself upon the man who libeled him*.]

**avocation** a hobby in addition to a principal occupation: *The judge's avocation is acting in little theater productions*.; a person's regular occupation or calling

**evocation** a calling forth: *an evocation of earlier times*

**avoid** elude; keep away from; shun

**ovoid** egg-shaped

**avulsion** a tearing away; a part torn off: *The storm's runoff caused an avulsion of the stream's bank.*

**evulsion** plucking or pulling out; forcible extraction: *The evulsion of her baby tooth was painless.*

**revulsion** disgust, repulsion, aversion; a strong feeling of repugnance: *His filthy language fills me with revulsion.*

**auger** a tool used to bore holes, as in ice or wood; a large tool for boring into the earth

**augur** a prophet; soothsayer; to prophesy; to be a sign: *The heavy rain augurs a bountiful harvest.*

**ought** anything whatever; any part: *for ought I know*; a cipher; zero

**naught** nothing; be without result: *come to naught*; lost; ruined

**ought** should; duty or obligation: *You ought to go to the memorial service.*

**avoid** elude, escape; shun; prevent from happening: *Avoid a possible accident by crossing only on the green light.*

**evade** dodge, fence, prevaricate; to escape from or get around by trickery: *She tried to evade the rules.*

[*Evade* usually has a negative connotation. It means to elude by craft or slyness. *Avoid* means to succeed in keeping away from a dangerous or undesirable experience. In law, to *avoid* means to make void or of no effect; to invalidate. *Tax avoidance*, for example, could be legitimate, while *tax evasion* implies nonpayment of taxes, as through the failure to report taxable income.]

**a way** a manner: *He showed me a way to fix the problem.*

**away** from here or there: *go away*; aside; in another direction: *turn away from the regular path*; out of one's possession: *give away your earthly goods*

**aweigh** (of an anchor) hanging just clear of the bottom: *Anchors aweigh, my boys. Anchors aweigh!*

**a while** a period of time: *He had to wait a while for the bus. It has been a while since they've seen each*

*other.*

**awhile** for a short time; for an interval of time: *Please stay awhile.*

**axil** angle between a branch and stem

**axle** supporting shaft on which a wheel revolves

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## **B**

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**back up** to support someone's opinion or order: *I back up his no-smoking rule.*; to move backward: *Back up and give him some air!*

**backup** one who supports or reinforces another: *I'm his backup*; (computers) a copy or duplicate version of a file, program, or computer system: *I made a backup of the file.*

**bad** not good: *bad luck*; wicked; defective: *a bad part*; unsound; false; disobedient: *Bad dog!*

**bade** past tense of bid: *She bade him goodbye for the last time.*

**bail** money to release a prisoner: *I had to bail him out of jail.*; remove water, as from a boat: *They had to bail very fast to keep the boat from sinking.*

**bale** a large, bound package, as a bale of hay: *Stack the bales in the barn.*

**bailer** a bucket, dipper, or other container used for bailing

**bailor** a person who delivers personal property in bailment

**baited** lured, enticed: *She baited him with a seductive dance.*; placed bait on a hook

**bated** lessened the force of; with breath drawn in or held: *She spoke with bated breath.*

**bald** bare; without hair: *When he grew older, he became bald.*

**balled** wound into a ball: *She balled the yarn.*

**bawled** shouted; sobbed loudly: *The baby bawled when his lollipop was taken away.*

**baleful** malignant in intent; sinister; ominous; injurious; pernicious: *His baleful actions were terrifying.*

**baneful** causing death or destruction: *a baneful invasion*; poisonous: *baneful castor beans*

**balky** pigheaded; contrary; stubborn; obstinate; perverse; mulish: *The balky child refused to put on her shoes.*

**bulky** large and cumbersome; massive; ponderous; unwieldy: *The bulky package was hard to maneuver through the door.*

**ball** a round body, as a baseball, tennis ball, etc.; a game played with a ball; a dance: *after the ball was over*

**bawl** to cry or wail; a loud shout, outcry; scold: *Your mom will bawl you out for being late.*

**ballet** a classical dance; a company of ballet dancers

**ballot** a slip of paper on which a voter marks his or her choice; voting in general

**balmy** mild and refreshing; soft; soothing; *a balmy breeze*; producing balm: *balmy plants*; crazy; foolish; eccentric: *a balmy old hermit*

**barmy** containing or resembling barm, the yeast formed on malt liquors while fermenting; frothy: *a barmy drink*

**balsa** a tropical American tree of the bombax family, yielding a very light wood used for rafts and toys: *The toy airplane was made of balsa wood.*

**balsam** a fragrant resin exuded from certain trees; any of various plants belonging to the genus

**Impatiens**; any agency that heals, soothes, or restores: *the balsam of kindness*

**band** group of musicians: *a jazz band*; a gang: *a band of thieves*; a thin, flat strip of material for binding; a stripe used as decoration; a ring: *a wedding band*

**banned** prohibited; forbidden, barred; outlawed: *Smoking is now banned in most restaurants.*

**banded** secured with a band: *He banded the newspapers for recycling.*

**bandied** passed back and forth; circulated freely: *News of her shocking behavior was bandied about all over the little town.*

**banquet** lavish meal; feast; ceremonious dinner: *The awards were followed by a banquet.*

**banquette** a long bench; embankment; a ledge on a buffet; platform: *Mary and Sheldon will be sitting on the banquette.*

**bard** a poet; the bard: *William Shakespeare*

**barred** provided with bars, as a prison; banned: *They barred the windows against intruders.*

**bare** unadorned, plain: *Tell me the bare facts.*; naked; without covering or clothing: *bare midriff*; scarcely sufficient: *the bare necessities*

**bear** to give birth to: *bear a child*; to suffer; endure; undergo: *bear the blame*; to bring: *bear gifts*; to render; afford; give: *bear witness, bear testimony*; an animal: *a polar bear*

**barely** hardly; only just; almost not: *She barely made it to work on time.*; scantily: *She's barely clothed.*; sparsely

**barley** a grain used as food and in making beer, ale, and whiskey

**baring** uncovering; undressing; exposing: *He removed his shirt, baring his chest.*

**bearing** a person's demeanor, including posture and gestures: *She has a regal bearing.*; bringing forth: *a tree bearing fruit*

**baron** a member of nobility; a person of great power in a particular area: *an oil baron*

**barren** unproductive; unfruitful; not producing results; infertile: *The queen was barren.*

**barrenness** the state of being barren: *the barrenness of the land*

**baroness** the wife of a baron; a woman holding a baronial title in her own right

**barret** a small cap worn in the Middle Ages by soldiers and ecclesiastics

**barrette** a clasp used to hold one's hair in place

**beret** a soft cap with a close-fitting headband and a wide, round top

**basal** at the base; forming a basis; fundamental; basic

**basil** an aromatic herb used in cooking

**base** the bottom support; that on which something stands; a fundamental principle; basis; foundation: *Place the vase on the base.*

**bass** (pronounced bass) in music, low in pitch or range, a bass voice or instrument: *He sings bass.*

**bases** plural of base and of basis: *All the bases are covered.*

**basis** the principal constituent; a basic fact, amount, standard, etc., used in reaching conclusions; groundwork: *This is the basis for our decision.*

**basses** more than one person singing bass: *There were three basses in the choir*; more than one bass instrument: *The orchestra had two string basses.*

**bath** water used for washing or soaking the body: *taking a bath*; a liquid in which something is dipped

**bathe** to take or give a bath: *bathe the baby*; to go swimming: *bathe at the seashore*

**bauble** a showy ornament; trinket, gewgaw

**bobble** a repeated, jerky movement; a fumbling of a baseball; an error; mistake

**bubble** a round body of gas contained in a liquid; a dome or domelike structure; a temporary change:  
*a real estate bubble*

**bazaar** a shop; a fair where merchandise is sold: *I found some lovely vases at the bazaar.*

**bizarre** strikingly unconventional or far-fetched: *He was behaving in a very bizarre way.*

**be** exist, live; take place; happen; to belong; attend: *I'll be at the concert.*

**bee** an insect, as a bumblebee or honeybee; a community social gathering: *a sewing bee; a spelling bee*

**beach** the shore of a body of water: *We sunned ourselves on the beach.*

**beech** tree with light colored bark and edible nuts: *We planted beech trees in the front yard.*

**beat** strike repeatedly; vanquish; sound a signal: *beat a drum*; a rhythmical unit of time: *The metronome set the beat.*

**beet** a vegetable with a (usually) dark red bulbous root: *My mother made pickled beets.*

**beatify** to make blessedly happy; to exalt above all others: *They beatify their saints.*

**beautify** to make or become beautiful: *They beautify themselves for the ball.*

**beau** boyfriend of a girl or woman: *I think my sister has a beau.*

**bow** something bent, curved, or arched; a knot usually having two ends and two loops: *She tied her sash into a bow.*

**beaut** (informal) someone or something that is beautiful or amazing: *His girlfriend is a beaut.*

**boot** protective footgear covering the foot and part of the leg: *Be sure to wear boots in the woods.*

**butte** a hill that has sloping sides and a flat top: *He stood on the butte to survey the valley.*

**beer** a fermented alcoholic beverage: *He went to the tavern for a beer.*

**bier** a funeral litter: *They placed the coffin on the bier.*

**bell** a hollow instrument that is rung by the strokes of a clapper, hammer, etc.: *She rang a bell to summon her servants.*

**belle** the most popular woman among many: *She was the belle of the ball.*

**bellow** a loud cry of an animal; to roar; to utter in a loud voice

**bellows** a device producing a strong current of air; the lungs

**below** under; in a lower place; beneath the surface of the water: *what lies below*

**billow** a surge of the sea; a swell, breaker, crest; to swell out as by the wind: *The boat's sails billow in the wind.*

**berg** iceberg

**burg** city or town

**berry** a fleshy, edible fruit: *She made a berry cobbler.*

**bury** to conceal; to place in a grave: *They will bury her tomorrow.*

**berth** a built-in bed or bunk: *Joey wants to sleep on the top berth.*; a docking space

**birth** beginning of existence; origin: *the birth of the blues*

**beseech** pray, petition, beg eagerly for; implore urgently: *I beseech you to forgive me.*



**besiege** to crowd around; beset, pester, harass, hound: *The actor was besieged by adoring fans.*

**beside** at the side of: *She stood beside me.*

**besides** in addition to: *Who is going besides me?*

**better** more useful, desirable or suitable: *This is a much better choice.*

**bettor** one who makes a wager: *The bettor goes to Las Vegas as often as he can.*

### **Bi- Words**

**Some** words with the prefix *bi-* have no standard usage and need to be qualified whenever they are used. For instance, if you called for a *biweekly* meeting, you'd have to explain whether you meant two times a week or every other week.

**biweekly** either twice a week or once every two weeks

**bimonthly** either twice a month or once every two months

**biquarterly** two times during each three-month period of the year

**biannual** occurring twice a year

**biennial** occurring every two years

**biyearly** either twice a year or once every two years biennium a two-year period

**bicentennial** happening once every two hundred years

**bimillennium** a period of two thousand years; a two thousandth anniversary

**bight** part of a rope; bend in the shore; gulf

**bite** cut or wound with the teeth: *Does your dog bite?*

**byte** adjacent bits processed by a computer

**billed** charged: *I was billed for the repair;* listed: *She was billed just after the lead actor.;* advertised: *It was billed as a comedy.*

**build** to construct: *He will build the garage himself.;* develop or increase: *build up a bank account*

**bland** soothing; affable, mild amiable; not highly flavored; tasteless;

**unemotional:** *a bland response* blend mix inseparably together: *blend the sauce;* compound; mingle; combine; unite

**blatant** offensively noisy or loud; brazenly obvious: *a blatant show of wealth*

**flagrant** disgraceful; monstrous; obviously evil; shockingly evident: *a flagrant miscarriage of justice*

**blew** past tense of blow: *The wind blew hard at the coast.*

**blue** a primary color: *blue sky*

**bloc** coalition of groups with the same purpose: *a bloc of votes*

**block** a solid piece of hard material; an obstruction: *block the street*

**blond** light-colored hair or complexion: *He has blond hair and blue eyes.*

**blonde** a blond-haired female: *A beautiful blonde stepped onto the stage.*

**boar** an animal

**boor** a peasant; a coarse, rude person: *He is such a boor that I never invite him.*

**bore** to drill; a wearisome person; past tense of bear: *She bore her pain without complaining.*

**board** a long thin piece of wood; daily meals as in a boarding house; an official group of people who direct an activity: *board of directors*

**bored** weary by dullness; fatigued, tired; annoyed: *The story bored me.*

**boarder** one who pays a stipulated amount for meals and lodging: *My boarder will be leaving at the end of the month.*

**border** the part of an area that forms its outer boundary; the line that separates one area, state, or country from another; periphery: *They are building a fence along the border.*

**bobbin** a cylinder or cone for holding thread; a spool or reel

**spindle** a pin in a spinning wheel used for twisting and winding the thread; a pin bearing the bobbin for a spinning machine; a turned piece of wood used as a banister, chair leg, etc.

**bode** to be an omen of; to portend: *The future bodes well for you.*

**bowed** used a bow on a stringed instrument: *bowed a bass violin*

**bogey** in golf, to score one stroke over par on a hole: *He made a bogey on the last hole.*

**boggy** wet and spongy; containing bogs: *a boggy field*

**bogy** a hobgoblin; something that haunts, harasses, or frightens

**bold** brave, fearless, adventurous, valiant, brazen: *She's bold and flashy.*

**bowled** past tense of bowl: *She bowled a good game.*

**bolder** more daring or courageous: *He is far bolder than one would imagine.*

**boulder** a large rock: *The boulder broke loose and tumbled down the mountain.*

**boll** seed pod of a plant, as flax or cotton

**bole** tree trunk

**bowl** hemispherical vessel; a large wooden ball; a roll of the ball, as in bowling

**bootee** (also bootie) a soft knitted slipper or baby shoe

**booty** plunder taken from an enemy; stolen or seized goods; a valuable prize or award

**born** brought forth by birth: *He was born in a log cabin.*

**borne** past participle of the verb *bear*: *She had always borne the burden of responsibility.*

**borough** a town or village

**burro** small donkey

**burrow** hole dug in the ground; to dig a hole

**both** the two; not only one: *both shows were canceled*

**each** every one of two or more persons or things: *take two books each*; every one individually: *Each one had a different opinion on the matter.*; apiece: *The tickets are four dollars each.*

**bough** tree branch: *They hung the swing from the largest bough.*

**bow** the front section of a ship or boat; to bend the body, head, or knee as in greeting: *bow to the king*; submit: *bow to a request*

**bouillon** a clear, thin broth

**bullion** gold or silver in bars, ingots, or plates

**boy** a male child

**buoy** a floating signal; a life preserver

**brace** a clamp; a support for a bodily part; a device that holds something erect

**braise** to brown and then cook slowly braise to solder metals together

**brake** reduce speed; a retarding device: *apply the brakes*

**break** separate; destroy; fracture: *break a leg*

**brassiere** a woman's undergarment that supports the breasts

**brazier** a grill

**breach** a violation, as of a law, obligation, or promise: *a breach of trust*

**breech** the lower rear portion of a human trunk; buttocks: *a breech birth*

**bread** a food; to coat with bread crumbs: *bread the pork chops*

**bred** brought about; engendered; raised: *born and bred in Iowa*

**breadth** wide scope; width: *she measured the breadth of the fabric*

**breath** respiration; a stirring of air: *a breath of spring*

**breathe** to inhale and exhale air: *breathe deeply now*; to be alive; to whisper: *Don't breathe a word of this to your mother.*

**brews** makes beer, ale, tea, coffee, etc.; concocts, schemes, devises: *brews a plan*

**bruise** an injury that does not break the skin but produces a discoloration; contusion; to injure slightly: *bruise someone's feelings*

**bridal** pertaining to a bride or a wedding: *She chose a lovely bridal gown.*

**bridle** a horse's headgear; to take offense: *She bridled at the implication that she didn't have the right to wear white.*

**bring** to carry, convey, or conduct: *I will bring my friend with me when I come.*

**fetch** to go, get, and bring back: *My cat plays fetch.*

**take** the opposite of bring: *Take me home with you.*

**broach** introduce, propose, bring up, submit, advance: *Did you broach the subject at the meeting?*; a cutting tool; a spit for roasting meat

**brooch** an ornament having a pin at the back: *That is a lovely brooch on your dress.*

**brut** very dry, as champagne

**brute** a beast; a brutal person; savage; cruel

**burger** hamburger

**burgher** citizen of a town or borough

**burglary** breaking and entering a building with intent to steal

**robbery** taking the property of a person in his or her presence by violence or intimidation

**plunder** to rob by open force, as in war; to take wrongfully as by pillage or fraud

**theft** the act of stealing; unlawfully taking and carrying away the property of another; larceny

**business** an occupation or trade; a concern: *That's none of your business.*; commerce, company: *My business is doing very well.*

**busyness** occupied with meaningless activity; the quality of being busy: *Sometimes I get tired of all this busyness.*

**but** however, nevertheless, still, except: *She could do nothing but cry.*; on the contrary, yet: *My sister got dessert but it was not what she ordered.*

**butt** the end or extremity of anything: *the butt of a pistol*; an end that is not consumed: *a cigarette butt*; a person who is an object of ridicule; a victim, target: *the butt of a joke*; to strike or push with the head or horns: *Goats like to butt their heads against each other.*

**buy** purchase: *buy a car*; to acquire by exchange or concession; to bribe: *to buy votes*; to accept or believe: *I don't buy that story.*

**by** next to; close to; *a house by the sea*; through the authority of: *a study by the EPA*; according to: *a*

*lousy movie by anyone's standards; no later than: I'm usually home by late afternoon.*

**bye** secondary matter; side issue; short for *good-bye*; incidentally: *By the bye, how was the dinner?*

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## C

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**cabal** conspiratorial group of plotters; a secret plot or scheme

**cable** a strong, heavy rope

**cache** a hiding place; a hidden store of goods: *He had a cache of nonperishable food in case of an invasion.*

**cachet** an official seal, as on a letter or document; a distinguishing feature: *Courtesy is the cachet of a gracious hostess.*; superior status; prestige: *The diplomatic corps has a certain cachet.*

**cash** currency or coins: *They'd rather have cash than a credit card.*

**caddie** a person who carries a golf player's clubs; a rigid wheeled device for moving heavy objects: *a luggage caddie*; to work as a caddie: *I caddied at the country club golf course.*

**caddy** a container for holding or storing items such as pencils, silverware, food, etc.: *a dessert caddy*

**catty** malevolent; bitchy; nasty; spiteful: *She made a catty remark about her ex-husband's new girlfriend.*

**calendar** table showing days, weeks, and months of a year; a list or schedule: *Put the meeting on your calendar.*

**calender** a machine that presses cloth or paper through rollers: *The laundry used a calender to press the sheets.*

**colander** a sieve or strainer: *He used a colander to drain the pasta.*

**callous** unfeeling; emotionally hardened: *She was so callous that she didn't shed a tear when her husband died.*

**callus** a thickening of the horny layer of the skin: *You may have to go to a doctor to get that callus removed.*

**Calvary** site of Jesus' crucifixion

**cavalry** troops trained to fight in armored vehicles or on horseback

**can** to be able to, have the power or skill to: *I can take a bus to the airport. She can paint very well.*

**may** to have permission to: *you may go in now*; to express possibility: *The storm may turn into a hurricane.*

**canape** a cracker or thin piece of toast spread with a savory food such as cheese or caviar

**canopy** a covering of canvas or other material supported on poles; such as a canopy from a doorway to the curb; an ornamental, rooflike projection

**canary** a yellow songbird native to the Canary Islands; a stool pigeon, informer: *The traitor sang like a canary.* cannery a place where food is canned: *The cannery produced several thousand cans of food a day.*

**candid** frank, ingenuous, outspoken; open and sincere; informal; unposed: *a candid snapshot*;

**candied** incrustated with sugar: *candied fruit*; prepared by cooking in sugar: *candied yams*; flattering: *candied words*

**cannon** weapon for firing projectiles

**canon** law, rule, or code; basis for judgment; criterion

**cant** insincere; the private language of the underworld; phraseology peculiar to a particular class or

profession: *the cant of the fashion industry*; whining or singsong speech, esp. of beggars; hypocrisy, sham, pretense, humbug

**can't** contraction of cannot

**recant** withdraw or disavow; revoke, rescind, deny: *He recanted his confession.*

**canvas** heavy fabric used for making sails; a tent; an oil painting

**canvass** to discuss thoroughly; solicit votes; seek opinions; poll: *canvass the neighborhood*

**capital** money; principal; city serving as a seat of government; involving death: *capital crime*

**capitol** legislature building; also Capitol, meaning the building in which the U.S. Congress meets

**carat** the weight of precious stones, especially diamonds: *The stone in her engagement ring was over two carats.*

**caret** a writer's and a proofreader's mark: *A caret is a symbol that is used to indicate where material is to be inserted in a document.*

**karat** proportion of pure gold used with an alloy: *Her earrings were made of 24 karat gold.*

**carbine** a shoulder rifle with a short barrel

**carbon** a nonmetallic element

**card shark** an expert cardplayer: *He was a card shark who played poker for a living.*

**cardsharp** a person who cheats at card games: *Keep your eyes closely on the cardsharp's hands.*

**careen** lean or tip to one side while in motion, as car rounding a curve or a ship listing in a storm: *The motorcycle careened around the bend in the road.*

**career** move rapidly, go at full speed: *The sports car careered down the highway.*; vocation, lifework, livelihood: *She has made a career of interior decoration.*

**caregiver** a person who cares for the sick or disabled: *She is the old man's caregiver.*

**caretaker** a person in charge of maintenance or in charge of an estate: *He is the caretaker of the mansion and the grounds.*

**caricature** a picture that exaggerates a person's features to produce a comic or grotesque effect: *Political cartoonists often use caricature to illustrate the character of their subject.*

**character** distinctive feature or attribute; nature; disposition; makeup: *It is against her character to be anything other than kind.*

**caries** decay, as of bone: *dental caries*

**carries** conveys or transports from one place to another: *He carries her books home from school.*

**carotene** orange fat-soluble pigments found in some plants, such as carrots; vitamin A

**keratin** a substance found in the dead outer skin and in horn, hoofs, nails, claws, etc.

**carousal** loud, riotous drinking party: *The carousal went on all night long.*

**carousel** merry-go-round: *I still remember my first carousel ride when I was a small child.*; a tournament on horseback

**cart** a small vehicle pushed or pulled by hand or drawn by a horse or pony: *Don't put the cart before the horse.*

**carte** menu, bill of fare; a playing card

**carton** a cardboard or plastic box used for storage or shipping: *You will need a carton to pack your dishes in for moving.*

**cartoon** a sketch or drawing symbolizing, satirizing, or caricaturing an action, thing, person, or

animal: *a cartoon of a political figure*

**cast** a group of actors: *the cast for the play was chosen*; mold or pattern; a tinge; to throw forcefully:  
*cast the first stone*

**caste** a class of society; a social status or system: *a caste society*

**caster** a small wheel on a swivel: *The grand piano was on casters.*

**castor** a bean and the oil derived from it: *Castor beans are very toxic and should not be eaten.*

**casual** happening by chance; unexpected; fortuitous: *a casual meeting*; not dressy: *a casual event*

**causal** of or implying a cause; relating to or of the nature of cause and effect: *a causal factor*

**cataclysm** disaster; a violent upheaval, such as an earthquake; an extensive flood

**catechism** a book containing the principles of the Christian religion; a book of instruction in any subject

**catch** seize or capture; trap or ensnare; contract, as a cold; a game where a ball is thrown from one person to another

**ketch** a sailing vessel with two masts

**cause** make, create, produce: *cause a riot*; bring about; a principle or movement to which one is dedicated: *a worthy cause*

**caws** the harsh, grating cries of certain birds, such as crows

**cede** yield or formally surrender to another: *cede territory*

**seed** the ovule of a flowering plant; germ or propagative part of anything: *seed of a rebellion*

**ceiling** interior upper surface of a room: *The entryway had a high ceiling.*; a maximum limit; vertical boundary, cloud cover

**sealing** using an adhesive agent to close or secure something: *She used sealing wax on the envelope.*

**celebrate** to commemorate with festivities: *celebrate a birthday*; honor, laud, applaud: *celebrate a victory*

**celibate** a person who abstains from having sex: *She has chosen to be celibate until marriage.*; a person who remains unmarried for religious reasons: *The priests have vowed to remain celibate.*

**cell** a small room as in a convent or prison; basic structural unit of all organisms: *a one-celled animal*

**sell** to transfer goods or render services in exchange for money: *sell the car*

**cellar** a storage room, wholly or partly underground: *They have a wine cellar to keep wine at an appropriate temperature.*

**seller** one who sells services, food, merchandise, etc.: *She was the real estate company's top seller.*

**censer** a container in which incense is burned: *He lighted the censer on the altar.*

**ensor** prohibit or restrict the use of something: *They censor motorcycles in the cemetery.*

**censure** criticize harshly; reprove; condemn: *He was censured for his use of profanity.*

**sensor** a device that detects and responds to a signal or stimulus: *A smoke alarm is an essential sensor in case of fire.*

**census** an official enumeration of the population

**senses** faculties such as sight, hearing, taste, smell, or touch; sensations; feelings

**cents** pennies, bronze coins

**scents** odors, perfumes

**sense** perceive, grasp, comprehend

**since** from then until now; between then and now; before now

**cereal** any plant of the grass family yielding an edible grain such as wheat, oats, rice, corn, etc.; a food prepared from grain: *Would you like hot or cold cereal for breakfast?*

**serial** consisting of a series: *serial monogamy*; in installments: *magazine serials*

**ceremonial** pertaining to a ceremony; formal; ritual: *ceremonial event*

**ceremonious** courtly; done with ceremony; elaborately polite: *ceremonious display of friendship*

**cession** act of ceding, as of territory

**session** a meeting; a period of time

**chafe** to irritate: *the starched collar will chafe his neck*; annoy; abrade; to heat by rubbing

**chaff** husks of grain; worthless matter: *like chaff in the wind*

**chairwoman** presiding officer of a meeting, board, or committee

**charwoman** a woman hired to do cleaning

**champagne** sparkling wine; a pale yellow-gray

**champaign** level and open country

**chance** luck or fortune; a risk or hazard; accident; fortuity: *We meet, not really by chance.*

**chants** psalms, canticles, or songs that are sung in a rhythmic, monotonous tone: *chants of a bird*

**chard** a variety of beet with leaves that are used as a vegetable

**charred** burned or reduced to charcoal; scorched; singed

**chased** pursued; driven or expelled by force or harassment: *chased out of the house*

**chaste** virgin; celibate; undefiled; pure in style; simple: *a chaste design*

**cheap** not expensive; poor; shoddy

**cheep** to chirp or peep

**cheek** either side of a face; nerve, audacity, gall, impudence: *the kid has a lot of cheek*

**chic** fashionable, stylish; style and elegance, smart, modish: *she looks so chic in that black dress*

**chick** young chicken or other bird; a child; a young pretty woman

**sheik** a Muslim religious official; a leader of an Arab family, village, or tribe

**chews** grinds and bites with the teeth; masticates: *He chews with his mouth open.*

**choose** opt; pick out; select: *She will not choose him as a dinner partner again.*

**childish** immature; infantile: *Screaming and stamping your feet is childish.*

**childlike** like or befitting a child; innocent: *His childlike bashfulness is charming.*

**choir** a group of singers, esp. in a church service; a group of musicians: *a string choir*

**quire** a set of twenty-four uniform sheets of paper

**choral** sung by or adapted for a chorus or choir

**chorale** harmonized hymn; a chorus or choir

**coral** hard, rocklike structures formed by marine coelenterates; yellowish red

**corral** an enclosure for livestock

**chord** three or more musical tones

**cord** a small rope; trousers made of corduroy

**cored** removed the center of a fruit

**choreography** the art of arranging the movements, steps, and patterns of dancers

**chorography** a systematic, description and analysis of a region

**chronical** having long duration, as of a disease: *a chronical condition*

**chronicle** chronological record of events; recount, relate, report

**chute** an inclined tube, trough, or shaft for conveying water, grain, etc. to a lower level; parachute

**shoot** to hit with a missile discharged from a weapon; to project, impel, hurl, cast, or throw

**cite** to quote; refer to as an example; commend; summon before a court of law

**sight** vision; a view; mental perception; prospect; something worth seeing

**site** position; location; place; setting of an event

**clamber** climb with hands and feet: *She clambered up the boulders.*

**clammer** one who gathers or digs clams

**clamor** loud noise; a protest; demand: *The clamor was tumultuous.*

**clause** group of words; provision in a document

**claws** sharp, curved nails on an animal

**clef** in music, a symbol on a staff showing the pitch of the notes

**cleft** split; divided; a crack or crevice; an indentation between two parts, as of the chin

**clench** grip tightly: *Clench the tool firmly in your hand.*; bring together, as teeth: *She spoke through clenched teeth.*

**clinch** secure; settle: *clinch the deal*; hold, as in boxing: *The fighters were in a clinch.*

**click** a brief, sharp sound: *The click of her heels was heard on the stairs.*; to press a computer button: *click on "open"*

**clique** exclusive group of friends or associates: *The members formed a clique.*

**climactic** pertaining to or coming to a climax: *a climactic second act*

**climacteric** menopause; any critical period: *a climacteric of civil unrest*

**climatic** pertaining to climate; a prevailing condition or atmosphere: *The plane was grounded due to unfavorable climatic conditions.*

**climb** to go up; ascend: *climb the stairs*, mount, scale: *climb a mountain*

**clime** climate, weather; mood, atmosphere, tone: *The argument made for a tense clime.*

**close** to shut; bring to an end: *It's time to close the meeting.*

**clothes** wearing apparel; garments: *Choose the proper clothes for the occasion.*

**closer** a person or thing that closes: *She was called in to be the closer of the deal.*; nearer: *She's closer to understanding the situation.*

**closure** the act of closing; bringing to an end; something that closes: *The arrest brought closure to the difficult case.*

**cloture** a method of closing a debate and forcing an immediate vote

**coal** a combustible mineral used as fuel: *They used coal for heating their homes.*

**cole** cabbage or rape plant: *cole slaw*

**kohl** a preparation used as eye makeup: *She accented her eyes with kohl.*

**coarse** lacking delicacy or refinement; crude; harsh; rough; boorish; gross: *His language was coarse and unsuitable for children to hear.*

**course** route or path; progress; duration; a way of behaving: *She chose the wisest course.*



**coaster** a coasting sled or toboggan; a vessel engaged in coastal trade; a disk placed under an object to protect the surface below: *Please place a coaster under your glass.*

**costar** an actor or actress who shares star billing with another; a performer whose status is slightly below that of a star: *She is the costar of the film.* (also co-star)

**coat** an outer garment extending to the waist or below: *This coat will keep you warm.*; the fur of an animal: *The fox has a beautiful coat.*; a layer of covering material: *The fence needs another coat of paint.*

**cote** a small shed or shelter for sheep or birds; a cottage or hut: *The cote was made of logs and had only two rooms.*

**coca** a South American tree with leaves that contain cocaine

**coco** coconut or coconut palm

**cocoa** powder made from cacao seeds, a hot drink made from cocoa powder and milk

**coddle** treat tenderly; pamper; indulge; baby

**cuddle** hug affectionately; to lie close and snug; embrace

**collage** an artwork created by pasting on a surface various materials such as magazine clippings, photographs, tickets, and other items not normally associated with each other

**college** an institution of higher learning

**collision** the act of colliding; a crash: *Traffic was tied up due to a collision on the freeway.*

**collusion** a secret agreement to defraud or deceive: *Proof of collusion led to their arrest.*

**colloquial** not formal or literary; belonging to or typical of ordinary or familiar language

**colloquium** an academic conference or seminar

**colloquy** the act of conversing; a conversation

**coma** deep prolonged unconsciousness

**comma** punctuation mark (,) that indicates a pause in a sentence: *A misplaced comma can convey a very different meaning.*

**command** to direct with authority; order, bid, demand, govern, lead: *command the troops*

**commend** to praise as worthy; to entrust, acclaim, laud: *They commend his leadership ability.*

**commence** originate, inaugurate, begin, start: *commence the show*

**comments** remarks; observations, annotations, criticisms: *There were harsh comments on the performance.*

**compare** to liken; relate; examine similarities: *compare the shades of blue*

**contrast** to examine differences; a striking exhibition of unlikeness: *The contrast of styles intensified the impact of the paintings.*

**compartment** a space partitioned off; a separate room or section: *baggage compartment*; a separate function; division

**comportment** personal bearing or conduct; demeanor; behavior: *His comportment was above reproach.*

**compassion** a deep sympathy for the sorrows of others, with an urge to alleviate their pain: *The nurse showed great compassion for the injured children.*

**empathy** ability to imagine oneself in the condition of another; a vicarious participation in another's emotions: *The widow expressed empathy for the woman who had just lost her husband.*

**sympathy** a general kinship with another's feelings no matter of what kind: *He sent a sympathy card*

to the widow.

**complacent** self-satisfied; smug; unbothered: *He is too complacent to make changes.*

**complaisant** eager to please; deferential; obliging; agreeable or gracious: *He is a complaisant host.*

**compliant** inclined to act in accord with the rules; acquiescent: *She has a compliant disposition.*

**compleat** highly skilled and accomplished in all aspects: *The compleat writer is adept in many genres.*

**complete** finished, ended, concluded; having all parts or elements: *a complete set of encyclopedias*

**complement** something that completes or brings to perfection: *Wine complements a dinner.*

**compliment** an expression of admiration; praise; regards: *My compliments to the chef.*

**compose** create or put together; constitute; to calm one's mind or body: *After the accident, it took me a long time to compose myself.*

**comprise** to include all; contain: *Fifty states comprise the Union.*

**composer** one who writes music: *Bach was a great composer.*

**composure** calmness; tranquility; serenity; coolness; self-possession: *She maintained her composure during her entire performance.*

**comprehensible** capable of being understood; intelligible: *a comprehensible explanation of a scientific study*

**comprehensive** of large scope; inclusive; having an extended mental range or grasp: *a comprehensive study of the situation*

**compulsion** an irresistible impulse; coercion: *She couldn't fight her compulsion to buy things she didn't need.*

**compunction** regret; contrition; remorse: *She felt no compunction about taking what didn't belong to her.*

**concord** goodwill, friendship; a treaty; compact; covenant; agreement: *in concord with a decision*

**conquered** subdued; overcame by force; gained victory over; mastered: *I came, I saw, I conquered.*

**conducive** contribute to a result; tending to bring about or cause: *A well-balanced diet is conducive to good health.*

**conductive** managerial; directive

**confidant** a friend to whom secrets are confided (*fem.* confidante)

**confident** having strong belief; sure; certain; self-assured

**confidentially** privately, intimately, secretly: *Confidentially, I believe they are having an affair.*

**confidently** with assurance, with certainty, boldly: *I can say confidently that they are having an affair.*

**confirmation** verification: *receive an e-mail confirmation for an order placed online*; a religious rite or ceremony: *Her whole family attended her confirmation.*

**conformation** symmetrical arrangement of parts: *The conformation of the structure was very pleasing.*

**connote** imply in addition to the literal meaning; intimate: *Home cooking connotes comfort food.*

**denote** be a sign of; convey; stand as a name for; indicate: *A fever may denote an infection.*

**conscience** recognition of difference between right and wrong: *His conscience bothered him when he cheated on the test.*

**conscious** aware; capable of thought or will: *a conscious decision*; cognizant: *She was conscious of the stranger standing close to her.*

**conservation** controlled use and protection of natural resources, as forests, wetlands, endangered species, etc.

**conversation** talk; spoken exchange of ideas, feelings, thoughts, and opinions

**conservationist** an advocate of the protection of natural resources: *The conservationist lobbied to save the trees.*

**conservative** one who favors traditional views and values: *She dresses in a conservative style.*

**conservator** one who is responsible for a person ruled incompetent: *His son became his conservator.*

**consul** a diplomat residing in a foreign country: *the American consul in France*

**council** a gathering of people for consultation: *The matter was brought before the council for an opinion.*

**counsel** consultation; a lawyer; advice; guidance: *She sought counsel for the proposed adoption.*

**consular** (as in consular agent) a consular officer of the lowest rank stationed where no full consular service is established

**consulate** the premises officially occupied by a consul; the position, authority or term of service of a consul

**councilor** a member of a council

**counselor** an advisor; a lawyer; an official of an embassy who ranks below an ambassador or minister

[The above words are not interchangeable. A *council* is an assembly of persons who make deliberations and offer advice. A member of such a group is a *councilor*. *Counsel* means advice given to another. A person who gives the advice is a *counselor*.]

**contagious** transmissible by contact; catching; capable of carrying disease: *A head cold can be contagious.*

**infectious** capable of causing infection; transmitted without contact: *Cholera is an infectious epidemic disease caused by a microorganism.*

**continual** intermittent; often repeated: *continual chiming of a clock*

**continuous** uninterrupted in time: *continuous ticking of a clock*

[These words are often used without any distinction in meaning, as are *continually* and *continuously*. To make a clear distinction, use the contrasting terms *intermittent* and *uninterrupted*.]

**convey** to carry; move; take from one place to another; transport; communicate; make known

**convoy** to accompany or escort; a ship, fleet, group of vehicles, etc.; accompanied by a protecting escort

**coop** an enclosure or cage: *a chicken coop*; a co-op: *They bought their food at a co-op.*

**coup** (*koo*) a brilliant stratagem; overturn; upset: *His win was quite a coup.*

**coupe** a closed two-door car; a frozen dessert: *She chose the coupe rather than the sedan.*

**coot** a dark gray aquatic bird; a foolish person: *He's just an old coot.*

**cute** attractive in a dainty way; pleasingly pretty: *a cute puppy*; affectedly clever; precious: *too old to be acting so unbearably cute*

**core** central part: *apple core*; heart: *rotten to the core*

**corps** body of persons; a military unit: *a loyal member of the corps*

**corpse** dead body

**corespondent** a person charged with committing adultery with the defendant in a divorce suit

**correspondent** one who communicates through letters; one employed by a news agency to supply news or articles from a remote location

**corner** the place where two converging lines or surfaces meet; an end; margin; edge

**coroner** an officer who investigates by inquest any death not clearly resulting from natural causes

**corporal** of the body: *corporal punishment*; non-commissioned officer

**corporeal** of a material nature; tangible: *corporeal evidence*

**cosign** to sign a document jointly with another; to endorse, as for a mortgage: *his father cosigned the loan on his new car*

**cosine** a mathematical term

**costume** a style of clothing typical of a particular time, country, or people; a set of clothes appropriate for a particular occasion: *a Halloween costume*

**custom** a practice followed as a matter of course among a people; a habitual practice of an individual: *It is her custom to take a walk every night before dinner.*

**courier** messenger, esp. one on a diplomatic mission

**currier** a person who tans hides

**courtesy** politeness, kindness, consideration

**curtsy** a girl's or woman's formal greeting made by bending the knees and lowering the body

**coward** a person who lacks courage; very fearful or timid; craven; dastard: *She was too much of a coward to go out after dark.*

**cowered** cringed, recoiled, crouched as in fear: *The puppy cowered in the corner.*

**creak** a squeaking or grating sound: *The floorboards creak.*

**creek** a small stream: *A creek runs through the property.*

**credible** plausible, likely, reasonable; believable or worthy of belief: *a credible argument*

**creditable** bringing credit or honor; praiseworthy; meritorious; estimable: *a fine person of creditable character*

**crevasse** a deep cleft in glacial ice, chasm; a breach in a river levee

**crevice** a fissure or crack forming an opening

**crewel** worsted yarn for embroidery and edging

**cruel** willfully causing pain or distress; merciless

**critic** one who censures; a person who reviews literary, artistic, or musical works, etc.: *The critic gave a rave review of the play.*

**critique** a critical essay or analysis; an instance of formal criticism: *The critique was devastating.*

**crone** a withered old woman

**crony** a close friend or companion

**croquet** outdoor game using wooden balls and long-handled mallets

**croquette** small patty or cake of minced food coated with bread crumbs and deep-fried

**crumble** disintegrate; to break into crumbs

**crumple** collapse; to crush together or press into wrinkles: *She crumpled the paper and threw it away.*

**cruise** to fly, drive, or sail at a constant speed: *cruise along the highway*

**cruse** earthen pot or bottle for liquids

**cubical** cubic; of or relating to volume

**cubicle** small sleeping compartment; small partitioned space

**cue** hint; prompting: *The actor was given his cue.*

**queue** waiting line of people or cars: *There was a long queue at the movies.*

**curios** unusual objects of art, valued as a curiosity: *She has a special cabinet for her curios.*

**curious** eager to acquire knowledge; inquisitive: *He was curious to know how she had come by so many of the rare objects.*

**currant** small dried seedless grape

**current** belonging to the present time; steady movement of water; flow of electric charge

**currently** at the present time: *She is currently working on her thesis.*

**presently** in a little while, soon, shortly: *The supervisor will be back presently.*

**cymbal** brass plate used as a percussion instrument: *the crashing of the cymbals*

**symbol** a sign; something that represents something else: *A dove is a symbol of peace.*

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## D

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**dab** to press briefly with a cloth, sponge, etc. without rubbing: *dab a cut to stop the bleeding*; to press lightly

**daub** to coat or smear a surface with a thick substance; to paint crudely: *daub the primer on the raw wood*

**dabble** spatter or splash; undertake an activity casually: *dabble in politics*

**dapple** mottled or spotted marking, as on a horse; to mark with spots

**daily** occurring every day; regularly, constantly: *he gets a newspaper daily*

**dally** delay; waste time: *dally along the way*; play about; flirt: *dally with her affections*

**dairy** a place where milk and cream are kept and butter and cheese are made; a shop or company that sells milk, butter, etc.

**diary** a private daily record of one's experiences and feelings; journal, daybook, log, chronicle

**dam** a barrier built to hold back water and raise its level; block up; obstruct: *The beaver's dam caused the field to flood.*

**damn** an uttered curse; to doom to hell; condemn; censure: *Damn the act, not the person.*; commend without enthusiasm: *damn with faint praise*; a bit: *not worth a damn*

**dandle** to lightly bounce a child on one's knee or in one's arms; pamper; pet

**dangle** suspend loosely and sway to and fro: *dangle the wind chimes from the tree branch*; to hold out a hope enticingly: *dangle the prize in front of the contestant*

**days** plural of day: *There are seven days in a week.*

**daze** to stun with a blow: *The attack left him in a daze.*; to overwhelm; astound; dumbfound; flabbergast: *Daze them with your sleight of hand.*

**deal** apportion; deliver; distribute playing cards; a bargain: *What a deal!*

**dele** to take out or delete

**dear** beloved, cherished; greatly valued: *The old photographs are dear to her.*

**deer** hooped ruminant mammal: *The deer stood motionless in the forest.*

**decedent** a dead person: *The decedent was given a proper burial.*

**descendant** a person or animal that is descended from a specific ancestor; an offspring: *a descendant of the early settlers*

**deceased** no longer living; dead

**diseased** infirm; inflicted with a disease

**decimate** to destroy a great number or proportion of: *Cholera decimated the city's population;* to select by lot and kill every tenth person

**destroy** demolish; ruin; annihilate; kill, slay; defeat completely: *They will destroy the entire village.*

**decree** a formal and authoritative order having the force of law: *a presidential decree;* a judicial decision or order; a doctrinal act of an ecumenical council

**degree** a mark, grade, level, phase; any of a series of steps or stages, as in a process or course of action; a point in any scale; extent, measure, scope, or the like: *To what degree is he willing to cooperate?*

**deduce** infer; draw a logical conclusion: *I deduce that you are in agreement.*

**deduct** subtract; take away from: *I deduct my expenses.*

**deference** courteous respect for another's opinion, wishes, or judgment: *treated with deference*

**difference** disparity; unlikeness; distinction: *made a difference*

**deferential** courteous, dutiful, respectful: *She assumed a deferential attitude toward her teacher.*

**differential** pertaining to diversity; distinctive: *a differential feature;* a gear in a vehicle

**definite** precise; exact; positive; certain: *a definite decision;* specific: *a definite time;* particular; well-defined

**definitive** reliable; complete: *the definitive works of Shakespeare;* satisfying all criteria: *a definitive scientific study;* absolute, ultimate, supreme

**defuse** to remove the fuse from; to make less dangerous or tense: *His apology defused a potentially ugly situation.*

**diffuse** to pour out and spread; to scatter widely or thinly; disseminate: *diffuse the seeds*

**delusion** a persistent false belief: *A paranoiac has delusions of persecution.*

**illusion** misinterpretation of things that exist: *A mirage is an illusion caused by atmospheric conditions.*

**demur** to make objection, esp. on the grounds of scruples; take exception; hesitation

**demure** shy; modest; reserved; retiring

**dependence** reliance; confidence; trust: *dependence on a person's honesty;* conditional or contingent on something: *dependence on the outcome of the trial;* the state of being dependent: *drug dependence*

**dependents** persons who depend on someone or something for aid or support: *She has six dependents.*

**depose** to remove from office or position: *It took a revolution to depose the king.;* to give sworn testimony in writing: *to depose that it was true*

**depots** railroad or bus stations; terminals; storehouses

**deposition** removal from an office or position; the process of depositing: *deposition of the documents with the Library of Congress;* the giving of testimony under oath; a statement to be used

in court in place of the spoken testimony of the witness

**disposition** natural mental and emotional outlook or mood; characteristic attitude: *has a mean disposition*; an inclination: *a gambling disposition*; the final settlement of a matter

**deprave** to make morally bad or evil

**deprive** to withhold something from another; strip, divest

**depravation** corruption; evil-doing

**deprivation** without economic or social necessities; dispossession; loss

**deprecate** express disapproval of; deplore, belittle, denounce, condemn: *deprecate a criminal*

**depreciate** lessen the value or price of; downgrade, disparage, minimize: *depreciate a car*

**descendant** one descended from an ancestor

**descendent** moving downward

**descent** downward incline or passage: *a steep descent*

**dissent** to differ in sentiment or opinion; disapproval; disagreement: *open dissent*

**desert** a dry, barren region: *Mojave Desert*; deserved: *received his just desert*;

**abandon**: *desert a family to pursue selfish desires* dessert sweet food, often served as the last course of a meal: *I'll have my dessert first.*

**desolate** barren, devastated: *a treeless, desolate landscape*; deserted; uninhabited; solitary; lonely; feeling abandoned by friends or by hope; forlorn; dismal; gloomy: *desolate prospects*

**dissolute** indifferent to moral restraints; given to immoral or improper conduct; licentious; dissipated; corrupt, loose, debauched, wanton: *dissolute actions of a person with no conscience*

**desperate** rash, frantic, hopeless, desolate: *The situation seemed desperate.*

**disparate** separate, divergent, unlike: *disparate objectives of the two groups*

**detract** to take away a part of the quality, value, or reputation: *Don't detract from the value of his remarks.*

**distract** to disturb or trouble greatly: *Her grief distracted her from her work.*; bewilder, agitate, pain, torment, distress; to provide a pleasant diversion for; amuse; entertain: *A good movie will always distract me from my worries.*

**device** a crafty scheme; gadget; design; ruse: *His friendliness was only a device to gain your trust.*

**devise** contrive, plan, or elaborate; form a plan; prepare: *He will devise a way to get your money.*

**dew** condensed moisture: *The early morning dew was on the meadow.*

**do** to perform an act, duty, or role: *Do nothing until you hear from me.*; to accomplish; finish; complete: *Do your homework.*; to exert oneself: *Do your best*; to deal with, fix, clean: *Do the dishes.*

**due** owed at present: *This bill is due now.*; owed at a later time: *This bill is due next month.*; owing as a moral or natural right: *You're due for a reward in heaven.*; rightful; proper; fitting: *due care*

**diagram** a chart, plan, or scheme

**diaphragm** the partition separating the thoracic cavity from the abdominal cavity in mammals; a contraceptive device worn by a female over the uterine cervix during sexual intercourse

**dialectal** of a dialect

**dialectic** of logical argumentation

**dieing** cutting, forming, or stamping with a die

**dyeing** coloring materials with dye

**dying** about to expire; drawing to a close

**different** dissimilar; unlike; separate and distinct

**diffident** hesitant to assert oneself; timid

**dinghy** a small boat

**dingy** dirty-looking; drab

**disapprove** withhold approval from; refuse to sanction; deplore; criticize

**disprove** refute; invalidate; discredit, negate, confute

**disassemble** take to pieces; take apart

**dissemble** talk or act hypocritically; disguise or conceal

**disburse** pay out; spend

**dispense** distribute in portions or parts; administer; release or exempt

**disperse** scatter; dissipate; spray; dispel

**discomfit** thwart; confuse; frustrate; disconcert

**discomfort** physical or mental distress

**discreet** judicious in one's conduct or speech; careful; circumspect; prudent; modest

**discrete** constituting a separate thing; distinct; different; individual; unconnected

**discus** a disk thrown in athletic competitions

**discuss** talk over; examine a subject

**disinterested** unbiased by personal interest; not influenced by selfish motives; impartial; neutral

**uninterested** not interested, uncaring, apathetic, indifferent

**dissidence** disagreement, dissent

**dissonance** discord, conflict, a harsh or unpleasant combination of sounds

**divers** several, various, sundry: *The artist used divers articles in her collage.*

**diverse** unlike in kind; distinct; separate; divergent: *There were diverse beliefs among the parishioners.*

**doe** the female of a deer or related animal

**dough** a thick mixture of flour or meal

**doggy** a small dog

**dogie** or dogy a stray or motherless calf

**done** finished: *all done for the day*; cooked completely: *Soup's done.*

**dun** a demand for payment

**dual** made up of two parts; for two; double

**duel** a prearranged combat between two people

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## ***E***

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**earn** to acquire by effort: *earn a living*

**urn** a vessel or vase

**earthly** earthbound; worldly: *earthly goods*; mortal; mundane: *earthly affairs*

**earthy** unrefined: *an earthy smell*; realistic; practical; lusty: *Mae West was known for her earthy sense*



of humor.

**eaves** projecting overhang of a roof  
**eves** days or nights preceding a holiday

**eclipse** the obscuring of the light from one celestial body by the passage of another between it and the observer: *lunar eclipse; solar eclipse*; a sudden loss of importance in relation to a newly arrived person or thing: *The status of the lead actress was eclipsed by a young ingenue in the film.*

**elapse** the passage or termination of a period of time: *Eight hours have elapsed since we ate.*

**ellipsis** a set of three dots indicating an omission in a text: *A foolish ... is the hobgoblin of little minds.*

**either** one or the other: *It's either too hot or too cold.*

**ether** an anesthetic; the upper regions of space; the heavens

**elegy** a mournful or melancholy musical composition or poem written as a lament for one who is dead: *The organist played a beautiful elegy at the memorial service.*

**eulogy** an oral or written laudatory tribute; a set oration in honor of a deceased person; high praise or commendation: *The minister gave a touching eulogy at the funeral.*

**elicit** to draw or bring out; educe; evoke: *Your story elicits memories of my childhood.*

**illicit** not legally permitted; unlicensed; unlawful: *Illicit drugs are rampant in the city.*

**eligible** worthy of choice; desirable: *an eligible bachelor*; meeting the requirement: *eligible for parole*; legally qualified to be elected to office: *eligible for the presidency*; suitable, fitting

**illegible** impossible or hard to read because of poor handwriting or faded print: *an illegible document*

**elocution** the art of public speaking, emphasizing gesture, vocal production, and delivery; public speaking style: *His elocution was powerful and persuasive.*

**eloquence** fluent and persuasive discourse: *She speaks with such eloquence.*

**elucidation** clarification; making clear: *Your method requires elucidation.*

**elusive** hard to express: *an elusive concept*; cleverly evasive: *an elusive con man*; tricky, slippery, shifty, baffling

**illusive** deceptive, misleading; of the nature of an illusion; unreal; false; imaginary; fancied: *an illusive appearance of the deceased during a seance.*

**emanate** to flow out, issue, or proceed; come forth; originate; emit; arise, spring: *His great talent emanates from the very depths of his being.*

**eminent** prominent; distinguished; noteworthy: *an eminent author*

**immanent** innate, inborn, intrinsic: *an immanent gift of musical ability*; inherent; existing or remaining within; subjective

**imminent** about to occur at any moment; impending: *in imminent danger*

**emerge** to come into view; emanate: *Watch carefully and you will see the image emerge.*

**immerge** to plunge, as into a fluid; to disappear, as the moon in the shadow of the sun: *The whale immersed back into the sea.*

**emigrant** expatriate; one who emigrates

**immigrant** person who comes to a country of which he is not a citizen; a migrant

**emigrate** migrate; to leave a country to live elsewhere: *to emigrate from England to the United States*

**immigrate** enter a country of which one is not a native; introduce as settlers: *immigrate cheap labor*

**empiric** a person who depends on experience or observation alone; a quack; charlatan

**empirical** verifiable: *empirical evidence*; practical; pragmatic; derived from or guided by experience

or experiment

**empress** a woman who rules an empire; the wife or widow of an emperor

**impress** to apply pressure; to affect or influence strongly; to compel someone to serve in the military

**emulate** to strive to equal or excel; to vie with successfully

**imitate** to copy the actions, appearance, or mannerisms of another; ape, mimic, mock, parody

**energize** give energy to; to put out energy: *A brisk walk in the cold air will energize you.*

**enervate** deprive of vitality; weaken: *Constant worry will enervate you.*

**invigorate** give vigor, vitality, or strength: *Weight-lifting will invigorate you.*

**enfold** to wrap up; envelop; to surround as if with folds: *enfolded in mystery*; embrace: *enfolded in her lover's arms*

**unfold** to become clear, apparent, or known: *the mystery unfolds slowly*; to spread or open out: *unfold the blanket*; to lay open to view; to set forth; explain; to develop

**engross** involve, immerse, engage; to occupy completely: *Their jobs engross them.*; absorb: *She is engrossed in her novel.*; to write in a clear, formal manner, as a public document: *to engross a deed*; to monopolize

**engulf** envelope, bury, inundate, deluge, swamp; to swallow up in a gulf; submerge: *The flood engulfed all the low-lying houses.*

**ensure** to secure or guarantee; safeguard; make sure or certain: *take measures to ensure success*

**insure** warrant; protect against loss; to issue an insurance policy: *Will this insure me in the event of a natural disaster?*

**enter** to come or go into; penetrate: *enter a room*; *enter the bloodstream*

**inter** place in a grave or tomb: *They will inter him tomorrow.*

**intern** to restrict or confine within prescribed limits, as prisoners of war: *They will intern the prisoners at the camp for at least a month.*

**entomology** scientific study of insects

**etymology** study of the history of words

**entrepreneur** one who organizes and manages an enterprise; one who owns and runs his own business; an independent contractor

**intrapreneur** an employee of a corporation who has the freedom and financial support to create new products, services, or systems for the corporation without having to follow its protocols

**envelop** to wrap around; enfold; hide; enclose: *Envelop the area with high walls.*

**envelope** a flat paper cover or wrapper: *Put the letter into an envelope.*

**ephemeral** lasting a short time; transitory; short-lived: *It was an ephemeral but delightful visit.*

**ethereal** intangible; delicate; heavenly; spiritual: *It was an ethereal visitation by someone from another world.*

**envy** a feeling of discontent or covetousness of another's advantages, possessions, or attainments; desire for something possessed by another: *I envy her talent for decorating.*

**jealousy** jealous resentment against a person enjoying success or advantage; anger or fear of losing something or someone to a rival: *Her unbridled jealousy is apparent whenever her boyfriend dances with another woman.*

[Although *envy* and *jealousy* are close in meaning, they have some different connotations. To *envy*

is to feel unhappy because someone else possesses or has accomplished something you wish you had yourself. *Jealousy* is resenting someone who has gained something that you think you more rightly deserve. It also refers to the anguish caused by fear or suspicions of unfaithfulness.]

**epigram** witticism, quip; ingenious saying tersely expressed

**epigraph** an inscription on a building or statue; quotation at the beginning of a book or chapter

**epitaph** inscription on a tomb or mortuary monument; words in praise of the deceased

**epithet** a word or phrase applied to a person to describe a quality; nickname; sobriquet; designation; a curse or insult

**equable** uniform; free from changes or variations

**equatable** regarded, treated, or represented as equivalent

**equitable** characterized by fairness; just and right; impartial; unbiased

**erasable** capable of being rubbed out; easily erased: *Write in pencil so that it is erasable.*

**irascible** easily provoked, testy, touchy, short-tempered: *an irascible boss; an irascible response*

**erase** remove, as by rubbing or wiping out

**delete** to strike out or cancel, as from a text

**eraser** something used to erase, as writing in pencil

**erasure** an act of erasing

**eruption** sudden, violent outburst; ejection of molten rock or steam from a volcano or geyser

**irruption** a breaking or bursting in; a violent incursion or invasion

**especially** chiefly, particularly: *Winter is especially hard on older people.*

**specially** specifically: *The dress was specially designed for the occasion.*

**espouse** adopt; champion, advocate: *espouse a plan*; to marry

**expound** explain; state in detail: *to expound a theory*

**ethic** system of moral principles or values

**ethnic** relating to a religious, racial, or cultural group

**euphemize** to substitute a mild expression for one thought to be offensive: using *to pass air* instead of *to fart*

**euthanize** put to death painlessly or allow to die rather than to suffer from an incurable and painful condition: *The vet had to euthanize my terminally ill cat.*

**every man** each man, all men

**everyman** an ordinary person representative of humanity; an ordinary man representative of all men

**every woman** each woman, all women

**everywoman** an ordinary woman representative of all women

**every day** each day: *He brings me the paper every day.*

**everyday** ordinary, commonplace, usual: *an everyday occurrence*

**evoke** to elicit: *His speech will evoke protests*; reawaken: *to evoke a memory*

**invoke** to make supplication; to declare to be binding: *to invoke the rules*

**ewe** a female sheep

**yew** an evergreen tree having needlelike or scalelike foliage

**you** the pronoun of the second-person singular or plural: *You may come with me. This is for you.*

**exacerbate** intensify; worsen; inflame; increase the severity of: *Her response only exacerbated the situation.*

**exasperate** annoy extremely; incense; vex; anger: *She was exasperated by the noisy neighbors.*

**exalt** praise; elevate; glorify; ennoble

**exult** rejoice exceedingly; delight; revel

**exercise** physical, mental, or spiritual activity

**exorcise** to expel an evil spirit

**expand** extend, swell, enlarge; spread out: *It will expand its wings and fly away.*

**expend** use up: *expend energy*; pay out; disburse; consume, empty

**expansive** comprehensive; extensive; effusive; sociable, extroverted, outgoing, unreserved: *She has an expansive personality.*

**expensive** very high-priced; costly: *an expensive gown*

**explicate** to unfold; to make the meaning clear, explain: *explicate a theory*

**implicate** to connect or involve incriminatingly: *implicate a witness*; to imply: *implicate that someone is guilty*

**explicit** clearly expressed; leaving nothing implied; unequivocal: *explicit instructions*; outspoken, precise

**implicit** implied rather than expressly stated: *an implicit agreement*; absolute: *implicit trust*; inherent

**extant** still existing; not destroyed: *There is only one extant copy of the book.*

**extent** range; distance; measure; length; degree: *He is agreeable to some extent.*

**extinct** no longer in use; no longer existing: *Many animals are now extinct.*

**eyelet** a small hole as in cloth or leather for ornamental effect; grommet

**islet** a very small island

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## **F**

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**fabrication** manufacture; something fabricated; an untruthful statement: *His alibi was a total fabrication.*

**fib** a small or trivial lie; minor falsehood: *He meant no harm; it was only a fib.*

**facet** a small polished surface of a cut gem; aspect; phase; side: *Consider every facet of the argument.*

**faucet** a device for controlling the flow of liquid from a pipe by opening or closing it; a tap or spigot: *You'll need a plumber to fix that leaky faucet.*

**facetious** not to be taken seriously; amusing; humorous; frivolous: *I was only being facetious.*

**factitious** artificial; contrived: *His enthusiastic response was factitious.*; made; manufactured: *a factitious part*

**fictitious** spurious, fake; fictional; created or assumed with the intention to conceal: *a fictitious name*; imaginatively produced: *a fictitious story*

**facilitation** making easy or less difficult; assisting the progress of: *The facilitation of your move will be made by the students.*

**felicitation** congratulation; an expression of good wishes: *Felicitations on your graduation.*

**facility** something that serves a specific function: *a parking facility*; an easy-flowing manner: *facility of style*; skill, aptitude, or dexterity: *He has a great facility with words.*

**felicity** great happiness; bliss; a skillful faculty: *Her felicity of expression is delightful.*

**faction** discord, disagreement, schism, split, friction; a group or clique within a larger group: *A faction in the government wants to rewrite the Constitution.*; dissension: *a time of faction and strife*

**fiction** literature consisting of imaginative stories and characters, as novels and short stories: *Her book is a work of fiction.*; the act of feigning, inventing, or imagining; fable, fantasy

**faint** swoon: *The horrible news made her faint.*; feeble; timid; dim: *a faint light in the distance*

**feint** a misleading movement: *feint a pass*; a pretense

**fair** just; light in color; moderately good; an exhibition

**fare** to get along; food; cost of transportation

**faker** one who produces counterfeits; swindler; fraud

**fakir** Muslim religious mendicant; Hindu ascetic; beggar; one who performs feats of magic

**fallow** marked by inactivity; plowed unseeded land: *They let the land go fallow for a season.*

**follow** to go after; pursue; obey: *follow one's instincts*

**fame** widespread reputation, esp. of a favorable character; renown; public eminence: *His fame as a writer grew with each novel he wrote.*

**notability** distinction, prominence: *She is a doctor of great notability.*

**notoriety** shame; infamy; disrepute; known widely and unfavorably: *The extensive news coverage of his trial for murdering his wife brought him notoriety.*

**familial** pertaining to a family: *familial ties*; heredity: *a familial disease*

**familiar** generally known: *a familiar plant*; informal: *to write in a familiar style*; personal; intimate: *a familiar friend*

**farther** at or to a greater distance, degree, or extent: *the farther side of the building*

**further** furthermore; in addition: *further, he even brought a friend*; help or advance the progress of: *She will further her own career.*

[*Farther and further* have been used interchangeably throughout their histories. However, only *further* should be used to mean *moreover, furthermore, additionally, or to advance the progress of.*]

**fate** karma; destiny; chance; luck: *We met through a lucky twist of fate.*

**fete** a day of celebration; a holiday: *It was a joyous fete.*

**faun** a woodland deity

**fawn** a young deer; to court favor

**fay** a fairy

**fey** fated to die soon; under a spell; enchanted; whimsical; otherworldly

**faze** to worry or disturb: *The ghost story didn't faze the children.*

**phase** a stage in development: *The toddler is just going through a phase.*

**feat** achievement; exploit; courageous, daring act: *an extraordinary feat*

**feet** plural of foot: *feet firmly planted on the ground*

**ferment** agitation; unrest; excitement: *The city was in the grip of political ferment.*

**foment** incite; instigate rebellion: *to foment a riot.*

**feudal** relating to lands held in fee: *a feudal estate*

**futile** ineffectual; useless; incapable of producing any result; not successful: *Trying to get the horse to*

*drink water was futile.*

**fewer** of a smaller number: *He said the same thing, but in fewer words.*

**less** to a smaller extent, amount, or degree: *He was less than courteous.*

[*Few* and *fewer* should be used only before a plural: *a few cookies remained; fewer people attended.* *Less* should modify only singular nouns: *less money, less courage.* When a plural noun suggests a combination into a unit, *less* is used: *less than fifteen cents* [a sum of money]; *less than fifteen miles* (a unit of distance); *less sugar* (a mass noun).]

**finale** the concluding part of a performance or proceeding; the last movement of a concert, opera, or composition: *The finale was the most exciting part of the symphony.*

**finality** conclusiveness or decisiveness; something that is final; an ultimate act: *She slammed the door behind her with finality.*

**finally** in the end; at last; eventually; after considerable delay: *After many attempts, she finally got it right.*

**finely** elegantly; delicately; minutely; nicely; subtly; excellently: *a finely crafted story*; in fine particles or pieces: *finely chopped apples*

**find** discover; come upon by chance; obtain by search or effort: *find a four-leaf clover*; achieve, win, earn, acquire: *find an apartment*

**fined** penalized for an offense: *He was fined \$50 for parking in a handicapped zone.*

**fineness** state of being fine; superior quality; proportion of pure precious metal in an alloy: *The fineness of the diamond was extraordinary.*

**finesse** extreme delicacy in performance; skill; adroitness; trick or stratagem; skill in handling a highly sensitive situation; adroit and artful management: *exceptional diplomatic finesse*

**fir** a coniferous tree belonging to the pine family, characterized by its pyramidal style of growth, flat needles, and erect cones

**fur** the fine, soft, thick, hairy coat of the skin of a mammal

**fiscal** pertaining to the public treasury or revenues: *fiscal policies*; pertaining to financial matters in general: *Our fiscal year is from July 1 to June 30.*

**physical** pertaining to the body: *a physical illness*; that which is material: *the physical sciences*; carnal; sexual: *a physical attraction*

**flagrant** obvious; glaring: *flagrant error*; disgraceful, egregious; notorious: *a flagrant drug dealer*

**fragrant** having a pleasing aroma; perfumed, aromatic: *fragrant flowers*

**flair** skill; aptitude; a natural talent or ability; bent; knack: *a flair for writing comedy.*

**flare** a bright light: *in case of emergency, light a flare*; an outburst; to burst out in sudden, fierce activity and passion: *Violence flared up in the ghetto after the verdict.*

**flamenco** a style of dancing; a style of vocal or instrumental music originating in southern Spain

**flamingo** aquatic bird with long legs and neck, webbed feet, and pinkish to scarlet plumage

**flammable** combustible (technical use, on a warning sign: *caution! flammable*)

**inflammable** combustible (figuratively: *inflammable emotions*) nonflammable not combustible or easily set on fire

**flaunt** show off; display ostentatiously: *She flaunted the large diamond in her engagement ring.*

**flout** show contempt for; scoff at: *He flouted convention by wearing shorts to the black tie affair.*

**flea** any of numerous small, wingless bloodsucking parasitic insects that prey on mammals and birds  
**flee** vanish; evade, escape, avoid, shun, elude; to run away from: *If they are not watched carefully they will flee.*

**flew** past tense of fly: *The birds flew south for the winter.*

**flu** influenza; an acute, commonly epidemic disease characterized by respiratory symptoms and general prostration: *The child has the flu.*

**flue** conduit for smoke, as in a fireplace: *Be sure to open the flue before lighting the fire.*

**floe** a sheet of floating ice, as on the surface of the sea

**flow** to move along in a stream; to circulate; to issue or proceed from a source

**florescence** act, state, or period of flowering; bloom

**fluorescence** the emission of radiation during exposure to light or X rays

**flounder** to struggle clumsily: *He floundered helplessly on the first day of his new job.*; falter; waver; flop about; a marine flatfish

**founder** to fall or sink down; to become wrecked; to stumble; collapse; succumb: *The project foundered because public support was lacking.*

**flour** ground meal

**flower** a blossom; a plant that blooms

**foggy** indistinct; bewildered; blurred as if by fog; not clear; vague: *I haven't the foggiest notion of what she meant.*; thick with or having much fog; misty: *a foggy day in London town.*

**fogy** a stodgy, old-fashioned, or excessively conservative person, esp. one who is intellectually dull: *She was just an old fogy who wouldn't let her granddaughter wear an earring in her nose.*

**for** on behalf of; in favor of; because; since

**fore** forward; front part; warning by golfer

**four** a numeral

**forbear** refrain or abstain from; to forgo: *I'll forbear the dessert, thank you.*

**forebear** ancestor; forefather; progenitor: *My forbears came over on the Mayflower.*

**forbidding** prohibiting: *They are forbidding entry.*

**foreboding** a prediction; a portent of future misfortune; presentiment: *She had a foreboding that there would be an accident.*

**forceful** powerful; vigorous; cogent; telling; effective: *a forceful plea for justice*

**forcible** done by force: *forcible entry*

**forego** go before; to precede: *forego one's partner in death*

**forgo** to abstain or refrain from; do without; give up; renounce; forbear; sacrifice: *I'll forgo my dinner so that the poor child can eat.*

**foreword** a short introductory statement in a published work, as a book: *A foreword is not generally written by the author of the book.*

**forward** toward or at a place, point, or time in advance; onward: *a forward motion*

**formally** properly; in a conventional way: *We were formally introduced.*

**formerly** happening earlier in time: *We were formerly married to each other.*

**fort** a fortified place occupied by troops; an army post: *The fort was well guarded.*

**forte** (pronounced *fort*) an activity one excels in; talent, skill, knack: *The painting of landscapes is his forte.*

**forte.**; (pronounced *for'tay*) a direction in music to play loud and with force (opposed to *piano*, meaning soft; subdued)

**forth** forward, as in *back and forth*; outward; onward: *go forth and multiply*

**fourth** next after the third: *her fourth helping of dessert*

**fortuitous** happening by accident or chance: *A fortuitous meeting led eventually to marriage.*

**fortunate** bringing something good and unforeseen; lucky; providential: *A fortunate turn of events helped her find a new career.*

**foul** unfair; unclean; rotten; grossly offensive to the senses; disgustingly loathsome: *a foul smell*; unfavorable: *foul weather*

**fowl** a bird used for food or hunted as game; chicken, turkey, duck, pheasant

**fraction** a number usually expressed as  $1/2$ ,  $1/4$ , etc.; a part as distinct from the whole of anything; portion or section: *He received only a fraction of what he was owed.*

**friction** surface resistance to relative motion; the rubbing of one surface against another; discord, dissidence, antagonism, clash, contention: *The disagreement caused a lot of friction between the friends.*

**frees** allows; lets loose: *He frees the animal from the trap.*

**freeze** to chill, congeal, or become ice: *freeze the leftovers*

**frieze** an ornamental strip: *The frieze on the antique chair was beautiful.*

**friar** member of a Roman Catholic order

**fryer** a small chicken suitable for frying

**funeral** ceremonies for a dead person: *She cried at the funeral.*

**funereal** mournful; gloomy; dismal: *She exhibited a funereal aloofness that was quite chilling.*

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## G

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**gaff** a metal hook fastened to a pole; to cheat; fleece; harsh treatment or criticism: *All the gaff he had to take made him even more reclusive.*

**gaffe** a social blunder; faux pas: *His sudden outburst of anger was an unfortunate gaffe.*

**gage** a security or a pledge; something, as a glove, thrown down as a challenge to fight: *The knight threw down his gage.*; a variety of plum, as a greengage

**gauge** a measuring device; to test; a size: *twelve-gauge shotguns*; the fineness of knitted fabric: *sixty-gauge stockings*

**gouge** a chisel with a rounded blade; a digging or scooping action: *to gouge a channel*; *to gouge holes*

**gamble** to bet; to take a chance on; venture; hazard; speculation; flyer: *I'll take a gamble on the chance that I'll win.*

**gambol** to skip about as in dancing or playing; frolic; spring; caper; frisk: *We love to see the deer gambol in the forest.*

**gantlet** a railroad track construction used in narrow places; an ordeal gauntlet a glove; a challenge: *take up the gauntlet*

**gait** manner of walking, stepping, or running; the ways a horse moves: *The horse has a smooth gait.*

**gate** movable barrier; an opening permitting passage: *You may buy your ticket at the gate.*

**garret** a small attic



**garrote** a device or instrument used to strangle a person; strangulation or throttling

**gelding** a castrated male animal; a eunuch

**gilding** the application of gold leaf; something used to create a deceptively alluring aspect

**genius** exceptional natural ability; a person of extraordinarily high intelligence; gift, talent, aptitude, faculty

**genus** a kind; sort; class or group of individuals or of species of individuals

**genteel** belonging to polite society; well-bred or refined; polite; elegant: *She has the genteel demeanor of a woman of breeding.*

**gentile** pertaining to non-Jewish people, especially a Christian

**gesture** a movement of the hand, arm, body, head, or face that expresses a thought, opinion, or emotion: *a threatening gesture*; any action or communication used to express an idea or feeling: *a loving gesture*

**jester** one who makes jokes and funny moves; a professional clown: *the court jester*

**ghastly** dreadful; horrible: *a ghastly murder*; deathlike, pallid, cadaverous ghostly characteristic of a ghost; phantasmal; spectral; wraithlike; unearthly: *a ghostly silence*

**gibe** jeer; taunt; deride: *They gibe him whenever he tries to speak.*

**jibe** shift sails; be in agreement: *Her explanation is likely to jibe with what he said.*

**jive** early jazz; *Slang.* meaningless talk; to tease, fool, kid: *Don't jive me with your sweet talk.*

**gild** embellish with gold: *gild the lily*

**guild** organization of people with related interests: *The Writers Guild*

**gilt** gold in color; golden: *gilt-edged glasses*

**guilt** criminality; culpability; a crime: *His guilt was visible on his face.*

**glacier** a mass of slowly moving land ice formed by the accumulation of snow on high ground

**glazier** a person who fits windows with glass or panes of glass

**gored** pierced with a horn:

*The bullfighter was gored*; a triangular piece of material: *a gored skirt*

**gourd** hard-shelled fruit of a plant: *The colorful bowls were made of gourds.*

**gorilla** an ape: *It was the second time the gorilla escaped from the zoo.*

**guerrilla** a member of an irregular military force: *They used guerrilla tactics to overthrow the city.*

**gourmand** a person who likes food and tends to eat to excess: *He's nothing more than a gourmand who eats everything in sight.*

**gourmet** connoisseur of fine food and drink: *His choice of wines shows that he is a gourmet.*

**grate** frame of metal bars; irritate; vex; irk; to have an irritating effect: *His constant complaining grates on my nerves.*

**great** immense; notable; momentous; exalted; grand: *a great performance*

**gravely** extremely seriously: *gravely ill*; dangerously, harmfully

**gravelly** covered with gravel; with a harsh, rasping sound: *His gravelly voice was a result of years of heavy smoking.*

**greave** a piece of plate armor for the leg between the knee and the ankle

**grieve** to feel great sorrow: *They grieve for the loss of their leader*; lament, weep, bewail, bemoan

**grill** gridiron; barbecue; interrogate: *The detective will grill him for hours to get to the facts.*

**grille** a metal framework; perforated screen: *The entrance had a decorative iron grille.*

**grisly** causing a shudder or feeling of horror; gruesome; grim: *the grisly scene of a murder*

**grizzly** grayish or flecked with gray; a species of bear

**groan** a deep, mournful sound of pain or grief: *the groans of a woman in labor*; a grating or creaking sound due to burdening with a great weight: *the groan of a heavy-laden ship navigating a turbulent ocean*

**grown** advanced in growth: *a grown boy*; arrived at full growth or maturity; produced or cultivated in a certain way or place: *The corn was grown in Kansas.*

**guarantee** a promise or assurance of quality or durability: *It has a one-year guarantee that covers parts and labor.*

**guaranty** a warrant; pledge; something taken as security: *He left his gold watch as a guaranty that he would bring the car back.*

**guessed** arrived at an opinion without sufficient evidence to support it; estimated: *He guessed that it would take two hours to get there.*; thought: *I guessed it would be okay.*; believed: *I guessed he was telling the truth.*

**guest** a person who spends time in another's home as a visitor: *house guest, dinner guest*; a person who patronizes a hotel, restaurant, etc.; participating or performing as a guest: *guest speaker, guest conductor*

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## H

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**hail** cheer, salute, acclaim: *hail, Caesar*; attract: *hail a cab*; precipitation in the form of ice balls

**hale** healthy; robust; vigorous; sound: *The old man is still hale and hearty.*

**hair** filament that grows from the skin: *Her hair was long and shiny.*

**hare** rodent-like mammal having long ears; a rabbit: *The race was like the tortoise and the hare.*

**hall** corridor in a building; lobby; auditorium: *The performance is in the music hall.*

**haul** to pull or draw with force; drag; carry: *We have to haul away the trash.*

**hallowed** sanctified; consecrated; greatly venerated: *This cemetery is hallowed ground.*

**hollowed** made concave; scooped out: *A portion of the tree limb was hollowed out to make a bowl.*

**halve** divide into two equal parts; to share equally; to reduce to half: *You must halve that and share it with your sister.*

**have** to hold for use, contain; possess, own: *We have a new car.*

**handicap** hinder, impede, incapacitate; to place at a disadvantage: *His handicap was being born into poverty.*

**handicraft** a work that requires both manual and artistic skill

**handiwork** work done by hand

**handmade** crafted by hand rather than by machine: *handmade candles*

**handmaid** a female helper or servant; something that is subservient or subordinate to another: *All good moral philosophy is but a handmaid to religion.*

**homemade** made or prepared at home or in the facility or restaurant that serves it: *homemade curtains*

**handsome** pleasing and dignified: *a handsome gentleman*; bounteous, liberal: *a handsome reward*

**hansom** a two-wheeled covered carriage with the driver's seat at the back: *We went for a ride through*

*Central Park in a hansom cab.*

**hangar** a shed for airplanes: *The plane taxied to the hangar.*

**hanger** a frame for hanging clothes: *Here is a hanger for your coat.*

**hanged** executed by suspending by the neck: *He was hanged at dawn.*

**hung** fastened from above with no support from below; suspended: *She hung up her clothes.*

**hardy** vigorous; robust; stout; brave: *The early settlers were hardy people.*

**heartly** warm-hearted; jovial; substantial: *He gave me a hearty handshake.*

**heal** cure; soothe; disinfect; restore: *It's just a small cut that will heal quickly.* heel back part of the foot or footwear: *The shoe fits perfectly everywhere except at the heel.*

**he'll** contraction for *he will*

**healthful** conducive to health; wholesome: *We serve only healthful food.*

**healthy** enjoying good health; hearty; robust: *The children are all healthy.*

**hear** perceive by the ear; listen to; pay attention to: *I hear you.*

**here** in this place: *Bring your chair over here by me.*

**heard** past tense of hear; listened to: *I heard the news today.*

**herd** drove or flock of animals; guard or protect: *The shepherd will herd the sheep.*

**helpmate** companion and helper; husband or wife; anything that assists

**helpmeet** a helpmate; spouse

[*Helpmeet* was derived from a misreading in the King James Bible where God promises Adam "to make a help meet for him," meaning a help suitable for him. As Eve became the "help," "help meet" was interpreted as "spouse."]

**heroin** highly addictive narcotic derived from morphine: *He had a hard time kicking heroin.*

**heroine** courageous woman; principle female character: *The heroine of the play was a great actress.*

**hew** strike forcefully with a cutting instrument; to fell; to uphold or conform to rules: *hew to the tenets of the church*

**hue** gradation of a color; tint: *It had a pinkish hue.*; outcry: *the hue and clamor of the crowd*

**hide** conceal; cache; stash: *Hide the money under the mattress.*; the skin of an animal

**hied** hurried; went quickly; hastened: *He hied himself down to the stadium.*

**higher** above, taller: *That mountain is higher than the others.*; a greater amount: *Prices are higher in the city than in the country.*

**hire** employ: *The company will hire another employee to complete the job.*

**hoard** a stash; to store away: *In wartime people have a tendency to hoard supplies.*

**horde** a wandering group or a swarm: *A horde of mosquitoes invaded the camp.*

**hoarse** harsh; grating; throaty; rough: *His voice was hoarse from screaming at the game.*

**horse** large, four-legged animal: *She rode the horse into the woods.*

**hole** an opening in something or an unoccupied space; a playing period in golf: *We only had time to play nine holes.*; a lack or a fault: *Your reasoning is full of holes.*

**whole** a single entity comprised of a collection of parts; including all of an entity: *This requires your whole attention.*

**holy** sacred; hallowed: *holy ground*

**holey** full of holes: *holey cheese*

**wholly** completely; entirely: *The group was wholly in favor of the proposition.*

**home** one's own house or residence; abode, dwelling, habitation; domicile; asylum: *Home is where the heart is.*

**hone** a whetstone for sharpening cutting tools; to make more acute or effective; perfect: *He honed his skills at his father's side.*

**homely** plain; unattractive: *a homely mongrel*; lacking refinement: *a homely country boy*

**homey** comfortably informal; cozy; homelike; warm and friendly: *a homey cottage*

**homogeneous** of the same kind or nature; unvarying; unmixed: *a homogeneous population*

**homogenous** alike in structure because of a common origin: *a homogenous breed*

**homogonous** pertaining to flowers that do not differ in the relative length of stamens and pistils (opposed to *heterogonous*)

**homographs** words that are spelled identically but may or may not share a pronunciation, such as *sow* (so) meaning *to scatter seed*, and *sow* (sou) meaning *an adult female swine*

**homonym** a word the same as another in sound and spelling but different in meaning such as *light*, meaning either *illumination* or *of little weight*

**homophones** words that sound alike whether or not they are spelled differently: *holy* and *wholly*

**hoop** a circular band of metal, wood, or other stiff material; the metal ring from which a basketball net is suspended; rim

**whoop** a loud cry or shout, as of excitement or joy; to cry as an owl or a crane

**hostel** an inexpensive lodging place for young people; an inn: *The students stayed at a youth hostel.*

**hostile** warlike, aggressive: *a hostile takeover*; adverse, contrary, unsympathetic: *a hostile response*

**hour** a measurement of time: *I'll be ready in an hour.*

**our** belonging to us; possessive of we: *We have our new home.*

**how ever** when "ever" is used for emphasis: *How ever did you do that?*

**however** by whatever means; to whatever degree; nevertheless: *It had started to rain; however, the ball game continued.*

**human** pertaining to or having the nature of people: *It's only human to want to be in love.*

**humane** merciful; kind; tender; compassionate: *Children and animals should always have humane treatment.*

**humerus** long bone of the upper arm: *She broke her humerus.*

**humorous** marked by humor; funny, witty: *She always says something humorous.*

**hurdle** a barrier; problem; obstacle: *He jumped over the last hurdle.*

**hurtle** speed; race; rush; shoot: *I watched the horses hurtle down the track.*

**hyperbola** a plane curve having two branches

**hyperbole** an exaggeration used as a figure of speech: *That dog's so ugly its face could stop a clock.*

**hypercritical** excessively critical: *He is hypercritical with his students.*

**hypocritical** falsely claiming feelings; being deceptive: *I do not appreciate your hypocritical praise.*

**idle** not in use; unemployed; inactive: *The lifeguard was idle during the winter months.*  
**idol** object of worship; a person blindly adored: *The rock star was an idol to many teenagers.*  
**idyll** narrative poem; carefree experience: *Their affair was simply a romantic idyll.*  
**illegal** forbidden by law or statute: *an illegal U-turn*; forbidden by official rules or regulations: *an illegal block* (in football); something that is unacceptable to or not performed by a computer: *an illegal operation*  
**illegitimate** born out of wedlock: *an illegitimate child*; not sanctioned by law or custom: *an illegitimate action*; not in proper grammatical usage  
**illicit** not legally permitted or authorized: *an illicit attempt to control the market*; unlicensed; prohibited; not permitted by custom; disapproved of or not permitted for moral or ethical reasons  
**unlawful** contrary to law: *unlawful search and seizure*; born out of wedlock

[All of the above describe actions that are not in accord with the law. However, there are some differences in meaning among the words. *Illegal* refers most specifically to violations of statutes or codified rules: *illegal seizure of property*. *Illegitimate* means lacking legal or traditional rights: *illegitimate use of privileged information*. *Illicit* most often applies to matters regulated by law with emphasis on the way things are carried out: *illicit conversion of property*. *Unlawful* means not sanctioned by law: *an unlawful claim to an inheritance*.]

**illegible** impossible or hard to read: *The handwriting was illegible.*  
**unreadable** not interesting; not worth reading: *The book was unreadable.*  
**immunity** being unaffected by something; a resistance to disease: *The vaccine gave the children immunity to polio.*; a legally established condition: *The court granted the witness immunity from prosecution.*  
**impunity** exemption from punishment or harm: *He carried out his evil act with impunity.*  
**impassable** impossible to travel over or across: *The swollen river was impassable.*  
**impassible** incapable of feeling pain; incapable of emotion: *He seemed impassible in spite of the severity of his injuries.*  
**imperial** relating to an empire, emperor, or empress: *an imperial ruler*; regal; outstanding in quality  
**imperious** tyrannical; despotic; arrogant; dictatorial; overbearing: *behaving in an imperious way*; urgent; imperative: *an imperious requirement*  
**imperil** risk, jeopardize, hazard, chance; to put in peril or danger: *imperil the safe outcome of an action*

**imply** signify or mean; to suggest: *Her words imply a lack of caring.*  
**infer** deduce, reason, guess; draw a conclusion: *They inferred her dislike from her cold reply.*  
**imposter** charlatan, fake, fraud, pretender: *He claimed to be a prince, but he was only an imposter.*  
**imposture** the act of deceiving by assuming a false identity; fraud, hoax, swindle  
**impugn** to attack as untrue; censure; malign; to cast doubt upon: *Her reputation was impugned.*  
**impute** to attribute or ascribe something discreditable: *He imputed the error to the salesperson.*  
**in** inclusion within a space: *He ran in the park. The pie is in the oven.*  
**into** to the inside of: *She came into the building.*; in toward: *I'm going into town.*  
**inane** empty, pointless, lacking sense, complacently foolish: *I was bored by the lecturer's inane presentation.*  
**insane** afflicted with mental derangement, having a disordered mind, mad: *Her bizarre threats were*

*the result of an insane jealousy.*

**inapt** unsuited; incapable; clumsy; inappropriate: *His inapt response did not address the issue.*

**inept** bungling; stupid; inane; foolish; unskillful: *His inept handling of the ball cost them the game.*

**incidence** the rate or range of occurrence or influence of something: *There is a high incidence of lung cancer in people who smoke.*

**incidents** individual events; a distinct bit of action; occurrences: *There were several disturbing incidents during the peace march.*

**incinerate** burn up, reduce to ashes: *incinerate the evidence*

**insinuate** hint, suggest, imply, introduce artfully: *Did you mean to insinuate that I am wrong?*

**incipient** beginning to exist; developing: *It was more than friendship; it was an incipient romance.*

**insipient** unwise; foolish: *Their office flirtation soon turned into an insipient affair.*

**incite** instigate; induce; arouse; goad; provoke: *incite a riot*

**insight** perception; intuition; understanding: *The older we get, the more insight we acquire.*

**incredible** unbelievable; not convincing: *His story is incredible.*

**incredulous** skeptical; disinclined to believe: *I'm incredulous of his alibi.*

**incubate** to hatch eggs by sitting on them or by artificial heat; to develop, grow, take form: *Her plan would slowly incubate in her mind.*

**intubate** to insert a tube into the larynx or the like, as in a medical procedure: *The doctor had to intubate the patient.*

**indeterminable** incapable of being ascertained, measured, or fixed; incapable of being decided: *an indeterminable conflict*

**indeterminate** lacking precision or clarity; not known in advance: *an indeterminate amount of time*

**interminable** boringly protracted; unending; incessant: *interminable whining*

**indict** charge with an offense; criticize: *He tends to indict everyone of plotting against him.*

**indite** compose or write, as a poem: *She will indite an ode to the sunset.*

**indigenous** innate; inherent; natural; aboriginal: *Remarkable agility is indigenous to the tribe.*

**indigent** poor; impoverished; distressed: *The indigent street people are often ignored.*

**indignant** filled with anger at a person who is regarded as unjust, mean, or unworthy: *She was indignant about her coworker's accusations.*

**indiscreet** lacking prudence; revealing secrets: *She made an indiscreet remark about their relationship.*

**indiscrete** not divided into distinct parts: *a box of indiscrete personnel files*

**indolent** not inclined to exert oneself, slothful; conducive to laziness, languorous

**insolent** abrasive; arrogant; brazenly impudent; impertinent

**ineluctable** not to be avoided or overcome; inescapable

**unelectable** not capable of, or having a reasonable chance of getting elected, as to public office

**inequity** unfairness; bias; favoritism: *She treated her two sons with inequity.*

**iniquity** wickedness; unrighteousness; evil-doing, infamy, depravity; gross injustice: *I have loved justice and hated iniquity; therefore, I die in exile.*

**infarction** a localized area of tissue that is dying or dead, having been deprived of its blood supply because of an obstruction

**infraction** breach; violation; infringement: *infraction of the rules*; in medicine, an incomplete fracture of a bone

**infect** affect with disease; contaminate; damage

**infest** overrun or beset: *shark-infested waters*

**inflection** an alteration in pitch or tone of the voice; a change in the form of a word indicating number, person, or tense

**infliction** impose something painful or unwelcome upon; physical assault

**ingenious** characterized by cleverness or originality of invention or construction: *an ingenious device*; brilliant; resourceful

**ingenuous** simple; straightforward; open; naive; artlessly frank; candid; innocent: *a con artist with the ingenuous smile of a child*

**ingrate** an ungrateful person

**ingratiate** bring oneself into favor: *She ingratiated herself with the children by bringing gingerbread cookies.*

**inhabit** be present in, make one's home or live in: *I inhabit a remodeled church.*

**inhibit** hold in check, restrain: *The police officer will inhibit rowdy behavior.*

**inherent** innate; existing as a permanent, inseparable element or quality: *an inherent love for animals*

**inherit** receive a right as an heir: *inherit the farm*; receive a genetic character: *inherit blue eyes*

**inhuman** unfeeling, not sympathetic, savage; not suited for human beings; not human

**inhumane** lacking humanity, kindness, compassion, etc.; cruel to animals; brutal

**insidious** progressing inconspicuously but harmfully: *an insidious disease*; treacherous; crafty; stealthily deceitful: *an insidious agreement*; corrupting; cunning, wily

**invidious** unfairly discriminating; injurious; hateful; calculated to give offense; causing animosity or resentment: *an invidious comment*

**insinuate** to hint at: *She insinuated that they were having an affair.*; to instill subtly or slyly, as into the mind: *to insinuate doubts*; inject, inculcate

**intimate** to indicate or make known indirectly: *She intimated that they were married.*

**insolate** expose to the sun's rays

**insolent** presumptuous; arrogant; impertinent: *His insolent remarks were not well received.*

**insulate** protect from heat or electricity

**insoluble** incapable of being dissolved; incapable of being explained

**insolvable** incapable of being solved

**install** invest, instate, place in position; connect for use: *install an air conditioner*; induct into office with ceremonies: *install a new president*

**instill** inculcate, introduce; insinuate; infuse slowly into the mind or feelings: *instill a sense of fairness in a child*

**instance** an occurrence of something; an example: *The fistfight was an instance of student discord.*

**instants** very brief time periods; almost imperceptible moments: *We experience only instants of pure joy.*

**instinct** innate aspect of behavior; strong impulse; natural capability or aptitude: *He acted on instinct.*

**intuition** knowing without the use of natural processes; acute insight: *She had an intuition that her*

*children were in danger.*

**prescience** knowledge of things before they exist or happen; foresight: *He had a prescience that there would be an earthquake.*

**intelligent** wise, shrewd, having the capacity for thought and reason: *The professor is an intelligent man.*

**intelligible** well articulated or enunciated and loud enough to be heard; can be understood: *He was an intelligible speaker.*

**intense** in an extreme degree; straining; profoundly earnest: *He is intense when it comes to writing his novel.*

**intents** aims, purposes; intentions: *His intents are to be rich and famous.*

**interment** the act or ritual of burial: *The interment will be at noon at the Midtown Cemetery.*

**internment** the act of undergoing training; confinement of enemy aliens, prisoners of war, and political prisoners: *During World War II, many Japanese Americans were sent to internment camps.*

**intern** apprentice; trainee: *She was an intern at the White House.*

**internee** a person who has been confined, as a prisoner of war: *He was an internee of the Germans.*

**internist** a physician specializing in diagnosis and treatment of diseases: *You should see an internist about the pain in your stomach.*

**Internet, the** a large computer network linking smaller computer networks worldwide

**intranet** a computer network with restricted access, as within a company, that uses protocols developed by the Internet

**interstate** connecting different states: *interstate commerce*; a highway serving more than one state: *the U.S. Interstate Highway System*

**intestate** said of a person who dies without having made a will: *No one knows who her heirs should be because she died intestate.* intrastate operating within the boundaries of a state: *intrastate companies*

**intractable** not easily controlled; not manageable; stubborn; obstinate: *an intractable employee*

**untrackable** that which cannot be traced: *an untrackable letter*

**inveterate** firmly established by long continuance, as a disease; chronic; settled or confirmed in a habit, practice, or feeling: *He's an inveterate runner.*

**invertebrate** without a backbone; without strength of character: *She's an invertebrate who will lie about anything to stay out of trouble.*

**its** belonging to it: *This is its handle.*

**it's** it is: *It's cold outside.*; it has: *It's been a long winter.*

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## **J**

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**jam** fill too tightly; cram; fruit preserve

**jamb** vertical sides of a doorway or window

**judicial** pertaining to a judge; judging; forensic

**judicious** using sound judgment; practical

**juggler** one who keeps several objects, such as balls or chainsaws, in continuous motion in the air by tossing and catching; one who uses trickery or deception

**jugular** related to or situated in the region of the neck or throat; a vital and vulnerable trait, feature,



or element that one attacks in an attempt to overcome an adversary swiftly and completely: *go for the jugular*

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## K

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**kernel** the central, softer part within a hard shell of a nut or fruit stone; the whole seed of grain such as wheat or corn: *Popcorn is made from the kernel of corn.*; the nucleus or essential part of anything: *There was a kernel of truth in everything she said.*

**colonel** a commissioned officer in the armed forces

**kibbutz** a community settlement organized under collectivist principles

**kibitz** to offer unwanted advice or criticism; to be a busybody

**knap** crest of a small hill; to strike; break off or chip

**nap** to doze; fibers on the surface of cloth; a downy coating

**knave** unprincipled, dishonest person; villain

**nave** the center part of a church

**knead** work dough or clay into a mass; massage

**kneel** struck or touched with the knee

**need** lack; requirement; necessity

**knight** a man awarded a nonhereditary title (Sir) by a sovereign in recognition of merit; a man devoted to the service of a woman

**night** darkness between sunset and sunrise

**knit** to make something by interlocking loops of yarn with knitting needles; grow together, as broken bones; become intimately united: *knit a friendship*

**nit** the egg of a parasitic insect, such as a louse or flea

**knot** cord, rope, ribbon, or the like that is tied or folded upon itself; a tangle in hair; a difficulty: *a knotty problem*

**not** expressing negation, denial, or prohibition: *I will not answer your question.*

**know** to understand as true: *I know the sun will come up tomorrow.*; to be aware of: *I know his eyes are green.*; to be acquainted with: *I know her sister.*

**no** a negative: *The answer is no.*; a refusal or denial: *No, I don't have it.*

**noes** negative votes

**nose** part of the face that contains nostrils and the organs of smell, used for breathing; prow of a ship; forward end of an aircraft; a perceptive faculty: *a nose for news*

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## L

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**label** an attachment that indicates the manufacturer, size, destination, or nature of something: *According to the label this is a "large."*; a brief description of a person or group: *Don't label me a "liberal" just because I want to protect the environment.*

**labile** flexible; likely to change

**lacks** does not have something that is needed: *The safe lacks a lock.*

**lax** loose or slack; not firm; not strict; negligent: *lax in enforcing the rules*

**lade** load; to put cargo on board a ship; to lift out of, as a fluid: *lade soup*; to burden: *laden with debt*

**laid** past and past participle of *lay*; placed on a surface: *laid down his burden*; to put into a certain state: *laid carpet*

**lain** past participle of *lie*; rested; reposed

**lane** narrow way or passage; an ocean route

**lair** a wild animal's den or resting place; a person's hiding place

**layer** a thickness of matter covering a surface: *layers of clothing*; a hen that lays eggs

**lam** a hasty escape; fleeing or hiding from the law: *on the lam*

**lamb** a young sheep; a person who is gentle or innocent; a person who is easily cheated

**lama** Tibetan or Mongolian Buddhist monk

**llama** an animal with soft woolly fleece

**lath** strip of wood

**lathe** machine for shaping material

**laps** more than one lap: *She swam five laps in the pool. My cat sits in the laps of all of my guests whether they like her or not.*

**lapse** a temporary deviation; a slip or error: *a lapse of judgment*; discontinuance due to a late payment: *She let her insurance lapse.*

**laud** to praise, honor, extol

**loud** having great volume or intensity; *The band is very loud.*; tastelessly showy; *I would not wear such a loud shirt.*

**lay** set down; place; past tense of *lie*

**lei** a garland of flowers worn around the neck

**lie** rest in a horizontal position; recline

**leach** to dissolve out substances; to percolate

**leech** bloodsucking worm; extortioner; sponger

**lead** to conduct or escort: *lead them out*; a heavy bluish-gray metal

**led** past tense of lead: *He led them along the path.*

**leak** to allow the passage of a substance through a flaw: *There is a water leak in the pipe under the sink.*; a breach of secrecy: *They leaked the story to the press.*

**leek** a plant related to the onion with a slender bulb and dark green leaves

**lean** to incline: *lean on me*; thin, skinny, lank, lanky; sparse; economical

**lien** legal claim

**leased** rented for a specified time: *She leased a car.*

**least** smallest; slightest degree: *That's the least of her concerns.*

**legislator** one who makes laws: *This is his first term of office as a legislator.*

**legislature** a group invested with the power to make, alter, and repeal laws: *The legislature will convene again in January.*

**lend** to grant the use of something that will be returned; to make a loan: *I agreed to lend him the money.*; to help: *lend a hand*

**loan** the act of lending: *the loan of a book*; money lent: *The bank granted the loan.*

[Some contend that *lend* is a verb and *loan* is a noun. However, *loan* as a verb meaning to lend has

been used in English for nearly eight hundred years. *Loan* is most common in financial contexts.]

**lent** granted the use of something for a period of time: *lent a book*; allowed the use of money at interest

**Lent** the period from Ash Wednesday to Holy Saturday, devoted to fasting and penitence

**lint** fabric with a raised nap, used for dressing wounds; fluff; minute shreds of yarn

**lessen** to cause to decrease; to belittle; to become less; reduce: *The pain will lessen with time.*

**lesson** something to be learned; a class; a teaching: *The lesson is to look before you leap.*

**lesser** smaller: *She received a lesser amount.*; inferior: *a lesser evil*

**lessor** a person who grants a lease: *The lessor agreed to let me stay another month.*

**levee** embankment to prevent flooding: *The levee might fail in hurricane conditions.*

**levy** to impose a tax: *to levy a duty on imports*; the amount owed or collected; the conscription of troops

**liable** responsible: *He's liable for the damage to her car.*; likely: *She's liable to bring a date.*

**libel** in law, defamation by written or printed words, pictures, or in any form other than by spoken words or gestures; anything that is defamatory or that maliciously or damagingly misrepresents

**liar** a person who does not tell the truth; falsifier, perjurer, prevaricator: *a dirty, rotten liar* lyre a stringed musical instrument

**lightening** becoming lighter or brighter: *The sky began lightening as the storm passed.*

**lightning** a brilliant electric discharge in the sky: *The dark sky was pierced by lightning.*

**limb** large branch of a tree; an arm, leg, or wing

**limn** to draw; portray in words; describe

**limpet** any of various marine gastropod mollusks with a shallow conical shell and a broad muscular foot that sticks tightly to rocks: *stuck like limpets to the spot, lest they forgot*

**limpid** clear, transparent, as water or eyes: *a limpid pool*; lucid; easily comprehended: *a limpid style of writing*

**linage** the number of printed lines; the amount charged (or paid) per printed line

**lineage** ancestry, pedigree, parentage, genealogy

**lineal** being in the direct line, as a descendant: *lineal heir* linear consisting of or using lines: *linear design*

**links** the rings of which a chain is composed; bonds or ties; connections lynx a wildcat having long limbs, a short tail, and tufted ears

**liqueur** sweet alcoholic after-dinner drink

**liquor** an alcoholic drink; meat or vegetable broth: *pot liquor*

**litany** ceremonial form of prayer; prolonged or tedious account; list; enumeration

**liturgy** a form of public worship; ritual; a particular arrangement of religious services

**literal** taking words in their primary sense without metaphor or allegory: *the literal meaning of a word*; expressed by letters; actual, factual, truthful, exact, reliable

**littoral** pertaining to the shore of a lake, the sea, etc.; a region lying along a shore

**load** a burden or cargo

**lode** an ore deposit

**loaner** one who loans; something loaned: *While my car's in the body shop, I'm driving a loaner.*

**loner** one who prefers to be alone or is rarely in the company of others: *A loner doesn't go to many parties.*

**loath** unwilling; reluctant: *She was loath to go.*

**loathe** abominate; hate: *They loathe each other.*

**local** pertaining to a particular place: *local custom*

**locale** location; scene or setting, as in a film, play, or novel: *filmed in a desert locale*

**lodge** cabin, hut, cottage, the main building of a camp or hotel

**loge** the front section of the first balcony; a private box or enclosure

**loose** not tight or bound: *loose clothing*

**lose** to experience loss: *lose your keys; lose money*

**loot** booty; spoils or plunder taken by pillaging; to ransack, plunder: *loot the art museums*

**lute** a stringed musical instrument

**lubricate** to make slippery or smooth; apply a lubricant to a machine to diminish friction; to smooth over a problem; ease: *to lubricate a family squabble*

**lucubrate** to write in a scholarly way; to work, write, or study laboriously, especially late at night: *She would be a more well-rounded person if she didn't lucubrate so much.*

**lucent** shining; luminous; translucent: *softly lucent as a rounded moon*

**lucid** easily understood; comprehensible; rational or sane: *He's a muddled fool, full of lucid intervals.*

**lumbar** relating to the loin, especially the lower back area: *a pain in the lumbar region*

**lumber** logs or timber cut for use; to move in a slow, clumsy, noisy way: *He lumbers along like an old, angry bear.*

**luxuriant** lush; rich in growth, teeming, fruitful, prolific, copious, abundant: *a luxuriant crop of sunflowers*

**luxuriate** greatly enjoy oneself; revel: *to luxuriate in wealth;* thrive: *The roses luxuriate in the sunny garden.*

**luxurious** rich, sumptuous; promoting luxury: *The hotel room was luxurious.*

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## **M**

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**maddening** driving to madness or frenzy; exasperating: *All those delays are maddening.*

**madding** frenzied; raging: *far from the madding crowd*

**made** past tense of *make*; prepared: *made dinner;* contrived: *made a false statement*

**maid** female servant: *The maid cleaned our room.;* a girl or young unmarried woman: *a fair maid*

**magnate** a person of great influence, importance, or standing in a particular enterprise: *a hotel magnate;* a person of distinction: *a literary magnate*

**magnet** a thing or person that attracts: *The race track is a magnet for compulsive gamblers.;* a thing that has the property of attracting certain substances, such as iron or stainless steel: *She puts notes on the refrigerator with a magnet.;* a lodestone

**mail** the letters and packages that are transported by the postal service; to send via the postal service: *I will mail the letter for you.;* flexible armor made of interlinked metal rings: *The knight wore mail into battle.*

**male** being of the human or animal sex which begets offspring; the sex that produces gametes (spermatozoa)

**main** chief: *the main person in charge*; principal: *main reason*

**mane** neck hair of an animal; a person's long hair: *a luxurious mane*

**maize** a pale yellow resembling the color of corn: *She wore a lovely maize dress.*

**maze** labyrinth; any complex system that causes confusion: *a maze of government regulations*; a state of bewilderment: *The crowded street was a maze of pushing and screaming people.*

**malady** illness; affliction; complaint: *He had a chronic malady that sapped all of his energy.*; any undesirable or disordered condition: *a social malady*

**melody** musical sounds; harmony; tune; song

**mall** a large retail complex; area used as a public walk

**maul** a heavy hammer; to use roughly; to injure

**moll** a female criminal

**manner** way of doing something; behavior

**manor** a landed estate; mansion

**mantel** facing of a fireplace; a shelf above: *Put the clock on the mantel.*

**mantle** a cloak; something that conceals: *the mantle of darkness*

**marry** take a husband or wife; wed; combine, connect, join: *The new cars marry fuel efficiency and roominess.*

**merry** happy, cheery, glad; jolly, jovial, mirthful; joyous in disposition: *a merry old elf*

**marshal** high-ranking military officer; to arrange in order; convoke; gather: *marshal the forces*

**martial** warlike; associated with armed forces: *martial law*

**marten** a carnivore of the genus *Martes* of northern wooded areas

**martin** a bird that resembles and is closely related to the swallow

**massage** a treatment consisting of rubbing and kneading the body to increase suppleness and relieve tension; to manipulate data to produce a desired result: *massage the figures*

**message** a communication sent by mail, e-mail, messenger, telephone, etc.; an official communication; a prophetic pronouncement: *That cough is a message that your cold is getting worse.*

**massed** gathered, assembled: *The stores were massed in the downtown area.*

**mast** a structure rising above the hull of a boat or ship to hold sails; any upright pole, such as a mast for a flag: *The flag was flown at half mast.*

**masterful** dominating; self-willed: *The envoys masterful behavior irritated the citizens.*

**masterly** like or befitting a master: *a masterly presentation of his paintings*

**mat** a flat piece of material used to place under an object, such as a dish; a floor pad: *a doormat*

**matte** a dull finish, as on glass, metal, or paper: *a glossy or matte photo*

**material** substance out of which a thing can be made: *I bought the material for the drapes.*

**materiel** equipment and supplies of a military force; an aggregate of things used in any business or undertaking: *requisition the necessary materiel for the operation*

**mean** intend: *What do you mean?*; signify, indicate, imply; malicious: *a mean bully*

**mien** a person's look or bearing: *a woman of regal mien*

**meat** food; the flesh of animals; edible part of anything: *the meat of a walnut*; the essential part: *the meat of the matter*

**meet** join: *the roads meet here*; become acquainted with: *I'd like you to meet my friend.*

**mete** deal; measure; dole: *to mete out punishment*

**meatier** having more meat; more thought-provoking: *a meatier subject*

**meteor** a fiery streak in the sky produced by a meteoroid passing through the earth's atmosphere; a shooting star; something or someone that moves with spectacular speed: *a meteoric rise in popularity*

**medal** a metal decoration; a reward: *She received a medal for her bravery.*

**meddle** intervene; intrude; pry: *Don't meddle in other people's business.*

**median** relating to the middle: *a median strip in a highway*; a midpoint, line, or plane: *The median cost of a home is higher than ever.*

**medium** about halfway between extremes: *The shirt was a size medium.*; an agency by which something is conveyed: *the medium of television*

**meretricious** showy; gaudy; tawdry; based on pretense; false: *a meretricious comment*

**meritorious** deserving of praise, admirable: *meritorious service*

**metal** a hard substance such as gold, silver, or copper

**mettle** inherent quality of character; fortitude; courage

**mewl** to cry or whimper as an infant or young child: *the infant, mewling and puking in the nurse's arms*

**mule** the offspring of a female horse and a male donkey; a stubborn person; a lounging slipper

**mews** soft, high-pitched sounds of cats or kittens; characteristic sounds gulls make

**muse** think, ruminate on, dream, ponder, contemplate: *I mused on his offer for a long time.*

**midst** core, heart; occurring in the middle: *She arrived at the theater in the midst of the performance.*; course of action

**missed** failed to hit: *missed the target*; regretted the loss or absence of: *She missed her classmates.*; failed to be present: *missed church*

**mist** cloud; a fine spray; to rain in very fine drops; something that dims or obscures: *The mist of passion blurred his reason.*

**might** force; strength; past tense of *may*

**mite** tiny particle; an insect; a small amount

**mince** cut into very small pieces: *mince onions*; soften or moderate one's words: *mince words*; to walk with short dainty steps: *She minces along like a little girl.*

**mints** plural of *mint*; aromatic herbs; candies; produces money: *mints coins*

**mind** that which reasons, thinks, feels, wills, perceives, etc.; intellect or understanding; to care: *Do you mind if I smoke?*; to tend: *mind the baby*; heed or obey: *mind the teacher*

**mined** dug into the earth to extract ore, coal, precious stones, etc.; drew useful information from: *He mined all of the reports on the subject.*

**miner** a person who works in a mine; a mechanical device used in mining

**minor** underage person

**minks** weasel-like animals; fur coats made of this animal: *He gives her minks and diamonds.*

**minx** an impudent or flirtatious girl: *The minx likes his expensive presents.*

**miserly** like a miser; cheap, stingy, penurious: *He is not miserly with his gifts.*

**misery** tribulation, suffering; grief, anguish, torment, desolation: *the misery of abject poverty*

**missal** a book of prayers or devotions

**missile** an object or weapon for throwing or shooting

**misses** plural of miss (a title of respect for an unmarried woman); sizes of women's garments

**missis** wife; the mistress of a household

**moan** a prolonged low sound as from pain of some sort; a lamentation; groan; grieve; mourn

**mown** past participle of *mow*: *He has mown the grass.*

**modal** pertaining to mode, manner, or form; in music, based on a scale other than major or minor

**model** a standard or example for imitation; exemplary: *a model prisoner*; a miniature representation of something: *a model train*; a person or thing that serves as a subject for an artist

**module** a separable component or self-contained segment of something else: *an office module*; a standard unit for measuring; in computers, a program or part that performs a distinct function

**mode** method, manner; a way: *a new mode of travel*

**mowed** past tense of *mow*: *He mowed the lawn.*

**Monseigneur** a French title of honor or respect given to princes and prelates

**Monsignor** a prelate with a rank or title that is usually conferred by the Pope

**mood** a frame of mind; temper, humor, disposition, inclination: *She's not in the mood to go to a party.*; a prevailing attitude: *the mood of the voters*

**moored** past tense of *moo*, the sound a cow makes

**moor** a tract of peaty wasteland with poor drainage; to secure a vehicle such as a boat, ship, or dirigible in a particular place; to fix firmly; secure: *moor the ship to the dock*

**Moor** a Muslim of the mixed Berber and Arab people inhabiting northwest Africa

**more** in greater quantity, amount, measure, degree, or number: *I need more time.*

**moot** debatable; undecided: *a moot point*; disputable, unsettled

**mute** silent; refraining from speech; incapable of speech; to deaden or muffle the sound of

**moral** ethical: *moral responsibility*; lesson: *the moral of a story*; upright, honest, straightforward, virtuous, honorable: *a moral woman*

**morale** spirit; mood; emotional or mental condition: *the morale of the soldiers*

**morality** character or virtue; concern with the distinction between good and evil or right conduct; the right principles of human conduct: *morality lessons*

**mortality** the quality or state of being mortal; death rate; the ratio of deaths in a given area to the population of that area: *mortality figures*

**morays** tropical eels having porelike gill openings and no pectoral fins: *moray eel*

**mores** (pronounced *moray*) customs, conventions, practices: *The settlers brought the mores of the old country with them.*

**morning** early day: *We leave early tomorrow morning.*

**mourning** sorrowing or lamentation: *She couldn't stop mourning the loss of her dog.*

**motif** recurring theme, subject, or idea: *the motif of the song*

**motive** motivation; ground; cause; reason: *Her motive was questionable.*

**mouse** a small rodent; a computer device

**mousse** a dessert made with whipped cream; a gel or foam used to keep the hair in place

**moose** a large mammal of the deer family; a member of a fraternal

**muscle** brawn; power; force; organ that produces movement

**mussel** a bivalve mollusk or clam

**musical** pertaining to music: *a musical instrument*; tuneful; melodious; harmonious; dulcet; lyrical

**musical** a music program forming the main part of a social occasion

**Muslim** a believer in Islam; also Moslem

**muslin** sturdy cotton fabric

**mussed** messy; untidy; tangled: *mussed hair*

**must** ought; should; obliged, bound, required, or compelled to: *You must be on time.*; a necessity; vital: *A warm coat is a must in this weather.*

**mustard** a pungent powder of the mustard plant, used for seasoning food

**mustered** convoked; gathered; convened; congregated: *They mustered the troops.*

**mystic** pertaining to esoteric, otherworldly, or occult practices; a person who claims to have insight into mysteries not understood by ordinary people

**mystique** someone or something that has an aura of mystery or mystical power

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## N

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**naval** of the navy: *Naval Academy*; pertaining to ships: *naval battle*

**navel** the depression in the center of the belly where the umbilical cord had been attached

**nay** refusal; denial; negative vote

**neigh** high-pitched sound made by a horse

**noisome** offensive or disgusting, as an odor; harmful; noxious; stinking: *noisome factory emissions*

**noisy** loud, harsh, or confused sounds; clamorous; tumultuous; vociferous: *noisy football fans.*

**no body** no group: *There is no body of literature on the topic.*; no deceased person: *We believed he was dead but no body was ever found*

**nobody** no person: *Nobody left the house during the storm. Nobody is home.*

**no one** nobody: *No one understands the problem.*

**none** not one; not any: *None of them attended the event.*; nothing: *She looked for a reason but found none.*; to no extent; no way

**nun** a woman of a religious order: *My teacher in Catholic school was a nun.*

**notable** prominent, important, or distinguished; famous; great; eminent: *a notable philanthropist*

**noted** well-known; celebrated: *a noted musician*

**notorious** widely and unfavorably known; disreputable; infamous: *a notorious bank robber*

**numerable** capable of being counted, totaled, or numbered: *numerable reasons*

**numerous** very many; existing in great quantity: *Numerous people crowded the stadium.*

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## O

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**oar** a long pole used to row a boat

**o'er** over

**ore** a mineral from which a metal can be extracted for profit

**ode** a lyric poem expressive of exalted or enthusiastic emotion

**owed** obliged to pay; indebted: *He still owed money on his car loan.*; to have a feeling toward someone or something: *He owed me gratitude for my help.*

**odious** arousing hatred; abhorrent; repugnant; abominable; loathsome, detestable: *an odious pedophile*

**odorous** having a distinctive odor; smelly: *an odorous stockyard*

**official** authorized, authoritative: *We obtained official permission to enter the building.*; one who administers the rules of a game: *The official called for a time-out.*

**officious** meddlesome; intrusive in an offensive manner: *She's an officious woman who makes a nuisance of herself.*

**oleo** margarine: *I prefer butter to oleo.*

**olio** a dish of many ingredients; hodgepodge; medley or potpourri; miscellany: *an olio of gadgets*

**one** a single unit, object, or being

**won** past tense of win; basic unit of money in North and South Korea

**on to** go forward: *moved on to the next phase*

**onto** to place or position upon: *He put his glasses onto the table.*; to be aware of: *I'm onto your wily ways.*

**ophthalmologist** physician specializing in the eye

**optician** one who makes lenses and eyeglasses

**optometrist** one who examines eyes and measures vision

**oral** spoken rather than written: *oral exam*; relating to the mouth: *oral cavity*

**verbal** relating to words: *verbal ability*; using words alone without action: *verbal imagery*; literal: *a verbal translation*

**ordinance** law, practice, or custom; religious rite

**ordnance** military weapons as a whole; heavy guns; artillery

**orient** to place so as to face the east; to become familiar with a situation

**Orient** the countries of Asia (The Orient)

**overdo** to do to excess: *overdo exercise*; to take to extremes; to cook too long: *overdo the steak*

**overdue** past due; deserved but not yet to come: *Your reward is far overdue.*

**overseas** abroad; across the sea: *overseas travel*; beyond the sea; foreign: *overseas assignment*

**oversees** supervises: *oversees the manufacturing division*; manages; surveys, as from a higher point; looks over; examines: *oversees the documents*

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## **P**

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**paced** walked briskly; stepped; trotted; ran; trudged: *The father-to-be paced up and down.*

**paste** fasten or stick: *Paste the paper to the wall.*; a creamy topping: *almond paste*; any soft, smooth, and plastic material or preparation; an artificial gem: *That's not a diamond but only paste.*

**pack** small package of similar items: *a pack of tissues*; bundle; a group of people, animals, or things:

*pack of wolves*

**pact** formal agreement; treaty: *a pact with Germany*

**pail** a cylindrical vessel with a handle; a bucket: *Fetch a pail of water.*

**pale** pallid; light; feeble; weak: *The patient looked pale and thin.*

**pain** to feel hurt; suffering; misery; torment; ache, agony, anguish

**pane** a glass-filled section of a window or door

**pang** a sudden sharp feeling of distress or longing: *a pang of desire; a pang of guilt; twinge, ache, throb, stab*

**pair** two things that are matched for use together: *a pair of socks; a married, engaged, or dating couple; two mated animals; a pair of horses*

**pare** to cut off the outer coating, layer, or part of: *pare an apple*

**pear** an edible fruit; the tree itself: *partridge in a pear tree*

**palate** the roof of the mouth; taste: *a fine palate for gourmet food*

**palette** an artist's paint board; the set of colors on such a board

**pallet** bed; platform; a shaping tool used by potters

**paltry** trashy, worthless: *The prize was too paltry to justify an effort to win.;* contemptible: *The paltry wage that they offer is an insult.*

**poultry** chickens, turkeys, ducks, and geese raised for food

**parameter** a measurable characteristic; a constant factor serving as a limit; guidelines: *the basic parameters of our foreign policy*

**perimeter** the circumference or outline of a closed figure; outer boundary of an enclosed area: *the perimeter of the estate*

**parish** an ecclesiastical district, a church with its field of activity

**perish** expire, shrivel, wither, rot, vanish

**partition** distribution in portions or shares; apportion; a separation: *a partition between offices; a part, division, or section*

**petition** a formally drawn request: *a petition for clemency; to beg for or request something; solicitation, appeal; suit: petition the court*

**passed** gone beyond; happened: *and so it passed; moved on; died: The old man has passed on.*

**past** no longer current: *the account is past due; formerly: a past president*

**patience** capacity of calm endurance; forbearance: *She has the patience of a saint.*

**patients** those under medical treatment: *The patients are responding to treatment.*

**pause** suspension; interruption; a temporary stop: *Put the tape on pause.;* a momentary hesitation: *He paused frequently during his speech to wait for the applause.*

**paws** the feet of animals; to scrape with paws: *The dog always paws the door to get in.*

**peace** quiet, calm, rapport, concord, truce; lack of hostility: *a time of peace* piece part; section; fragment; portion: *a piece of cake; a musical or literary composition*

**peak** pinnacle; acme; zenith: *a mountain peak*

**peek** to look or glance quickly or furtively: *peek at the presents*

**pique** offend; excite: *Her curiosity was piqued.*

**peal** a ringing of a set of bells; chime: *The church bells peal Christmas carols.*

**peel** skin or rind of a fruit such as banana or orange; to strip away or pare: *peel potatoes*

**pearl** a gem; yellowish white color

**purl** to knit with a purl stitch; to edge with lace or embroidery

**pedal** a foot-operated lever: *Put the pedal to the metal.*

**peddle** to carry around to sell; to deal out or distribute: *peddle newspapers*

**peer** to look intently: *peer in the window*; a person with equal status, class, or age: *a jury of his peers*

**pier** a platform on pillars extending from shore over water: *Part of the pier was washed out in the storm.*

**penal** pertaining, or subject to punishment, as for crimes or offenses; *a penal offense*

**penile** of or concerning the penis: *penile implant*

**per** to, for, or by each: *one ticket per person*; according to: *per our agreement*

**purr** soft, vibrant sound made by a cat: *She will sit in my lap and purr.*

**perceptive** discerning, sensitive, keen, astute; showing insight or intuition: *a perceptive analysis of the challenges*

**preceptive** of or expressing a principle or rule regarding conduct; didactic; mandatory; instructive: *a preceptive notice*

**peremptory** arbitrary, dogmatic, domineering; imperative: *a peremptory order*; imperious or dictatorial; assertive: *a peremptory manner* preemptive an action that is taken before an adversary can act: *a preemptive strike*

**preemptory** occupation of land to establish a prior right to buy:

*preemptory claim*; an act or statement that is absolute; it cannot be denied: *a preemptory challenge*

**perfect** complete; unblemished; faultless: *a perfect performance*

**prefect** a person appointed to a position of command or authority; a chief magistrate

**perform** discharge, execute, transact; carry out; act, play, or sing: *The rock star performs before an audience of thousands each time he appears.*; fulfill a command: *perform one's duties*

**preform** to shape or fashion beforehand; to decide beforehand: *preform an opinion*

**perpetrate** to commit: *perpetrate a crime*; to present or execute in a tasteless manner: *perpetrate a poor performance*

**perpetuate** save, maintain, sustain; preserve from oblivion: *perpetuate a little-known opera*

**perquisite** an extra profit; privilege, or allowance in addition to a main income: *perquisite payment in stock options*; a customary privilege, such as a gratuity or tip

**prerequisite** something required as a precondition: *Passing the exam is a prerequisite for college admission.*

**persecute** hound; afflict; torture; torment; badger; bother: *persecute the opposition*

**prosecute** to institute legal proceedings against: *prosecute the suspect*; carry forward something begun: *prosecute a war*

**personal** relating to a particular person; private: *a personal matter* personnel body of persons employed in an organization or business: *personnel department*

**perspective** a mental view; the state of one's ideas; vista: *It looks good from my perspective.*

**prospective** expected; anticipated; future: *prospective earnings*

**perspicacious** discerning; perceptive: *a perspicacious observation*; acute; shrewd; penetrating

**perspicuous** clearly expressed; lucid, plain, distinct: *perspicuous building*, explicit, intelligible: *an intelligible report*

**peruse** read through thoroughly; examine in detail: *peruse a map* pursue trail, hunt; follow close upon: *pursue the escapee*; continue to discuss or study: *pursue the options*; go on with: *pursue an education*

**pervade** diffuse; fill; spread throughout all parts of: *Suspicion pervades the whole department.*

**purvey** furnish; provide; supply: *The caterer will purvey the tables and chairs in addition to the food.*

**physic** laxative; cathartic; any medicine; relieve or cure: *The physic made me feel better.*

**physique** bodily structure, development, or appearance of an individual: *an athletic physique*

**picaresque** a style of fiction dealing with the episodic adventures of rogues;

**pertaining** to or resembling rogues picturesque beautiful or striking as in a picture: *a picturesque scene*; strikingly graphic; vivid: *picturesque speech*

**picture** a work of art, as a painting, drawing, photograph, etc.; portrait; movie; any visual image; a person or thing resembling another closely: *the very picture of her mother* pitcher a container for holding and pouring liquids: *a pitcher of cream*; a person who pitches: *a baseball pitcher*

**pinion** the outer part of a bird's wing; a small toothed gear engaging with a larger one

**pinon** a pine bearing edible seeds; a type of pine nut

**pistil** the female organs of a flower consisting of the stigma, style, and ovary

**pistol** a small hand-held firearm

**pitiable** lamentable, wretched: *a pitiable hovel*

**pitiful** evoking or deserving pity: *a pitiful leper*

**piteous** that which exhibits suffering and misery: *piteous poverty*

**plain** simple; clearly evident; unpretentious; unadorned: *plain truth*

**plane** a carpenter's tool; to smooth: *plane the wood*; to travel by airplane

**plaintiff** the party who institutes a suit in court, opposed to defendant

**plaintive** expressing sorrow; mournful: *a plaintive melody*; wistful, sad

**plait** to braid: *plait the child's hair*

**plate** a flat, thin object; a shallow dish; to coat with a layer of metal: *plate with silver*

**plantar** of or relating to the sole of the foot: *a plantar wart*

**planter** one who cultivates the soil; a large container for plants; the owner or manager of a plantation: *a wealthy Southern planter*

**pleas** appeals, entreaties: *pleas for clemency*; excuses; pretexts; a defendant's answers to legal charges

**please** be agreeable to; give pleasure: *please the audience*; like or wish: *do what you please*

**pleural** pertaining to the pleura, a serous membrane lining the thorax and enveloping the lungs: *pleural pneumonia*

**plural** more than one in number; a plural word or form: *dictionaries is the plural form of dictionary*

**plum** an oval, fleshy, edible fruit: *He stuck in his thumb and pulled out a plum.*

**plumb** exactly vertical: *plumb in the center*; determine the depth of; experience in extremes: *plumb the depths of fear*; provide with plumbing; work as a plumber

**plume** a soft, fluffy feather: *the plume of an egret*; emissions from a stack, flue, or chimney: *a plume of smoke*

**polar** pertaining to the North or South Pole: *polar bear*; having magnetic polarity; directly opposite in character or tendency

**poller** one who takes samples of opinions on a subject

**pole** a long cylindrical piece of wood or metal: *fishing pole*; inside lane of a racetrack: pole position

**poll** the casting of votes; a survey of opinions; top or back of the head

**poor** needy; penniless; destitute; poverty-stricken

**pore** read with attention; a minute orifice as in the skin

**pour** rain heavily; send a liquid flowing: *pour coffee*

**poplar** a tree

**popular** favorably regarded, well-liked; representing the people, common: *popular belief*

**populace** the common people; a population

**populous** having many people; numerous; crowded

**portend** foreshadow as an omen; signify; foretell; forecast; forebode: *The skies portend a possible hurricane.*

**pretend** make believe; deceive; feign: *pretend surprise*; simulate, fake, sham, counterfeit; assume: *pretend a title*

**portent** augury, warning, sign: *portent of things to come*

**potent** strong, mighty, powerful: *potent medicine*; persuasive, influential: *a potent argument*

**portion** a part of a whole; section: *A portion of the building was under construction.*; segment; ration; allotment

**potion** elixir, brew, concoction; a drink, esp. one having magical powers: *a love potion*

**poser** a person who poses, as for a picture

**poseur** a person who tries to impress others by behaving affectedly

**practicable** workable, achievable, attainable; feasible: *a practicable solution to the problem*

**practical** pragmatic; suited to actual conditions; useful; sensible: *a practical*

**praise** glorify, exalt; acclamation, approbation, compliment; laud: *Her performance received praise from all the critics.*

**prays** makes a fervent request; beseeches; implores; offers a prayer to a deity: *prays for guidance*

**preys** victimizes: *preys upon the poor*

**precede** to go before; to preface: *precede a statement with a qualification*

**proceed** progress, emanate, ensue; move or go forward; to carry on: *proceed to the exit*

**precedence** priority in time, order, or importance; the right to precede others on formal occasions

**precedents** previous cases or legal decisions taken as a guide or justification for subsequent cases; example, model, pattern, standard

**precession** the act of preceding; precedence; the slow, conical motion of the earth's axis of rotation

**procession** a line of people, animals, vehicles, etc., moving along in orderly succession

**precipitant** falling headlong; rushing hastily onward; unduly sudden: *precipitant decision*

**precipitate** hasten the occurrence of; to cast, plunge, or send violently; accelerate: *precipitate a fight*

**precipitous** extremely steep; abrupt, sheer: *a precipitous slope*

**precocious** prematurely developed in some faculty or characteristic: *a precocious child*

**preconscious** occurring prior to the development of consciousness; the preconscious portion of the

mind

**prepose** to place (a grammatical form) before a related grammatical form: *The adverb "out" of "put the light out" is preposed in "put out the light."*

**propose** to offer a matter for consideration; suggest: *He proposed an item for the agenda.*; to make an offer: *propose marriage*; proffer, tender, present

**preposition** a word governing and usually preceding a noun or pronoun and expressing a relation to another word or element; examples of prepositions are *in, on, by, to, from, since, for, of* *Where did you come from? What shelf did you put it on? That's what it's for.*

**proposition** a proposal; a suggestion of something to be considered, adopted, etc.: *a proposition of marriage or sexual relations*

**prescribe** appoint; to order a medicine: *prescribe a painkiller*

**proscribe** prohibit, censure, repudiate; to banish: *proscribe drinking in a public park*

**presence** the state of being present: *Your presence is requested at the meeting.*; a person's bearing or force of personality: *His presence was commanding.*

**presents** gifts: *The child received a lot of presents.*; things presented: *The company presents its new president.*

**presentiment** foreboding; a vague expectation: *I had a presentiment that there would be an accident.*

**presentment** an act or manner of presenting; the act of presenting information: *The principal made the presentment.*

**pretense** pretending or feigning: *a pretense of listening*; a false show of something: *his sympathy was only a pretense*; an allegation or claim: *get a loan under false pretenses*; shamming; semblance; mask, veil

**pretext** something put forward to conceal a true purpose; an ostensible reason; excuse: *The leaders used presumed threats as a pretext to declare war.*; subterfuge; evasion

**preview** the showing of a movie, play, etc. prior to its public opening; to see or show in advance: *They always show previews before the movie.*

**purview** the scope or range of something; responsibility, compass, extent: *The job is within his purview.*

**pride** conceit, self-esteem, egotism, vanity; feeling proud; the best of a group: *The pride of the Yankees.*; a group of lions

**pried** inquired presumptuously into something: *pried into her personal life*; opened by using leverage: *pried open the cover of the manhole*

**prince** a male sovereign or monarch; the chief or greatest: *the prince of journalists*

**prints** copies of a photograph or document; fingerprints, paw prints; produces a copy of something on paper or other material

**principal** main; foremost; the person in charge: *the school principal*; a capital sum (of money)

**principle** essential quality; law; moral rule: *true to her principles*; doctrine: *the principle of the matter*

**prodigy** a person with exceptional talent or ability: *a child prodigy*; a marvelous thing

**protege** a person under the protection, patronage, or tutelage of another: *a protege of the concertmaster*

**profit** gain; benefit; income from investments or property: *The sale made a profit.*

**prophet** soothsayer; predictor: *prophet of doom*

**prophecy** a prediction; the inspired utterance of a prophet: *His prophecy was that the world would come to an end soon.*

**prophecy** to speak as a prophet; to foretell future events: *He will prophesy the next world war.*

**prostate** of or pertaining to the prostate gland

**prostrate** prone, supine, incumbent; to lay flat as on the ground; to reduce to physical weakness

**protean** extremely variable; changeable in shape or form, as an amoeba; a versatile actor

**protein** plants or animal compounds rich in amino acids required for growth and repair of animal tissue

**put** to place, set; to assign, attribute

**putt** to hit a golf ball with a light stroke

**pyretic** of, for, or producing a fever

**pyrrhic** (of a victory) won at too great a cost to be of use by the victor; a metrical foot of two short or unaccented syllables

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## Q

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**quail** lose heart or courage; recoil; flinch; cower: *quail in the face of danger*

**quake** shake or tremble; shudder: *quake with fear of the monster*

**qualm** uneasy feeling; pang of conscience; misgiving: *She has no qualms about lying to her parents.*

**queasy** troubled; anxious; worried; nauseated; upset: *After she ate the spoiled food she felt queasy.*

**quarts** measures of dry or liquid volume

**quartz** a hard, crystalline mineral

**quiet** still; soothing; hushed; calm: *quiet the animals*

**quit** stop, cease, surrender, release, resign: *quit the job*

**quite** very; to a degree; rather: *quite a lovely compliment*

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## R

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**rack** framework; spread out; torture: *they put the prisoner on the rack*

**wrack** damage or destruction: *wrack and ruin*

**rain** water falling to earth in drops: *Soon it's going to rain.*

**reign** exercise of sovereign power; widespread influence: *He reigns supreme.*

**rein** a leather strap fastened to the bit of a bridle; a means of restraint: *Rein in your anger.*

**raise** lift, build, or erect: *The whole community helped them raise the house.*

**rays** narrow beams of light; traces of an enlightening influence: *rays of hope*

**raze** tear down or demolish: *It took a demolition crew to raze the hotel.*

**rap** a knock; a short tapping sound; blame, censure: *take the rap*; conversation; a rhythmical, rhyming monologue recited to music; a small amount, the least bit: *I don't give a rap.*

**wrap** enclose something in cloth or paper: *wrap a gift*; the end of filming or taping of a show or scene: *That's a wrap.*

**rappel** technique of controlled descent from a height: *rappel down a cliff*

**repel** drive back; ward off: *repel the enemy*; be repulsive to

**rapt** deeply moved; enraptured; engrossed

**wrapped** covered, enveloped, or encased

**raptor** one who seizes by force; robber; a raptorial bird

**rapture** ecstatic joy; bliss; beatitude

**ravage** wreak great destruction or devastation: *ravage the enemy camp*

**ravish** abduct, rape, or carry away with emotion: *ravish the young women*

**read** reproduce written words mentally or utter them aloud: *read a book*; to apprehend the meaning; assume as intended or deducible: *read too much into a letter*; determine what is being said by the movement of a person's lips: *read lips*

**reed** a marsh plant with a firm stem; the vibrating part of the mouthpiece of some wind instruments

**real** true; existing; actual: *the real reason*

**reel** winding device; a spool; a dance: *danced the Virginia Reel*

**reality** what is real or existent; resemblance to what is real: *reality show*; something that constitutes an actual thing: *The reality is that he is your son.*

**realty** real property or real estate: *She's a realty salesperson.*

**rebuff** blunt or abrupt rejection; snub; spurn: *rebuff a proposal or invitation*

**rebuke** a sharp, stern disapproval of; reprove; reprimand; censure; admonish; reproach: *rebuke his bad behavior*

**rebut** to argue to the contrary; disprove; confute: *rebut an argument*

**receipt** the state of being received into one's possession: *receipt of goods*; a written acknowledgment of payment: *a receipt for the order*

**recipe** a set of instructions for making something: *a recipe for muffins*; a device for achieving something: *a recipe for success*

**regime** a system of government; a mode of rule: *a dictatorial regime*

**regimen** regulated course, as of diet or exercise: *a health regimen*

**regiment** a military unit of ground forces: *He sent three regiments into battle.*

**reluctant** disinclined; unwilling to act: *She's reluctant to report him to the police.*

**reticent** unwilling to speak; reserved; taciturn, uncommunicative: *She was reticent to answer our questions.*

**reprisal** retaliation against an enemy; redress; revenge

**reprise** to repeat; in music: a return to the first theme

**reprobate** scoundrel; wastrel; rogue; outcast: *The ex-con is a worthless reprobate.*

**reprobation** disapproval, condemnation or censure; rejection: *She expressed her reprobation of the proposal.*

**repudiate** to reject as having no authority; disown; reject with disapproval; renounce: *repudiate a leader*

**repugn** to oppose or refute: *repugn the candidate*

**repulse** to drive back; repel; rebuff, snub, shun: *repulse a man's advances*

**requirement** demanded in accordance with set regulations: *A degree is a requirement for the job.*

**requisite** something that circumstances make necessary: *A cool head is a requisite for a police officer.*

**rescind** countermand, repeal, veto; nullify, retract: *rescind an agreement*

**resend** send again; send back: *resend a letter*



**residence** habitation, domicile; stay, sojourn; the place in which a person resides: *My residence is within the city limits.*

**residents** physicians who are in full-time attendance in a hospital and who often live on the premises; those who reside in a place: *residents of a condominium complex*

**respectably** honorably; suitably: *He performed his job respectably.*

**respectfully** full of respect; with regard: *She listened respectfully to his advice.*

**respectively** sequentially; in precisely the order given: *John and Hal finished first and second, respectively.*

**rest** abstain or be relieved from exertion: *Rest here awhile before traveling on.;* left without further investigation: *Let the matter rest.*

**wrest** to usurp forcefully; to extract by guile or persistence: *wrest a confession from the suspect*

**restive** nervous, unquiet; recalcitrant, disobedient, obstinate, balky: *a restive horse*

**restless** agitated, fretful, without rest: *restless night*

**retch** to make efforts to vomit

**wretch** an unfortunate or unhappy person

**right** correct; proper; just; appropriate: *the right way*

**rite** religious ceremony; ceremonial act: *marriage rite*

**role** a part played by an actor; a function: *the role of a wife*

**roll** to turn; to throw as in dice; a small bread

**root** part of a plant normally below the ground; basic cause, source, or origin: *the root of the problem*

**route** a way or course taken: *the shortest route to your destination;* a round traveled in delivering, selling, or collecting goods: *a newspaper route*

**rote** mechanical or habitual repetition: *Try to learn your multiplication table by rote.*

**wrote** past tense of write: *I wrote a letter to you.*

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## S

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**sail** a piece of canvas or other fabric extended on rigging to catch the wind and propel a sailing vessel; an apparatus that catches the wind on a windmill; to move along or travel over water

**sale** the act of selling; the amount sold; disposal of goods at reduced prices; an event where goods are sold; a public auction

**salvage** the rescue of a ship and its cargo from loss at sea; the property saved in such a way; the act of saving anything from a wreck, fire, etc.

**selvage** an edging that prevents cloth from unraveling

**sanatorium** a hospital for the treatment of chronic diseases, such as tuberculosis or mental disorders

**sanitarium** an institution for the preservation or recovery of health; a convalescent hospital; a health resort

**sanitarian** clean and wholesome; a specialist in public sanitation and health

**satire** the use of ridicule, irony, sarcasm, etc., to expose folly or vice or to lampoon someone; burlesque, caricature, parody

**satyr** one of a class of Greek woodland gods with a goat's or horse's ears and tail and budding horns; a lustful or sensual man; lecher

**saver** a person who saves, especially money

**savior** a person who saves from danger or destruction, one who rescues or delivers

**savor** a characteristic taste, flavor, etc.; to appreciate or enjoy the taste of; to enjoy an experience

**scene** the place where events in real life, drama, or fiction occur: *scene of the crime*; any view or picture; an embarrassing public display of emotion: *Please don't make a scene!*

**seen** past participle of see: I have seen the light.

**scrip** a certificate to be exchanged for goods or cash

**script** handwriting; the text of a play, TV program, or motion picture

**scull** either of a pair of small oars used by a single rower; a small boat propelled by a scull or a pair of sculls

**skull** the skeleton of the head

**sculptor** an artist who makes sculptures

**sculpture** the art of making forms by chiseling, carving, modeling, casting, etc.

**sea** ocean; overwhelming quantity: a sea of troubles

**see** to perceive with the eyes; to perceive mentally: *I see your point.*

**seasonable** timely; fit; appropriate; characteristic of the season: seasonable weather

**seasonal** pertaining to the seasons of the year; periodical: *seasonal work*; depending or occurring on the season: seasonal fluctuations in rainfall

**sees** perceives with the eyes, views; recognizes, visits

**seise** *chiefly law*: to take into legal custody; confiscate

**seize** take hold of suddenly and forcibly; grab; overwhelm; to take possession by force

**sensibility** capacity for feeling; responsiveness: *She has a great sensibility for her patients.*

**sensitivity** ability to react to stimuli: *sensitivity to light*

**sensual** carnal; lascivious; lacking moral restraints: *a sensual dance*

**sensuous** affecting the senses: *sensuous poetry*; sensible; sentient

**serf** a person in a condition of servitude; vassal, peasant

**surf** the swell of the sea breaking on shore or reefs; the foam produced by this; to ride the surf as with a surfboard; to search through a computer network for information: *surf the Web*

**serge** a twilled woolen fabric: *His serge suit was shiny from many years of wear.*

**surge** a rolling swell of water: *The huge surge of the sea frightened us.*; a rush of current in a circuit: *I need a surge protector for my computer.*; any sudden or abrupt strong increase

**sew** fasten by stitches made with needle and thread; make clothes with cloth: *She will sew a party dress for me.*

**so** in the way or manner indicated; in order that: *Please RSVP so that we'll know how many reservations to make.*; to the extent or degree indicated: *I feel so good.*

**sow** scatter seed on the earth; to plant: *sow a crop*; circulate

**sewn** made, repaired: *I have sewn the pieces together.*

**sown** impregnated with seed; propagated; spread: *You have sown the seeds of suspicion.*

**shear** to clip or cut; remove hair or fleece from: *shear the sheep*

**sheer** thin; fine; transparent; steep: *a sheer nightgown*

**shone** past tense of shine: *Today is cloudy, but yesterday the sun shone.*

**shown** past participle of show: *A link has been shown between obesity and diabetes.*

**shudder** to tremble from horror, fear, or cold; quiver; shiver: *I shudder to think how close I came to having a terrible accident.*

**shutter** a movable cover for an opening; a device for opening or closing the aperture of a camera lens; to close down: *Shutter the cottage for the winter.*

**sight** vision: *My sight has been getting dimmer.*; something worth seeing: *a sight for sore eyes*

**site** location; setting of an event: *This is the site where we will build our dream home.*

**slay** murder; slaughter; assassinate: *They planned to slay the King.*

**sleigh** a light vehicle on runners; a sled: *a one-horse open sleigh*

**sley** the reed of a loom; the warp count in woven fabrics

**sleight** skill; dexterity; stratagem; legerdemain: *sleight of hand*

**slight** small in size, degree, or amount; delicate; act of disrespect: *He reacted with anger to the slight.*

**sloe** fruit of the blackthorn; the shrub itself

**slow** unhurried; gradual; leisurely

**soar** rise, fly, or glide without effort: *The eagles soar high into the sky.*

**sore** painful to the touch; tender: *a sore arm*; open wound

**soared** rose into the air; rose rapidly; flew a plane that has no engine

**sword** a thrusting weapon with a long, sharp-pointed blade: *They fought with swords.*

**sol** *music*: the fifth tone of a diatonic scale; a Peruvian coin

**Sol** ancient Roman god personifying the sun

**sole** only, unique; the undersurface of a foot or shoe; a flatfish

**soul** spirit, heart, essence, core

**some time** a little time; a short while: *I need some time away from my business.*

**sometime** at an unstated or indefinite time: *Come up and see me sometime.*

**sometimes** now and then, at times: *Sometimes I prefer the beach in the winter.*

**some** remarkable: *That was some thunder storm.*; unspecified quantity: *I'd like some candy.*

**sum** a quantity obtained by addition: *The sum of 13 and 20 is 33.*; the final aggregate

**son** a male human offspring: *My dad always wanted a son.*

**sun** a star that is the source of light and heat for planets in the solar system; the luminous celestial body the earth and other planets revolve around: *We warmed ourselves in the sun.*

**soot** a black substance rising in fine flakes in smoke

**suit** a legal action; a matched set of clothes; meet the requirements of: *This room will suit me just fine.*

**spacious** large in expanse or scope; roomy: *a spacious auditorium*

**specious** plausible but false; based on pretense; deceptively pleasing: *His incorrect conclusion arose from specious reasoning.*

**spiritual** concerned with sacred or religious things; refined; sensitive: *She is a spiritual woman.*

**spirituous** distilled, as whiskey; containing much alcohol: *a spirituous concoction*

**splutter** speak in a vehement or choking manner; utter rapidly or incoherently, spatter, as a liquid; noise or fuss; a blend of the words *splash* and *sputter*

**sputter** make popping or sizzling sounds; to eject particles of saliva or food from the mouth explosively and involuntarily; some of the same definitions as for splutter, such as to utter incoherently

**staff** a pole or stick; personnel: *The entire staff will attend the conference.*

**staph** staphylococcus, a parasitic bacteria: *a staph infection*

**staid** sober and sedate; characterized by dignity and propriety: *a staid professor*

**stayed** continuing or remaining in a place; a judicial order forbidding an action until the order is lifted: *stayed the execution*

**stair** step or flight of steps: *walk up the stairs*

**stare** steady gaze; to look at intently: *It's not polite to stare.*

**stake** a stick or post; wager; bet: *I have a stake in that race.*

**steak** a slice of meat or fish: *I'll have my steak rare.*

**stammer** speak with involuntary breaks and pauses or with spasmodic repetitions of syllables or sounds; pause, hesitate, falter

**stutter** speak in such a way that the rhythm is interrupted by repetition, blocks, or spasms, or prolongations of sounds and syllables along with contortions of the face and body; distorted speech

[Both *stammer* and *stutter* mean to speak with difficulty. *Stammer* suggests inarticulate sounds or interrupted speech caused by excitement, embarrassment, confusion, or other emotion that may require special treatment to correct. *Stutter* designates a broad range of speech defects. It is the term that is preferred in technical usage: *His stutter was more than merely a stammer of embarrassment.*]

**stance** position of the body while standing; a mental or emotional position: *take a firm stance*

**stanch** to stop the flow of blood or other liquid: *Use direct pressure to stanch the bleeding.*

**staunch** constant; true; faithful; steadfast: *a staunch friend*; strong; substantial

**stationary** fixed; standing still; not movable; not changing: *Inflation has remained stationary.*

**stationery** writing paper; writing materials: *I ordered personalized stationery.*

**statue** image of human or animal carved in marble or bronze: *There is a statue of the local hero in the center of town.*

**stature** height or uprightness: *He was of unusual stature.*

**statute** a law enacted by the legislative branch of a government: *The maximum allowable speed was established by statute.*

**steal** to take the property of another without permission: *Did he steal your purse?*

**steel** modified form of iron: *The building is reinforced with steel beams.*

**stele** stone marker or monument: *An ancient stele marked the grave.*

**steer** to guide or direct the course of; a young ox castrated and raised for beef

**stere** a unit of volume equal to one cubic meter

**straight** having no waves or bends: *a straight path to the beach*; candid and direct: *straight talk*; unmixed: *I drink my whiskey straight.*

**strait** (often straits) a narrow passage of water connecting two large bodies of water; difficulty; distress: *dire straits*

**stricter** more rigid or exacting in enforcing rules: *stricter parents*

**stricture** a restriction; an adverse criticism: *The critic made a stricture regarding the script.*

**subset** a set that is part of a larger set

**subtext** underlying or implicit meaning, as of a literary work: *What is the subtext of the story?*

**subtype** a subordinate type; a special type included in a more general type

**subtitle** a secondary and usually explanatory title, as in a literary work

**subtopic** one of the divisions into which a main topic may be divided

**success** favorable or prosperous outcome; attainment of wealth, position, fame, etc.

**succuss** to shake up; shake

**suite** matched furniture: *a bedroom suite*; connected rooms: *The suite contains a sitting room, two bedrooms, and two baths.*

**sweet** the taste experience of sugar; a food rich in sugar; pleasing to the mind or feelings: *a sweet deal*; in an affectionate manner: *You are very sweet to me.*

**summary** a brief account of the main points of something; outline, precis, synopsis: *Please provide a summary of the book.*

**summery** like summer: *a bright summery day*

**suspension** something that is suspended or hung; temporary withholding of a privilege: *I got a suspension for yelling at the teacher.*; decision, etc.; interruption, discontinuance, abeyance

**suspicion** the act of suspecting; doubt, mistrust, misgiving: *I have a suspicion that she isn't being truthful.*

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## T

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**tacked** changed a boat's heading relative to the wind; fastened with a short nail with a sharp point and large head; sewed together loosely with large stitches: *tacked the hem of the dress*

**tact** sensitive perception of what is appropriate in dealing with others: *The director has a lot of tact.*

**tacks** short, sharp nails with broad, flat heads; fastens; zigzags

**tax** a sum of money demanded by a government; levy; lay a burden on; strain, stretch

**tail** the prolongation of an animal's rear end: *The dog wagged his tail.*; the rear part of an aircraft; the side of a coin that does not bear a head or date; someone employed to follow and report the movements of another: *put a tail on the suspect*

**tale** story; an actual or fictitious narrative of an event: *He told an exciting tale.*

**tankard** large drinking cup, often with a handle and hinged cover: *a tankard of ale*

**tanker** a ship, airplane, or truck used for bulk shipment of liquids or gasses; a tank trailer or tank truck

**taper** a slender candle; a gradual decrease: *The storm will taper off soon.*

**tapir** animal resembling swine

**taught** past tense of teach: *He taught me to sing.*

**taut** trim; tidy; tense: *She speaks in short, taut sentences.*

**team** two or more who work together or play on the same side as in a game: *She's on my team.*

**teem** to be full of; swarm; abound: *The area teems with bees.*

**tear** (tear as in teardrop) a drop of the saline solution that is secreted by the lacrimal glands: *I won't*

*shed a tear if you go.*

**tier** row, rank, or layer, one atop the other: *Their seats are on the third tier.*

**tremblor** a tremor; earthquake

**trembler** a person or thing that trembles

**tenant** occupant; one who holds the right to occupy a place: *The tenant of that apartment is a woman.*

**tenet** principle, belief, doctrine; part of a body of doctrine: *tenet of a church*

**tense** stretched tight; high-strung: *She is overly tense.*; a category of verbal inflection

**tents** portable canvas shelters: *The homeless are living in tents by the river.*

**tints** a color or variety of color; hue: *Use pastel tints for the walls.*

**than** used after comparative words such as other: *She is prettier than her sister.*

**then** at that time: *He'll be home then.*; soon afterward: *Then we'll have dinner.*; next in order

**their** possessive case of *they*: *It is their book.*

**there** in or at that place: *The book is over there.*

**they're** they are: *They're working on a second edition.*

**threw** past tense of throw; hurl; cast; emit; project: *She threw the ball a long way.*

**through** by way of: *We'll be driving through Seattle.*; finished: *We'll be through with the project by tonight.*

**throe, throes** a violent spasm or pain: *the throes of childbirth*; a sharp attack of emotion; tumult; chaos; turmoil

**throw** fling, launch, send: *throw the ball*

**throne** the chair occupied by a sovereign or other exalted person on ceremonial occasions

**thrown** projected; propelled; hurled: *He has been thrown into prison.*

**tide** periodic rise and fall of the ocean: *High tide is at 6:03 p.m.*; a current, tendency, or drift, as of events: *A tide of fear could lead to war.*

**tied** bound, fastened, or attached with a rope or string drawn together and knotted: *He tied the package securely.*

**tiered** arranged in tiers: *a five-tiered wedding cake*

**tired** weary, fatigued: *I'm tired from a long day at work.*

**timber** wood, especially when suitable for building purposes: *Stack the timber next to the house.*

**timbre** the characteristic quality of a sound: *The timbre of his voice was unique.*

**to** toward, on, against, upon

**too** also: *me too*; excessive: *too much*

**two** a number: *Take two; they're small.*

**toe** a digit on the foot of certain mammals: *He stubbed his toe.*

**tow** pull or haul by a rope, chain, or other device: *They had to tow my car.*

**tortuous** circuitous; devious; full of twists, turns, or bends: *a tortuous road up the mountain*

**torturous** pertains to suffering: *We toil in the torturous heat.*

**tracked** followed the traces of; made tracks upon: *The children tracked mud into the house.*

**tract** pamphlet or leaflet; an extended area of land: *a housing tract*

**transcendent** surpassing all others; pre-eminent: *Her beauty was transcendent.*

**transcendental** mystical; knowledge derived from intuitive sources: *It was a transcendental experience.*

**translucent** permitting light to pass through but diffusing it so that objects are not clearly visible: *a translucent lampshade*; lucid: *a translucent description*

**transparent** allows objects to be seen clearly through it: *clear water is transparent*; crystalline

**treaties** formal agreements; formal documents embodying an agreement; compacts

**treatise** formal exposition in writing of the principles of a subject, more detailed than an essay

**triad** a group of three, as notes in a chord

**triage** sorting according to quality; the assignment of degrees of urgency to decide the order of treatment of injuries, illnesses, etc.

**trooper** soldier or police officer: *He was a state trooper.*

**trouper** actor; dependable person: *He's always on time'a real trouper.*

**trustee** a person who is given control of another's property: *He is the trustee of his mother's estate.*

**trusty** a prisoner given special privileges: *The trusty works on the landscape outside the prison walls.*

**turbid** cloudy, muddy, murky: *The turbid water overflowed the banks of the river.*

**turgid** swollen, distended, overblown, pompous: *The politician was known for his turgid prose.*

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## U

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**udder** a mammary gland, especially when baggy and with more than one teat, as in cows

**utter** speak or pronounce: *Don't utter a word.*; complete; total; absolute: *the utter truth*; unconditional; unqualified: *He's an utter liar.*

**unaware** not aware or cognizant: *He was unaware of the danger lurking.*

**unawares** unexpectedly, without forethought, by surprise: *Her anger caught him unawares.*

**underserved** those whose needs are not sufficiently served: *underserved children of the ghetto*  
undeserved not justly or rightly earned or merited: *an undeserved reward*

**undo** reverse or erase; annul; untie; unwrap: *undo a knot*

**undue** exceeding the appropriate or normal; excessive: *the use of undue force*

**unreal** not actual; imaginary, fanciful, delusory; lacking in truth; not genuine; false; sham

**unreel** to unwind from a reel

**urban** relating to a city; characteristic of city life: *There are many benefits to urban living.*

**urbane** polished and elegant in manner or style; suave; cosmopolitan: *He has a sophisticated, urbane way about him.*

[*Urban* and *urbane* once meant the same thing: *belonging to a city*. Both words are derived from the Latin *urbanis*. Later, *urbane* developed the more specialized sense of *refined*, *polite*, and *elegant*, which were considered to be characteristics of those who lived in cities rather than those living in the country.]

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## V

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**vain** excessively proud of one's appearance, qualities, etc.; conceited: *She is very vain about her long black hair.*; arrogant; egotistical; without effect or avail: *Her efforts were in vain.*; worthless; unimportant

**vane** blade in a wheel moved by air, steam, or water: *A weather vane shows the direction of the wind.*; someone who is changeable or fickle

**vein** blood vessel; a natural channel; a body or stratum of ore: *a rich vein of coal*; a condition, mood, or temper: *a vein of sadness*; tone; touch; thread; streak

**vale** a valley; the world, or mortal or earthly life: *this vale of tears*

**veil** a piece of netting worn by women for concealment; something that covers or screens: *a veil of smoke*

**vary** to be different; modify; deviate: *Her actions seem to vary from the norm.*

**very** to a high degree; extremely: *a very important matter*

**vassal** dependent; bondman; servant; slave: *The vassal cared for the entire cornfield.*

**vessel** container; water craft; airship: *The new boat was a seaworthy vessel.*

**venal** open to bribery; mercenary; corruptible: *a venal administration prone to greed and deception*

**venial** pardonable; trifling; not seriously wrong: *His outburst in class was only a venial offense.*

**veracity** truthfulness: *He has a reputation for veracity and we can trust what he says.*

**voracity** excessive eagerness, greediness, great hunger: *He gobbled down his food with voracity.*

**verses** stanzas; poems or pieces of poetry: *She recited verses from her latest poem.*

**versus** against; as compared to; in contrast with: *a partial compromise versus total defeat*

**vial** a small container used for liquids: *The biology student held up a vial of swamp water.*

**vile** disgusting; loathsome; depraved: *He's a vile man with a cruel streak.*

**viol** a stringed musical instrument: *He was the finest viol player in the orchestra.*

**violation** a breach, infringement, or transgression as of a law or rule: *She was stopped for a traffic violation.*

**volition** a choice or decision made by the will; discretion: *She left on her own volition.*

**vice** a bad habit; serious moral failing: *Drinking too much is a vice.*

**vise** a clamp for holding metal or wood in place: *I used a vise to hold the wood as I sawed it in half.*

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## W

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**wail** moan or lament; to cry loudly: *The toddler is sure to wail when his mother leaves.*

**whale** hit, beat, strike hard: *whale away at the bully*; a very large cetacean

**waist** the narrow middle part of an object: *She wore a sash at her waist.*

**waste** to use carelessly; lose; squander: *It's not good to waste food.*

**wait** postpone; linger; remain; stay: *Wait with me for the bus.*

**weight** measurement of heaviness or mass: *I was dismayed by how much weight I had gained.*

**waive** relinquish a right voluntarily: *waive his right to a jury trial*; dispense with; forgo: *waive a fee*

**wave** surf; whitecap; undulate: *wave a flag*; to signal with the hand: *wave good-bye*

**waiver** intentional relinquishment of a right; the document that evidences a waiver: *She signed a waiver.*

**waver** vacillate; fluctuate; hesitate; falter; sway: *She wanted to go, but her doubts made her waver.*

**wander** rove, ramble, move about without a fixed course: *He tends to wander aimlessly throughout the city.*



**wonder** something that causes feelings of wonder; feelings aroused by a marvel; to query in the mind: *Sometimes we wonder what we're here for.*

**wangle** maneuver, finagle, wheedle: *wangle an invitation*

**wrangle** to argue or dispute; an altercation; to round up cattle, horses, or other livestock

**want** to desire greatly; need; lack: *I really want a new car.*

**wont** accustomed to; apt or likely: *He is wont to make mistakes when he hurries.*

**won't** will not: *I won't be able to go with you.*

**ware** pottery or ceramics: *She sells her wares at street festivals;* a specified kind of merchandise: *silverware, glassware*

**wear** to have on: *he will wear a uniform;* carry; display; waste; depreciate: *wear and tear*

**warrantee** a person to whom a warranty is made: *The customer is the warrantee.*

**warranty** authorization; assurance of quality: *I got a one-year warranty on the machine.*

**way** the condition of things; how something is done or how it happens; a pathway: *This is the way you get to the pool.*

**weigh** determine the weight of something; to ponder and consider: *Weigh your decision before going forward.;* to consider one's words carefully: *Weigh your words before you speak.*

**weather** meteorological conditions: temperature and wind and clouds and precipitation; face or endure: *I can weather the storm.*

**whether** used to introduce the first of two or more alternative conditions: *I haven't decided whether to go or stay.*

**weak** not strong; feeble; lacking firmness or force of will: *The illness had made her weak.*

**week** a period of seven days: *It has been a week since I saw him.*

**weird** involving or suggesting the supernatural: *a weird glowing object in the sky;* fantastic; bizarre: *That's a weird costume you are wearing.*

**wired** equipped with wires; made of wire; consisting of or made of wires: *a wired barrier;* connected electronically to computer networks; a feeling of excitement or anticipation; edgy: *You're certainly wired today.*

**wench** peasant girl; female servant; wanton woman: *a saucy little wench*

**winch** a hoisting machine: *They used a winch to hoist the wrecked cars onto the crusher.*

**wrench** a tool with jaws for gripping, turning, or twisting an object: *Sometimes I have to use a wrench to open jars.*

**wend** to proceed or go: *She had to wend her way through the crowd.*

**wind** (pronounced wind) to change direction; meander: *The creek winds through the woods.*

**which** an interrogative pronoun, used in questions about alternatives: *Which dessert would you like?*

**witch** a female thought to have special powers derived from the devil; a female sorcerer; an ugly evil-looking old woman: *Many fairytales feature a scary witch.*

**whirl** rotate or spin rapidly: *The blades of the windmill whirl in the breeze.*

**whorl** one of the ridges of a fingerprint; a coil or curl: *whorls of frost on a window*

**who** what person or persons: *Who was that woman?*

**whom** objective case of *who*: *To whom are you speaking?*

**who's** who is: *Who's going with you?*

**whose** possessive case of *which* or *who*: *Whose comb is this?*

**wiggle** move quickly and irregularly from side to side: *The puppy wiggled its tail.*; undulating

**wriggle** writhe; squirm; to move by twisting and turning the body, as a worm or snake: *He tried to wriggle out of the narrow opening.*

**wood** the hard, fibrous substance of a tree or shrub; the trunks or main stems of trees; timber or lumber: *Most furniture is made out of wood.*

**would** past tense and past participle of *will*: *Would you have gone to the game with me if I had asked you to?*

**wreak** to inflict or execute punishment: *wreak revenge*; visit; vent; unleash: *He wreaked his anger on the office staff.*

**wreck** destroy; devastate; shatter; tear down: *The mob will wreck the goal posts.*; the remains of something ruined: *The tornado turned the house into a wreck.*

**wreath** a circular band of flowers, foliage, or other material, used as an adornment; a garland: *We always put an evergreen wreath on the door for the holidays.*

**wreathe** to encircle or adorn, as with a wreath; to envelop: *Her head was wreathed in spring flowers.*

**wright** one who constructs something: *a wheelwright*; *a playwright*

**write** pen, author, draft, create, compose: *I write at least three pages every day.*

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## Y

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**yoke** a working frame for oxen

**yolk** the yellow of an egg

**your** belonging to you: *Is this your child?*

**you're** you are: *You're going to the party with me.*

## Chapter Five



# *Frequently Misspelled Words*

*"Do you spell it with a 'V' or a 'W'?" inquired the judge.  
"That depends on the taste and fancy of the speller, my Lord," replied Sam.*

--CHARLES DICKENS, PICKWICK PAPERS

IT IS UNDERSTANDABLE that most of us have trouble spelling correctly. The English language is made up of so many other languages that spelling rules rarely apply. Some new words go through several variations of spelling before they settle into one widely accepted standard, such as *Web site*, which is sometimes spelled *web site* or *website*.

Many British words are spelled differently from American words. Again, this book follows *The Chicago Manual*, which uses American spelling. Some examples are *color* (American) and *colour* (British), *demoralize* and *demoralise*.

Consonant and vowel sounds are not the same as consonant and vowel letters. The *y* at the beginning of a word is a consonant, as in *yes* and *yellow*. But it becomes a vowel when it is at the end of a word: *pretty*, *fairly*.

Often the *e* at the end of a word does not represent a sound itself but indicates the pronunciation of the preceding vowel, as in *bite*. With the *e* it is a long *i*; without the *e* it is a short *i*. This bit of information won't always help you in your pronunciation because, for example, *hypocrite* and *rite*, should rhyme but don't.

The same combination of letters isn't always pronounced the same, causing us to mispronounce words fairly frequently, which makes it easier to misspell them as well. Historical changes through the years have driven spelling and pronunciation far apart.

An example of this is the letter combination *-ough*. *Rough* and *tough* are pronounced *ruff* and *tuff*. *Slough*, when it means a swamp or quagmire, is pronounced *slow*. However, when *slough* refers to the skin that an animal casts off or molts, it is pronounced *sluff*.

*Ought*, *thought*, and *bought* are pronounced *awt*, *thawt*, and *bawt*. *Cough* and *trough* are pronounced *cawf* and *trawf*. Thus, it would make sense that *bough* would be pronounced *bawf*. But no. *Bough* rhymes with *wow*.

It would seem that *through* and *thorough* logically would rhyme with one of the above words but they don't. They don't even rhyme with each other. *Through* rhymes with *true* while *thorough* rhymes with *burrow*.

Words with the letters *eight* in them don't always sound alike either. *Eight*, *weight*, and *freight* all rhyme with *ate* but *height* and *sleight* rhyme with *ite*. There have been attempts through the years to

simplify the spelling of our English words. And it makes sense to have some kind of uniform rule of spelling matching pronunciation in most words. For example, *weight* and *freight* would be spelled *wate* and *frate*. *Height* and *sleight* would be *hite* and *slite*. But no matter how many times these changes were suggested, they were roundly rejected.

**The *i* before *e* rule.** There are a few spelling guidelines, as in *ei* and *ie* words. In school, many of us learned the spelling rule of "i before e except after c." Here is a poem that children used to be taught (and maybe still are) in elementary school:

I before E  
Except after C,  
Or when sounded as A,  
As in *neighbor* or *weigh*.

Simple enough, except that there are more exceptions than those in the poem. The actual rule is this: *i* always goes before *e* except

- (1) after the letter *c*, as in *deceive*, *receipt*, and *conceit*;
- (2) when the sound of the double vowel is an *a*, as in *beige*, *deign*, *eight*, *feign*, *feint*, *freight*, *geisha*, *heinous*, *heir*, *reign*, *reindeer*, *reins*, *sleigh*, *weigh*, and *weight*;
- (3) in these specific words (not a complete list): *either*, *neither*, *feisty*, *forfeit*, *Geiger*, *heifer*, *height*, *leisure*, *seize*, *seizure*, *sleight*, *seismology*, *seize*, and *weird*.

This rule is probably best forgotten because it will mess you up as often as it will help you.

**Words ending in *-ance*, *-ence*, *-ant*, and *-ent*.** Among these words are: *apparent*, *coherent*, *appearance*, *abstinence*, *superintendent*, and *tenant*. There is no simple, comprehensive spelling rule that applies to words with these endings. You'll have to memorize the spelling of them or look them up every time you write them. Some of these words appear in the list of misspelled words but not all of them because there are far too many.

**Words ending in *cede*, *ceed*, and *sede*.** When in doubt, spell words ending in these letters with *cede*, as in *concede*, *intercede*, *recede*, and *precede*, and you'll be right most of the time. In this rule, all you have to do is memorize the words that *don't* end in *cede* because there are only four. Three of them end in *ceed*: *exceed*, *proceed*, and *succeed*. And only one ends in *sede*, and that one is *supersede*.

**Words ending in *c*.** Here's a fairly reliable rule: with words ending in *c* you add a *k* if you join them with "soft" vowels that would otherwise soften the *c* to an *s* sound. When you add the *k* it keeps the *c* hard. Some examples are *panic*, *panicking*, *panicked*; *picnic*, *picnicking*, *picnicked*; *traffic*, *trafficking*, *trafficked*. The plurals are without the *k*: *panics*.

**Other erratic word endings.** Frequently misspelled words for which there are no clear-cut rules are words ending in *able* and *ible*, *er* and *or*, *eous* and *ious*, *ise* and *ize*, and *sion* and *tion*.

**Plurals.** The general rules of plurals are that when a noun ends in a soft *ch* or in *s*, *sh*, *j*, *x*, or *z*, the plural is *es*: *churches*, *flashes*, *fixes*. When it ends in *y* and is preceded by a consonant the plural is formed by replacing the *y* with *ies*: *babies*, *thirties*, *navies*.

**Possessives.** According to *The Chicago Manual of Style*, "The possessive of singular nouns is formed by the addition of an apostrophe and an *s*, and the possessive of plural nouns (except for a few irregular plurals) by the addition of an apostrophe only." Examples given are *the horse's mouth*, *the puppies' tails*, and *the children's desk*.

*The Manual* states, "The general rule for the possessive of nouns covers most proper nouns,

including most names ending in sibilants ..., " with some exceptions. Among the examples it gives are *Kansas's*, *Texas's*, *Burns's poems*, *Marx's theories*, *Berlioz's opera*, *Ross's land*, *the Rosses' land*, *Jones's reputation*, and *the Joneses' reputation*.

Traditional exceptions to the rule are Jesus and Moses: *in Jesus' name* and *Moses' leadership*. Other exceptions are names of more than one syllable with an unaccented ending pronounced *eez*. The possessive *s* is seldom added to these names. Examples include *Euripides' plays*, *Ramses' tomb*, and *Xerxes' army*.

Often people misspell words because they are confusing them with a word that sounds just like the word they want to use but means something different. (See chapter 4, "Frequently Misused Words.")

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## A

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abacus, not *abbacus*  
abandon, not *abanden*  
abatement, not *abbatement*  
abbreviate, not *abreviate*  
abdicate, not *abdacate*  
abduction, not *abducksion*  
aberration, not *abberation*  
abeyance, not *abayence*  
abhorrent, not *abhorent*  
abject, not *abjeck*  
able, not *abel*  
abnormality, not *abnormallity*  
aboard, not *abored*  
abolish, not *abalish*  
abominable, not *abaminable*  
aborigine, not *abariginie*  
abrasion, not *abrazion*  
abrasive, not *abrazive*  
abrupt, not *abrup*  
abscess, not *absess*  
abscond, not *abscand*  
absence, not *absense*  
absolute, not *absalute*  
absorbent, not *absorbant*  
absorption, not *absorbtion*  
abstain, not *abstane*  
abstinence, not *abstinence*  
abstinent, not *abstinant* or *abstenent*  
abstract, not *abstrack*  
absurd, not *abserd* or *abzurd*  
abundant, not *abudent*  
abusive, not *abusave* or *abuseve*  
abyss, not *abiss*  
academically, not *academicly*  
a cappella, not *a capella*

academy, not *accademy*  
Acapulco, not *Accapulco*  
accelerator, not *accillarator*  
accent, not *acsent*  
acceptable, not *acceptible*  
access, not *acsess*  
accessible, not *accessable*  
accessory, not *accessary*  
accidentally, not *accidently*  
acclimate, not *acclamate*  
accolade, not *accollade*  
accommodate, not *accomodate*  
accompany, not *accompeny*  
accompaniment, not *accompanymment*  
accomplish, not *accomplesh*  
accord, not *acord* or *achord*  
accordion, not *accordian*  
accost, not *acost*  
accrue, not *accrew*  
accumulate, not *accummulate*  
accuracy, not *accuresy* or *acuracy*  
accurate, not *acurate*  
accursed, not *acursed*  
accusation, not *accuzation*  
accustom, not *acustom*  
acerbic, not *aserbic*  
achievement, not *acheivement*  
acknowledgment, not *acknowledgement*  
achievement, not *acheivement*  
acoustic, not *accuestic* or *acustic*  
acquaintance, not *acquaintence*  
acquiescence, not *acquiesance*  
acquire, not *aquire*  
acquitted, not *aquitted*  
acrimonious, not *acramonious*  
acrobat, not *acrabat* or *accrobat*  
across, not *accross*  
acupressure, not *accupressure*  
acupuncture, not *accupuncture*  
acrylic, not *accrylic* or *acrilic*  
adage, not *addage*  
adamant, not *adament*  
adaptable, not *adaptible*  
addendum, not *adendum*  
addict, not *addic* or *adict*  
additive, not *addative*  
additionally, not *additionaly*

address, not *adress*  
adenoids, not *adanoids*  
adept, not *addep*  
adequate, not *adaquate*  
adhere, not *adhear*  
adhesive, not *adhezive*  
adieu, not *adeiu*  
adjacent, not *ajacent*  
adjective, not *ajective* or *adjetive*  
adjourn, not *ajourn*  
adjunct, not *adjunck*  
adjutant, not *adjutent*  
administer, not *admenister* or *adminester*  
admiral, not *admirel*  
admirable, not *admerable* or *admirible*  
admiration, not *admeration*  
admissible, not *admissable*  
admission, not *admision*  
admittance, not *admitance* or *admittence*  
admonish, not *admonesh*  
adolescent, not *adolesent*  
adorable, not *adorible*  
adrenalin, not *addrenalin*  
adulterate, not *adultarate*  
adultery, not *adultry*  
advancement, not *advansement*  
advantageous, not *advantagious*  
adventurous, not *adventureous*  
adversary, not *adversery*  
advertisement, not *advertisment*  
advisory, not *advisery*  
advocate, not *advacate*  
aerie, not *airie*  
aeronautical, not *aironautical*  
affable, not *afable*  
affair, not *afair*  
affidavit, not *affadavit*  
affiliate, not *afiliate*  
affirmative, not *affirmitive*  
Afghanistan, not *Afganistan*  
aficionado, not *aficianado* or *afficionado*  
aforementioned, not *aformentioned*  
aggravate, not *agravate*  
aghost, not *agast*  
agnostic, not *agnostick*  
agreeable, not *agreable* or *agreeible*  
ailment, not *ailmint*

aisle, not *aile*  
albatross, not *albotross* or *albetross*  
album, not *albem*  
albumin, not *albuman*  
alcoholic, not *alchololic*  
alien, not *alian*  
allege, not *alledge*  
allegory, not *allagory*  
allegro, not *alegro*  
alleviate, not *aleviate*  
alligator, not *aligator*  
allocation, not *alocation*  
allotting, not *alloting*  
allowance, not *allowence*  
alibi, not *allibi*  
alimony, not *alamony*  
alignment, not *alinement*  
already, not *allready*  
almanac, not *alminac*  
almighty, not *allmighty*  
almond, not *almend*  
alphabet, not *alphibet*  
although, not *allthough*  
altitude, not *altatude*  
altogether, not *alltogether*  
Alzheimer's, not *Altzeimer' s*  
amateur, not *amatuer*  
ambient, not *ambient*  
ambivalence, not *ambivalance*  
ambulance, not *ambulence*  
ameliorate, not *amelliorate*  
amenable, not *amenible*  
amendment, not *ammendment*  
ammunition, not *amunition*  
amorphous, not *ammorphous*  
amphitheater, not *ampitheater*  
amplify, not *amplefy*  
amplitude, not *ampletide*  
amulet, not *ammulet*  
anachronism, not *anacronism*  
analgesic, not *annalgesic*  
analogous, not *analogeous*  
analogy, not *annalogy*  
analyze, not *analize*  
ancestor, not *ancester*  
ancient, not *anceint*  
animosity, not *annimosity*



anesthetic, not *anasthetic*  
animation, not *anamation*  
annihilate, not *anniolate*  
annuity, not *anuity*  
anonymous, not *anonimous*  
antarctic, not *antartic*  
antecedent, not *antecedant*  
antelope, not *antalope*  
antiperspirant, not *antiperspirent*  
aperture, not *apperture*  
aphorism, not *aforism*  
aphrodisiac, not *afrodesiac*  
aplomb, not *aplom*  
apocryphal, not *apocriphal*  
apostle, not *apostal*  
apostrophe, not *apostraphe*  
apparent, not *apparant*  
apropos, not *appropos*  
aquarium, not *aquareum*  
Aquarius, not *Acquarius*  
archaeology, not *archiology*  
arctic, not *artic*  
argument, not *arguement*  
arid, not *airid*  
arithmetic, not *arithmatic*  
arraign, not *arrain*  
arsenic, not *arsnic*  
arthritis, not *artheritis*  
article, not *artical*  
artifact, not *artifack*  
artistically, not *artisticly*  
ascertain, not *ascertane*  
ascetic, not *assetic*  
asinine, not *assinine*  
asparagus, not *asparigus*  
aspect, not *aspeck*  
aspirin, not *asprin*  
assassin, not *asassin*  
assistant, not *assistent*  
asterisk, not *astarisk*  
asthma, not *azhma*  
atheist, not *athiest*  
athletic, not *atheletic*  
atonement, not *attonement*  
attempt, not *attemp*  
attendance, not *attendence*  
attorney, not *attorny*

audible, not *audable*  
auxiliary, not *auxiliary*  
avalanche, not *avalanch*  
average, not *avarage*  
avocado, not *avacado*  
avoidable, not *avoidible*  
awfully, not *awefully*  
axle, not *axel*  
ayatollah, not *ayatolah*

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## **B**

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babbling, not *babling*  
Babylonian, not *Babilonian*  
baboon, not *babboon*  
baccalaureate, not *bacallaureate*  
bacchanalian, not *backanalian*  
bachelor, not *batchlor*  
bacillus, not *baccilus*  
backboard, not *backbord*  
backgammon, not *backammon*  
backpack, not *backpak*  
badminton, not *badmitton*  
bagel, not *bagle*  
bailiff, not *baillif*  
ballad, not *balad*  
ballistic, not *balistic*  
balloon, not *baloon*  
balsam, not *balsom*  
banana, not *bannana*  
bandage, not *bandege*  
bandit, not *bandet*  
banister, not *bannister*  
baptize, not *babtize*  
baptism, not *babtism*  
barbarian, not *barberian*  
barbecue, not *barbicue*  
barbiturate, not *barbiturite*  
bargain, not *bargin*  
barnacle, not *barnacal*  
baroque, not *beroque*  
barracks, not *baracks*  
barracuda, not *barricuda*  
barrier, not *barrior*  
bartender, not *bartendor*  
basin, not *basen*  
basket, not *baskit*  
bastard, not *basterd*

battalion, not *battalian*  
bauble, not *bawble*  
bayonet, not *bayanet*  
bawdy, not *baudy*  
bazaar, not *bazarr*  
beacon, not *beakon*  
beauteous, not *beautious*  
beaver, not *beever*  
beechnut, not *beachnut*  
beginning, not *begining*  
beggar, not *begger*  
beguile, not *begile*  
behemoth, not *behemuth*  
beige, not *biege*  
believe, not *beleive*  
bellicose, not *bellicose*  
bellwether, not *bellweather*  
benefactor, not *benifactor*  
benign, not *benine*  
benevolent, not *benivolent*  
berserk, not *bersurk*  
besiege, not *beseige*  
betroth, not *betrothe*  
beverage, not *bevarege*  
bibliography, not *bibleography*  
bicarbonate, not *bicarbenate*  
biceps, not *biceps*  
bigamy, not *bigomy*  
bigotry, not *bigatry*  
billiards, not *biliards*  
billionaire, not *billionnaire*  
binary, not *binery*  
bindery, not *bindary*  
biodegradable, not *biodegradible*  
biography, not *biogrophy*  
bipartisan, not *bipartison*  
biorhythm, not *biorythm*  
biscuit, not *biscket*  
biological, not *biological*  
bivouac, not *bivwack*  
bizarre, not *bizare*  
blasphemy, not *blasphamy*  
blatant, not *blatent*  
blithe, not *blith*  
blizzard, not *blizzerd*  
blockade, not *blockaid*  
bludgeon, not *bludgen*

bodice, not *boddice*  
boisterous, not *boistrous*  
bologna, not *bolony*  
bookkeeper, not *bookeeper*  
bosom, not *busom*  
boudoir, not *boodoir*  
bouillabaisse, not *boulliabaise*  
bouquet, not *boquet*  
bourgeois, not *bourgois*  
boutonniere, not *boutonierre*  
brassiere, not *brasier*  
brief, not *breif*  
bristle, not *brissel*  
britain, not *Brittin*  
brocade, not *brocaid*  
broccoli, not *brocolli*  
brokerage, not *brokrage*  
bronchial, not *broncheal*  
browse, not *browze*  
Brussels sprouts, not *brussle sprouts*  
buccaneer, not *bucanneer*  
Buddha, not *budda*  
bulbous, not *bullbous*  
bulletin, not *bulliten*  
buoy, not *bouy*  
buoyant, not *bouyant*  
bureau, not *burreau*  
bureaucracy, not *burocracy*  
burglar, not *burgler*  
bustle, not *bussell*

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**C**

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cache, not *cashe*  
cadre, not *cadry*  
calendar, not *calander*  
caliber, not *calaber*  
calisthenics, not *calasthenics*  
calvary, not *calvery*  
camaraderie, not *camraderie*  
camouflage, not *camaflage*  
candidate, not *candadate*  
cantaloupe, not *cantalope*  
capable, not *capabel*  
cappuccino, not *cappaccino*  
caravan, not *carivan*  
cardiovascular, not *cardiovasculer*  
carnivore, not *carnavore*

carouse, not *carrouse*  
carriage, not *carraige*  
cashmere, not *cashmeer*  
casserole, not *caserole*  
cataclysm, not *cateclysm*  
catechism, not *catichism*  
category, not *catagory*  
caterpillar, not *catapillar*  
cathedral, not *cathedrel*  
cauliflower, not *calliflower*  
caulk, not *cawk*  
cavalry, not *calvery*  
caveat, not *caviat*  
ceiling, not *cieling*  
celebrate, not *celabrate*  
celibate, not *celabate*  
cellar, not *celler*  
cemetery, not *cemetary*  
centennial, not *centenneal*  
certificate, not *certifacate*  
centrifugal, not *centrifical*  
centerpiece, not *centerpeice*  
chagrined, not *chagrenned*  
chalice, not *chalise*  
challenge, not *chalenge*  
chamois, not *shammy*  
chandelier, not *chandear*  
changeable, not *changable*  
chaperone, not *chaparone*  
chaplain, not *chaplin*  
characteristic, not *charicteristic*  
charade, not *cherade*  
charisma, not *carisma*  
charity, not *charety*  
chartreuse, not *chartruse*  
chastise, not *chastize*  
chauffeur, not *chaufeur*  
chenille, not *chenile*  
chieftain, not *chieftan*  
chisel, not *chisle*  
chlorine, not *chlorene*  
chlorophyll, not *chloraphyll*  
choreography, not *coreography*  
cholera, not *chollera*  
cholesterol, not *cholestrol*  
chow mein, not *chow main*  
chronicle, not *chronacle*

cinnamon, not *cinnimon*  
circuit, not *circiut*  
circumference, not *circumferance*  
circumstantial, not *circumstancial*  
cirrhosis, not *cirrosis*  
clairvoyance, not *clairvoyence*  
claustrophobia, not *clostrophobia*  
clientele, not *clientell*  
coalition, not *colition*  
codeine, not *codene*  
coincidence, not *coincidance*  
cognizant, not *cognizent*  
coiffure, not *coifure*  
cole slaw, not *coldslaw*  
collector, not *collecter*  
cologne, not *collogne*  
colossal, not *collosal*  
column, not *collum*  
comfortable, not *comfortible*  
commemorate, not *comemorate*  
commissary, not *commisary*  
commission, not *commision*  
commitment, not *committment*  
committed, not *comitted*  
committee, not *commitee*  
comparative, not *comparitive*  
compatible, not *compatable*  
competent, not *competant*  
competition, not *compatition*  
complexion, not *complection*  
comprehensible, not *comprehensable*  
comptroller, not *comtroller*  
concede, not *consede*  
conceive, not *concieve*  
conceivable, not *conceivable*  
condominium, not *condomineum*  
consensus, not *concensus*  
condemn, not *condemm*  
condescend, not *condascend*  
confiscate, not *comfiscate*  
congratulate, not *congradulate*  
Connecticut, not *Conneticut*  
conqueror, not *conquerer*  
conscientious, not *consciencious*  
consequence, not *consiquence*  
consistent, not *consistant*  
constipation, not *constepation*

constitution, not *constetition*  
consultant, not *consultent*  
contagious, not *contageous*  
contemptible, not *contemptable*  
continuance, not *continuence*  
controlling, not *controlling*  
controversial, not *contraversial*  
convalescence, not *convelescence*  
convenient, not *convenient*  
conversant, not *conversent*  
convertible, not *convertable*  
coolly, not *cooly*  
coquette, not *coquett*  
corduroy, not *cordaroy*  
corollary, not *corrolary*  
correlate, not *corellate*  
correspondent, not *correspondant*  
corruptible, not *corruptable*  
cough, not *coff*  
counterfeit, not *conterfit*  
courageous, not *couragious*  
courteous, not *courtious*  
courtesy, not *curtesy*  
court-martial, not *court-marshall*  
creditable, not *creditable*  
criticize, not *critisize*  
croissant, not *crossant*  
crucifixion, not *crucifiction*  
cryptic, not *criptic*  
cupboard, not *cubbard*  
curmudgeon, not *curmugeon*  
curtsy, not *courtsy*  
customary, not *custemary*  
Czechoslovakia, not *Czechoslavakia*

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## **D**

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dachshund, not *dachsund*  
daiquiri, not *daiquiry*  
damage, not *dammage*  
damnable, not *dammable*  
dandelion, not *dandalion*  
dappled, not *dappeled*  
dawdle, not *daudle*  
deadening, not *deadning*  
deactivate, not *deactavate*  
dealer, not *dealor*  
dearth, not *durth*

debacle, not *debackle*  
debonair, not *debanair*  
debrief, not *debreif*  
debtor, not *debter*  
decadence, not *decadance*  
decaffeinated, not *decaffeinated*  
decapitate, not *decapatate*  
deceive, not *decieve*  
decibel, not *decible*  
deciduous, not *desiduous*  
decimal, not *decimel*  
decrepit, not *decrepet*  
deductible, not *deductable*  
defamation, not *defimation*  
defecate, not *deficate*  
defendant, not *defendent*  
deferred, not *defered*  
defiance, not *defience*  
deficit, not *deficet*  
defined, not *defind*  
definite, not *defanite*  
definitely, not *definitly*  
deify, not *diafy*  
delicatessen, not *delicatesen*  
delirious, not *delerious*  
demagogue, not *demigogue*  
demeanor, not *demeaner*  
demographic, not *demagraphic*  
demonstrator, not *demonstrater*  
denunciation, not *denounciation*  
deodorant, not *deoderant*  
dependence, not *dependance*  
depravity, not *depravaty*  
depressant, not *depressent*  
deprivation, not *deprevation*  
derelict, not *derelick*  
descendant, not *decendant*  
design, not *desine*  
desirable, not *desirable*  
despair, not *dispair*  
desperately, not *desperitely*  
despondent, not *despondant*  
develop, not *develope*  
deviant, not *devient*  
devise, not *devize*  
diaphragm, not *diaphram*  
diarrhea, not *diarhea*



difference, not *differance*  
digestible, not *digestable*  
dilemma, not *delimma*  
dilettante, not *dilletante*  
dimension, not *deminsion*  
dinghy, not *dingey*  
diphtheria, not *diptheria*  
disappear, not *disapear*  
disappoint, not *disapoint*  
disastrous, not *disasterous*  
disciple, not *desciple*  
discipline, not *disapline*  
disillusion, not *disallusion*  
disinfectant, not *disinfectent*  
disparaging, not *disperaging*  
disparate, not *disperate*  
dispel, not *dispell*  
dispensable, not *dispensible*  
disreputable, not *disreputible*  
dissatisfied, not *disatisfied*  
dissonant, not *disonant*  
dissuade, not *disuade*  
distraught, not *distraut*  
doctrinaire, not *doctrenaire*  
dominant, not *dominent*  
dormitory, not *dormatory*  
dowry, not *dowery*  
drudgery, not *drugery*  
drunkenness, not *drunkeness*  
dumbbell, not *dumbell*  
duress, not *durress*  
dyslexia, not *dislexia*

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## ***E***

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eagle, not *eagel*  
earnest, not *ernest*  
earring, not *earing*  
easel, not *easle*  
ebullient, not *ebulient*  
eccentricity, not *eccentrivity*  
eclipse, not *ecclipse*  
echoes, not *echos*  
ecstasy, not *ecstacy*  
eczema, not *egzema*  
edible, not *edable*  
efficiency, not *efficiancy*  
effigy, not *effegy*

effrontery, not *effrontry*  
eighth, not *eigth*  
elaborate, not *elaberate*  
electrically, not *electricly*  
electrolysis, not *electrolasis*  
elegy, not *eligy*  
elementary, not *elementry*  
elevator, not *elevater*  
eligible, not *eligable*  
ellipse, not *elipse*  
eloquent, not *elaquent*  
elves, not *elfs*  
embarrass, not *embarass*  
embezzle, not *embezzel*  
emblem, not *emblam*  
emperor, not *emperer*  
encephalitis, not *enceffalitis*  
enterprise, not *enterprize*  
enthusiastically, not *enthusiasticly*  
entrepreneur, not *entreprenuer*  
environment, not *envirnment*  
ephemeral, not *effemeral*  
epiphany, not *epifany*  
epistle, not *episle*  
epitaph, not *epetaph*  
equator, not *equater*  
equilibrium, not *equalibrium*  
equipped, not *equipt*  
equivalent, not *equivelant*  
erroneous, not *erronious*  
esophagus, not *esophogus*  
especially, not *especilly*  
espresso, not *expresso*  
estuary, not *estuery*  
ethyl, not *ethel*  
etiquette, not *etiquit*  
euphemism, not *euphamism*  
euthanasia, not *euthenasia*  
evolution, not *evalution*  
exaggerate, not *exagerate*  
exasperate, not *exasparate*  
exceed, not *exeed*  
excel, not *exell*  
excellence, not *excellance*  
excerpt, not *excerp*  
exhaust, not *exaust*  
exhilarate, not *exhillerate*

exhume, not *exume*  
existence, not *existance*  
expectorant, not *expectorent*  
expendable, not *expendible*  
expense, not *expence*  
explanation, not *explenation*  
exponent, not *exponant*  
extraordinary, not *extrordinary*  
extrapolate, not *extrapellate*  
extravagant, not *extravogant*  
extricate, not *extracate*  
exuberance, not *exuberence*

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## ***F***

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facetious, not *faceteous*  
facsimiles, not *faxsimiles*  
Fahrenheit, not *Farenheit*  
fallacious, not *fallaceous*  
fallacy, not *fallecy*  
familiar, not *familier*  
farcical, not *farsical*  
farewell, not *fairwell*  
fascinate, not *fasinate*  
fateful, not *fatefull*  
fathom, not *fathem*  
fatigue, not *fetigue*  
favor, not *faver*  
feasible, not *feasibel*  
February, not *Febuary*  
felicitous, not *falicitous*  
fiance, not *feance*  
fiancee, not *feancee*  
fictitious, not *fictiteous*  
fiftieth, not *fiftyeth*  
figment, not *figament*  
finicky, not *finacky*  
financially, not *financially*  
financier, not *financior*  
flourish, not *florish*  
flotation, not *floatation*  
fluency, not *fluancy*  
fluorescent, not *fluoresent*  
foliage, not *folage*  
forbearance, not *forebearance*  
forbidding, not *forebidding*  
forcibly, not *forceably*  
forearm, not *forarm*

foreboding, not *forboding*  
forecast, not *forcast*  
foreclosure, not *forclosure*  
forehead, not *forhead*  
foreign, not *forein*  
foresee, not *forsee*  
forfeit, not *forfiet*  
formaldehyde, not *formaldehyde*  
formidable, not *formidible*  
forty, not *fourty*  
forward, not *forword*  
foreword, not *foreward*  
fragile, not *fragil*  
freight, not *fraight*  
Freudian, not *Freudien*  
frightening, not *frightning*  
fuchsia, not *fushia*  
fulfill, not *fullfill*  
fundamentally, not *fundamently*  
furlough, not *furlow*  
fuselage, not *fusilage*

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## **G**

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gable, not *gabel*  
gaiety, not *gaety*  
gale, not *gail*  
galoshes, not *galloshes*  
galvanize, not *galvenize*  
gambit, not *gambet*  
garrulous, not *garralous*  
gauge, not *guage*  
genealogy, not *geneology*  
genius, not *geneus*  
geology, not *gealogy*  
geyser, not *guyser*  
ghastly, not *gastly*  
ghetto, not *getto*  
gingham, not *gingam*  
glacier, not *glasier*  
glaucoma, not *glocoma*  
gonorrhea, not *gonorhea*  
government, not *goverment*  
governor, not *governer*  
grammar, not *grammer*  
grease, not *greese*  
grenadine, not *gredine*  
grievous, not *grievious*

guarantee, not *gaurantee*  
guess, not *gess*  
guest, not *gest*  
guerrilla, not *guerilla*  
guidance, not *guidence*  
gynecology, not *gynocology*

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## ***H***

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handkerchief, not *hankerchief*  
handyman, not *handiman*  
happily, not *hapilly*  
harangue, not *harang*  
harass, not *harrass*  
harlequin, not *harliquin*  
harpsichord, not *harpsicord*  
height, not *hieght*  
heinous, not *hainous*  
heir, not *hier*  
hemorrhage, not *hemorhage*  
hemorrhoid, not *hemorhoid*  
heroes, not *heros*  
hesitancy, not *hesitency*  
hierarchy, not *hirearchy*  
hieroglyphics, not *hieroglyphics*  
hindrance, not *hindrence*  
hoarse, not *hoarce*  
hollandaise, not *hollandaze*  
holocaust, not *holocost*  
hors d'oeuvre, not *hor doevre*  
humorous, not *humorous*  
hyena, not *hyina*  
hygiene, not *hygeine*  
hype, not *hipe*  
hyperbole, not *hyperboll*  
hypnotize, not *hypnatize*  
hypocrisy, not *hypocrisy*  
hypothesis, not *hypothosis*  
hysteria, not *hystaria*  
hysterectomy, not *histerectomy*

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## ***I***

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icicle, not *icecycle*  
iconoclast, not *iconaclast*  
idealize, not *idealise*  
ideally, not *idealy*  
ideology, not *idealogy*  
idiom, not *idium*

idiosyncrasy, not *ideosyncrasy*  
idle, not *idel*  
idol, not *idole*  
idolatry, not *idolitry*  
idyllic, not *idylic*  
ignoble, not *ignobel*  
ignorance, not *ignorence*  
iguana, not *iguanna*  
illegal, not *illegale*  
illiterate, not *illitarate*  
imaginary, not *imaginery*  
immediate, not *imediante*  
implement, not *impliment*  
incandescent, not *incandesent*  
incidentally, not *incidently*  
incite, not *insite*  
independence, not *independance*  
independent, not *independant*  
indict, not *indight*  
indispensable, not *indispensible*  
inevitable, not *inevatible*  
infinitesimal, not *infinitesimal*  
influential, not *influencial*  
inoculate, not *innoculate*  
intercede, not *interceed*  
interrupt, not *interupt*  
iridescent, not *iradescent*  
irrelevant, not *irrelevent*  
irresistible, not *irrisistable*  
isthmus, not *istmus*  
itinerary, not *itinerery*

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## **J**

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jackal, not *jackle*  
jackknife, not *jacknife*  
jaguar, not *jagaur*  
jai alai, not *jai lai*  
jaundice, not *jaundise*  
javelin, not *javalin*  
jealousy, not *jelousy*  
jeopardy, not *jepardy*  
jettison, not *jettason*  
jewelry, not *jewelery*  
jocund, not *jokund*  
jonquil, not *johnquil*  
jostle, not *jossel*  
jubilation, not *jubalation*

judgment, not *judgement*  
julienne, not *julianne*  
juvenile, not *juvenil*

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## ***K***

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kernel, not *kernal*  
knickknack, not *knicknack*  
nicknack, not *nicnack*  
knowledgeable, not *knowledgable*  
khaki, not *kakhi*  
kohlrabi, not *kolrabi*  
kudos, not *kudoes*  
kumquat, not *kumkuat*

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## ***L***

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lackadaisical, not *lackadasical*  
lacquer, not *laquer*  
languorous, not *langorous*  
laryngitis, not *larengitis*  
larynx, not *larinx*  
lascivious, not *lasivious*  
laugh, not *luagh*  
league, not *leage*  
legitimate, not *ligitamate*  
leisure, not *liesure*  
length, not *lenth*  
lenient, not *leniant*  
leukemia, not *lukemia*  
liaison, not *laiason*  
library, not *liberry*  
license, not *licence*  
licorice, not *licorish*  
lieutenant, not *leutenant*  
likelihood, not *likelyhood*  
limousine, not *limosine*  
lineament, not *linament*  
literature, not *literture*  
logarithm, not *logrythm*  
loge, not *loage*  
loneliness, not *lonliness*  
lonely, not *lonly*  
longitude, not *longatude*  
luminescent, not *luminesent*  
lunacy, not *lunicy*  
luscious, not *lushous*  
lying, not *lyeing*

## **M**

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laboratory, not *labratory*  
labyrinth, not *labrinth*  
mackerel, not *mackeral*  
mademoiselle, not *mademoselle*  
Madeira, not *Madiera*  
magazine, not *magasme*  
mahogany, not *mahogony*  
maintenance, not *maintnance*  
maladroit, not *maledroit*  
malaise, not *malaize*  
malfeasance, not *malfeasence*  
malign, not *maline*  
malleable, not *malliable*  
manageable, not *managable*  
maneuver, not *manuver*  
manicotti, not *manacotti*  
manual, not *manuel*  
maraschino, not *marashino*  
marriage, not *marrage*  
masseur, not *massuer*  
masseuse, not *massuese*  
mathematics, not *mathmatics*  
mattress, not *matress*  
mausoleum, not *mausolium*  
mayonnaise, not *mayonaise*  
measles, not *measels*  
Mediterranean, not *Mediteranean*  
melancholy, not *melencholy*  
memento, not *momento*  
mercenary, not *mercernary*  
meteorology, not *meterology*  
mezzanine, not *mezanine*  
millennium, not *millenium*  
milquetoast, not *milktoast*  
miniature, not *minature*  
minuscule, not *miniscule*  
minutes, not *minnets*  
miscellaneous, not *miscelaneous*  
mischief, not *mischef*  
mischievous, not *mischivous*  
misogynist, not *misogenist*  
missile, not *missille*  
missionary, not *missionery*  
misspell, not *mispell*  
misstate, not *mistate*



mnemonic, not *nemonic*  
molasses, not *molassis*  
monsieur, not *monseur*  
moratorium, not *moritorium*  
mortarboard, not *morterboard*  
mortgage, not *morgage*  
mosquitoes, not *mosquitos*  
multifarious, not *multiferious*  
murmur, not *murmer*  
muscle, not *mussle*  
mysterious, not *mystereous*

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## **N**

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narcissism, not *narcisism*  
narrative, not *narative*  
nauseous, not *nausious*  
necessary, not *necesarry*  
neighbor, not *nieghbor*  
neurosis, not *nuerosis*  
neuter, not *nueter*  
neutron, not *nuetron*  
niece, not *neice*  
nihilism, not *nialism*  
ninety, not *ninty*  
nondescript, not *nondiscript*  
noticeable, not *noticable*  
nougat, not *nouget*  
nuisance, not *nuisence*  
nugget, not *nugett*  
nymph, not *nynph*

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## **O**

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obedience, not *obediance*  
obeisance, not *obiesance*  
obsequious, not *obsequius*  
obsolescent, not *obsolesent*  
obstacle, not *obstical*  
occasion, not *ocassion*  
occur, not *ocurr*  
occurrence, not *occurence*  
occurred, not *occured*  
occurring, not *occurring*  
o'clock, not *oclock*  
odorous, not *odorus*  
odyssey, not *odysey*  
Oedipus, not *Oedapus*  
offense, not *offents*

oligarchy, not *olagarchy*  
ombudsman, not *ombusman*  
omission, not *ommision*  
omitted, not *ommitted*  
omnipotent, not *omnipatent*  
onomatopoeia, not *onomatopia*  
ophthalmology, not *opthalmology*  
opinion, not *opinnion*  
orangutan, not *orangutang*  
outrageous, not *outragious*

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## **P**

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panicky, not *paniky*  
paradigm, not *paradime*  
parallel, not *paralell*  
paranoia, not *paranoea*  
paraphernalia, not *paraphenalia*  
parliament, not *parlament*  
pastime, not *pasttime*  
pavilion, not *pavilian*  
peaceable, not *peacable*  
peculiar, not *peculier*  
penguin, not *penquin*  
penicillin, not *pennicilin*  
penitentiary, not *penitentery*  
perceive, not *percieve*  
periphery, not *perifery*  
permissible, not *permissable*  
perseverance, not *perserverance*  
persistence, not *persistance*  
pestilence, not *pestilance*  
phenomenon, not *phenominon*  
phlegm, not *phlem*  
phlegmatic, not *phlematic*  
phosphorescent, not *phospherescent*  
physician, not *physicion*  
picayune, not *pikayune*  
picnicking, not *picnicing*  
piece, not *peice*  
pigeon, not *pidgin*  
pilgrimage, not *pilgrimege*  
pitiful, not *pitifull*  
plaid, not *plad*  
playwright, not *playwrite*  
pleasant, not *pleasent*  
pneumonia, not *pnuemonia*  
poinsettia, not *poinsetta*

politically, not *politically*  
politicking, not *politiking*  
Polynesian, not *Polynesean*  
pomegranate, not *pomegranet*  
porcelain, not *porcelin*  
porpoise, not *porpose*  
portrait, not *protret*  
possess, not *posess*  
potatoes, not *potatos*  
potpourri, not *popourri*  
practically, not *practicly*  
prairie, not *prarie*  
precede, not *preceed*  
preceding, not *preceeding*  
preference, not *preferance*  
preferred, not *preffered*  
prejudice, not *prejudise*  
prevalent, not *prevelant*  
primeval, not *primevil*  
privilege, not *privalege*  
probably, not *probabally*  
proceed, not *procede*  
professor, not *proffesor*  
prominent, not *promanent*  
pronunciation, not *pronounciation*  
propaganda, not *propiganda*  
pseudonym, not *psuedonym*  
psoriasis, not *soriasis*  
psychiatry, not *psychietry*  
psychology, not *psycholegy*  
pterodactyl, not *terodactyl*  
ptomaine, not *tomaine*  
pueblo, not *peublo*

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## Q

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quagmire, not *quagmier*  
quandary, not *quandry*  
quarantine, not *quarentine*  
quarry, not *quorry*  
quarter, not *quartor*  
quench, not *quinch*  
query, not *querie*  
quesadilla, not *quesedilla*  
quiescent, not *quiesent*  
questionnaire, not *questionaire*  
queue, not *que*  
quiche, not *quishe*

quiet, not *quiat*  
quintessential, not *quintesential*  
quirk, not *querk*  
quixotic, not *quihotic*  
quizzes, not *quizes*  
quorum, not *quorem*  
quotable, not *quoteable*

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## **R**

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rabble, not *rabbel*  
raconteur, not *racontuer*  
racquet, not *raquet*  
rapport, not *raport*  
rapprochement, not *rapprochment*  
raspberry, not *razzberry*  
ravenous, not *ravinous*  
realistically, not *realisticly*  
realize, not *realise*  
recede, not *receed*  
receipt, not *receit*  
receive, not *receave*  
recess, not *resess*  
recognize, not *reconize*  
recommend, not *recomend*  
reconnaissance, not *reconnaisance*  
recurrence, not *reocurrence*  
reference, not *referance*  
referred, not *refered*  
reggae, not *reggay*  
relevant, not *relavent*  
relieved, not *releived*  
religious, not *religeous*  
religion, not *religion*  
religious, not *religeous*  
reminisce, not *reminiss*  
reminiscence, not *reminisence*  
remittance, not *remitance*  
renaissance, not *renaisance*  
rendezvous, not *rendevous*  
repellent, not *repelant*  
repentance, not *repentence*  
rescind, not *resind*  
reservoir, not *reservor*  
restaurant, not *restarant*  
resuscitator, not *resussitator*  
reverence, not *reverance*  
rhapsody, not *rapsody*

rhetorical, not *retorical*  
rheumatic, not *reumatic*  
rheumatism, not *reumatism*  
rhinoceros, not *rinoceros*  
rhododendron, not *rhododendrom*  
rhyme, not *ryme*  
rhythm, not *rhythem*  
ridiculous, not *ridiculus*  
roommate, not *roomate*

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## S

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sabbatical, not *sabatical*  
saccharine, not *saccarine*  
sacrilege, not *sacrilage*  
sacrilegious, not *sacrilegeous*  
samurai, not *samarai*  
sandwich, not *sanwich*  
sanguine, not *sanguin*  
sapphire, not *saphire*  
sarcophagus, not *sarcophigus*  
sarsaparilla, not *sasparilla*  
satellite, not *satelite*  
satin, not *satén*  
satire, not *satier*  
satyr, not *sater*  
sauerkraut, not *sourkraut*  
scary, not *scarey*  
scenario, not *sceenario*  
scenery, not *scenary*  
scepter, not *septor*  
schedule, not *scedule*  
schizophrenia, not *schizaphrenia*  
schnauzer, not *schnowzer*  
schooner, not *scooner*  
scintillate, not *sintillate*  
scissors, not *scisors*  
scythe, not *scyth*  
secede, not *seceed*  
secession, not *sesession*  
secretary, not *secretery*  
seismology, not *siesmology*  
seize, not *sieze*  
seminary, not *seminery*  
sentence, not *sentense*  
separate, not *seperate*  
separately, not *seperately*  
sequoia, not *sequoea*

sergeant, not *sargeant*  
sesame, not *sesamee*  
shepherd, not *sheperd*  
shelves, not *shelfs*  
sheriff, not *sherrif*  
shoo-in, not *shoe-in*  
siege, not *seige*  
sieve, not *seive*  
silhouette, not *silouette*  
similar, not *simular*  
simile, not *similee*  
sincerely, not *sincerly*  
skeptical, not *sceptical*  
skiing, not *skeing*  
soliloquy, not *solliloquy*  
somersault, not *somersalt*  
sophomore, not *sophamore*  
souvenir, not *souvenire*  
spacious, not *spaceous*  
specimen, not *specimon*  
specious, not *speceous*  
spherical, not *sphericle*  
sphinx, not *sphinks*  
sponsor, not *sponser*  
spontaneity, not *spontaniety*  
spontaneous, not *spontanious*  
squeamish, not *squeemish*  
squirrel, not *squirel*  
staccato, not *stacato*  
stalactite, not *stalagtite*  
statuesque, not *statuesk*  
straight, not *streight*  
strait, not *strate*  
stratagem, not *stratigem*  
strategy, not *stratigy*  
stratosphere, not *stratasphere*  
strengthen, not *strenthen*  
strenuous, not *strenuos*  
streusel, not *streusle*  
stubbornness, not *stubborness*  
subterranean, not *subteranean*  
subtle, not *suttle*  
succeed, not *succede*  
success, not *sucsess*  
sufficient, not *sufficiant*  
suffrage, not *suffrege*  
suit, not *sute*

suite, not *suete*  
superintendent, not *superintendant*  
supersede, not *superseed*  
suppress, not *supress*  
surround, not *suround*  
surveillance, not *surveilance*  
susceptible, not *susceptable*  
suspicious, not *suspiceous*  
syllable, not *sylable*  
symmetrical, not *symetrical*  
synagogue, not *synogogue*  
syncopation, not *syncapation*  
synchronize, not *synchranize*  
synonymous, not *synonimous*  
syringe, not *syrenge*

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## ***T***

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tachometer, not *tachometre*  
tambourine, not *tambarine*  
tangible, not *tangable*  
tariff, not *tarrif*  
technical, not *technicle*  
technique, not *techneque*  
temperance, not *temperence*  
temperature, not *temperture*  
tendency, not *tendancy*  
tenement, not *tenament*  
tensile, not *tensil*  
their, not *thier*  
theologian, not *theologean*  
theories, not *theries*  
therapeutic, not *theraputic*  
thorough, not *thorow*  
though, not *tho*  
through, not *thru*  
threshold, not *threshhold*  
tirade, not *tiraid*  
tobacco, not *tobbaco*  
toboggan, not *tobbogan*  
tomatoes, not *tomatos*  
toreador, not *toriador*  
tournament, not *tournamant*  
tourniquet, not *tourniquit*  
transference, not *transferense*  
transcend, not *transend*  
trapeze, not *trapeeze*  
trellis, not *trelliss*

trousseau, not *trouseau*  
troubadour, not *troubador*  
Tuesday, not *Teusday*  
tycoon, not *tycune*  
tyranny, not *tyrany*

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## U

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ubiquitous, not *ubiquetous*  
ultimatum, not *ultamatum*  
ukulele, not *ukalele*  
umbilical, not *umbillical*  
unanimous, not *unanamous*  
unconscionable, not *unconscianable*  
undeniable, not *undeniabel*  
undoubtedly, not *undoutedly*  
unkempt, not *unkemp*  
unmentionables, not *unmentionibles*  
unnecessary, not *unecessary*  
unscrupulous, not *unscrupulus*  
unusual, not *unusuel*  
upholstery, not *upolstery*  
urchin, not *urchan*  
urinal, not *urinel*  
unnatural, not *unatural*  
usage, not *usege*  
useful, not *usefull*  
usually, not *usualy*  
utensil, not *utensal*  
uterine, not *uterin*  
utilize, not *utilise*  
utterance, not *utterence*

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## V

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vaccinate, not *vacinnate*  
vacillate, not *vaccilate*  
vacuum, not *vacum*  
valuable, not *valuble*  
vanilla, not *vanella*  
variegated, not *varigated*  
vehement, not *vehemant*  
vengeance, not *vengeanse*  
verisimilitude, not *verisimiltude*  
vermilion, not *vermillian*  
versus, not *versas*  
veterinarian, not *veternarian*  
vicarious, not *vicareous*  
vice versa, not *visa versa*



vicissitude, not *visissitude*  
vigilance, not *vigilence*  
villain, not *villan*  
vinegar, not *vineger*  
violence, not *violance*  
virtuous, not *virtous*

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## **W**

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wariness, not *waryness*  
warrant, not *warrent*  
Wednesday, not *Wensday*  
weird, not *wierd*  
wholly, not *wholy*  
withhold, not *withold*

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## **X**

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Xanadu, not *Xanidu*  
xenophobe, not *xenaphobe*  
xerography, not *xerogrophy*  
xylophone, not *xylaphone*

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## **Y**

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yacht, not *yaht*  
yarmulke, not *yarmulka*  
yeoman, not *yoeman*  
yield, not *yeild*  
yoke, not *yoak*

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## **Z**

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zealot, not *zealat*  
zephyr, not *zephir*  
zoological, not *zological*  
zygote, not *zygoat*

## Chapter Six



# *New Words and Phrases*

*The English have no respect for their language, and will not teach their children to speak it.*

--GEORGE BERNARD SHAW, PLAYS PLEASANT AND UNPLEASANT

WHAT GEORGE BERNARD SHAW SAID so many years ago about the English certainly seems to describe present-day Americans as well. We Americans have even less respect for our language than the English do. Throughout our history, we have taken many words as our own from other languages. We consider very few words sacrosanct and we're constantly assigning new meanings to old established words.

We are probably the most creative people in the world when it comes to language. We love to make up words. And we get many of our new words from the younger generation. The current lexicon of words does not suffice to describe our world because it is changing too fast. The technological explosion created a need to invent new words to define the changes. Most adults were not born with computers in their homes. But now computers are nearly as prevalent as television sets and some preschoolers have become adept at using them before they can even read. Very often we find children teaching their parents the new language of technology.

New words and phrases are popping up faster than ever before. It is partly because of all the words and terminology that have been created for computers and the Internet. But a lot have been coined through new forms of music (hip-hop and rap, for example), new scientific and medical discoveries, the media, politics, and psychology. Many older words have taken on new meanings, too. These new words and terms, called neologisms, spread like wildfire because communication is now faster and more widespread than it has ever been. Americans in particular seem to have a propensity to neologize.

The following list contains a few of the words and phrases that have come into being or have acquired an additional meaning during the past few years. These words and phrases have been collected from the Internet, from newspapers and magazines, and from dictionary publishers' lists of new words. I find some of them amusing and include them for that reason alone.

**abdominoplasty** a surgical operation to remove excess flesh from the abdomen

**abibliophobia** fear of running out of things to read

**aerobicize** to tone the body by aerobic exercise

**affluenza** extreme materialism in which consumers overwork and accumulate enormous debt to purchase more goods

**agita** a feeling of agitation or anxiety agony aunt a columnist who writes an advice column

**agritourist** one who tours agricultural areas to see farms and perhaps to participate in farming activities

**agroterrorism** terrorist acts involving the disruption, damage, or destruction of a country's agriculture

**agroterrorist** one who commits terrorist acts that target agriculture

**alcolock** an electronic device fitted to the ignition of a car to stop a driver from starting it if the driver has drunk more alcohol than the legal limit for driving

**al desko** something you do while at your desk: *I usually have lunch al desko while I answer my e-mail.*

**alterity** otherness; the quality of being radically alien to the conscious self; a particular cultural orientation

**anandamide** a derivative of arachidonic acid that occurs naturally in the brain and in some foods, such as chocolate, and that binds to the same brain receptors as cannabinoids (the chemical compounds that are the active principles of marijuana)

**ape diet** a vegetarian diet that emphasizes soy protein, soluble fiber, nuts, and leafy green vegetables

**aquascape** a scenic view of a body of water; an area with an aquatic feature such as a pond or fountain

**arm candy** an attractive person: *The mogul is just using that beautiful young thing as arm candy.*

**attrit** destroy an enemy with large amounts of troops or firepower; reduce something in size or strength; to wear down by attrition

**avatar** an electronic image in a computer game or various online sites

**avian flu** influenza carried by birds that is caused by the influenza A virus and can be transmitted to other invertebrates; also called bird flu

**bad hair day** a disagreeable day in which one's hair looks weird and one feels stupid looking

**bahookie** Scottish, a person's buttocks balls-to-the-wall unrestrained,

**aggressive**, all-out; at top speed; with maximum effort: *a balls-to-the-wall race*

**bandwidth** the range of frequencies or the measured amount of information that can be transmitted over a connection; also used as a measure of a person's ability or lack of it: *He's not good at multitasking; he has low bandwidth.*

**barista** a professionally trained person who makes and serves coffee in a coffee bar

**best of breed** any animal, item, or product considered the best of its kind

**big-box** a large chain store with a boxlike appearance

**biodiesel** a fuel similar to diesel that is made from vegetable oil

**bindaas** (Indian) carefree, fashionable, and independent-minded; literally, without servitude

**binner** a person who collects and sells used bottles and cans that he has found in recycling bins and dumpsters

**bissextile** a leap year blamestorming a meeting of colleagues at work, trying to decide who to blame for a mistake or failed project that no one is willing to take responsibility for

**bleeding edge** technology that is so new that the user will risk problems in order to use it; new and extremely expensive technology; a term formed as an allusion to "leading edge"

**bling**, also **bling bling** expensive, gaudy jewelry; a lifestyle of excessive spending and ostentation

**blog** short for Web log, a user-generated Web site that provides commentary on a particular subject

**blowback** unintended adverse results of a political action or situation bludge goof off, avoid work; sponge

**bobo** an affluent and successful person who has a preference for countercultural ideas

**bogart** intimidate; to use without sharing

**bogof** an acronym for *buy one, get one free*

**bogosity** the degree to which a thing becomes bogus

**bogotify** to change something so that it becomes useless or nonfunctional; to counterfeit

**boo** a person's boyfriend or girlfriend

**bouncebackability** to become successful after having failed

**brandslut** a consumer who has no loyalty to a particular brand

**bridezilla** a bride-to-be who becomes selfish, greedy, and obnoxious while planning her wedding

**bright-line** providing an unambiguous criterion or guideline

**Brokeback** marriage a marriage in which one partner is gay and the other is straight

**bubble** a booming economy that could end in a sudden collapse

**bubkes, bupkes, bupkus** a very small amount; nothing

**burka, burqa** a loose garment that covers the face and body

**cack-handed** left-handed; clumsy, awkward

**cankle** an ankle that is so thick it appears to be a continuation of the calf

**cantopop** Cantonese pop music

**carbon neutral** emitting no net carbon dioxide into the atmosphere

**cariad** (Welsh) darling, sweetheart, love

**celebutante** a celebrity who is well known in fashionable society; a blend of celebrity and debutante

**celebutard** a celebrity who is perceived to be unintelligent; a blend of celebutante and retard

**chad** a tiny chip of paper left hanging in hole-punched cards and ballots

**chick flick** a movie that appeals more to women than to men

**chick lit** books written expressly for girls and women

**chillybin** a container to keep food or drinks cool

**chin music** a high inside pitch in baseball intended to intimidate the batter

**chugger** a person who stands in a public place and solicits donations for a charitable organization; a blend of the words *charity* and *mugger*

**chupacabra** a vicious animal said to exist in parts of Central America where it attacks animals, especially goats

**climate canary** an organism or species whose declining health or numbers signal a larger environmental

**catastrophe** to come

**clueful** well informed

**collateral damage** injury inflicted on something other than the intended target, such as civilian casualties of a military operation

**comb-over** longer hair combed over a bald spot

**compadre** godfather; close friend, buddy

**compierge** see technology butler

**convergence** the merging of distinct technologies, industries, or devices into a unified whole

**coulrophobia** fear of clowns

**cruciverbalist** a person who compiles or solves crossword puzzles

**crunk** a type of hip-hop or rap music characterized by repeated shouted catch phrases and elements typical of electronic dance music, such as prominent bass; a person who is very excited or full of energy; a blend of crazy and drunk

**cyberphobia** an abnormal or illogical fear of computers

**cyberslacker** one who uses a company's Internet during office hours for personal activities

**cyberspace** computer networks and bulletin-board systems where communication takes place

**dadah** illegal drugs

**dashboard diner** one who eats while driving

**dead presidents** money in the form of paper bills; U.S. dollars

**dead-cat bounce** an insignificant brief recovery that occurs after a steep decline

**def cool**

**deke** to fake an opponent out of position, as in ice hockey

**de minimis** lacking significance or importance; so minor it could be disregarded

**deshopper** one who buys an item intending to return it for a refund; also called *shopgrifter*

**deshopping** buying and using something with the intention of returning it for a refund

**deuced** confounded, devilish, damned

**dirty bomb** a device using conventional explosives to send nuclear material through the air

**dog's breakfast** a confused mess or mixture

**dooced** having lost a job because of something you put in an Internet weblog

**dot-commer** someone who owns or works for an online company

**downshifting** quitting a high-pressure job to seek a less stressful life

**drainchild** an innovative idea that drains resources or funds that could be put to more useful purposes; a brainless idea

**drama queen** an excessively emotional person

**dramedy** a dramatic production with comedic elements; a blend of the words comedy and drama

**drink the Kool-Aid** to become a firm believer in something without any evidence of veracity; to follow a philosophy blindly

**drunk-dial** to make an embarrassing phone call when drunk

**DWB** *driving while black: He got a ticket when his only violation was that he was DWB.*

**earworm** a song that gets stuck in your head; also called *sticky tune*

**ED** erectile dysfunction (previously referred to as impotent)

**egosurfing** searching the Internet for one's own name

**eighty-six** to discard, reject, refuse: *Eighty-six the drunk guy at the bar.*

**elephant in the room** a major problem or controversial issue that is present but is ignored or not discussed because it is uncomfortable to do so

**embed** to place a journalist in a military unit

**emulsion** a fine dispersion of one liquid or pureed food substance into or onto another

**energy bar** a nutritious high-protein bar

**enigmatologist** a person who studies and writes word, logic, or mathematical puzzles

**enterdrainment** entertainment that is so trite and mind numbing that it sucks the intelligence out of the listener or viewer

**extended financial family** three generations of the same family who live together in one house out of financial necessity

**eye candy** a beautiful thing or person

**fanboy** a male fan, especially one who is obsessive about comics, music, or science fiction

**fast-track** relating to authority granted to the President of the United States by Congress that allows the President to negotiate trade agreements that Congress must confirm or reject in their entirety

**fauxhawk** a hairstyle in which a strip of hair across the top of the head is longer and higher than the hair on the sides

**fen-phen** a former drug combination of phentermine with either fenfluramine or dexfenfluramine; also called *phen-fen*

**flash mob** a large group of people who gather in a predetermined place to perform some brief action and then disperse

**flexdollars** discretionary funds used at universities that serve as a form of payment for food, books, etc.

**flexitarian** one who eats mostly a vegetarian diet but will occasionally eat meat or fish

**flog** a fake blog that promotes products

**Frankenfood** genetically engineered food

**Freddie Mac** a mortgage funder

**freegan** one who eats food that has been thrown away; one who gathers surplus food that would otherwise be discarded; an anticonsumerist

**freeganism** a political philosophy that opposes over-consumption and waste

**full monty** everything; the whole lot funplex entertainment complex that includes facilities for various sports and games, and often restaurants

**gay bomb** a chemical weapon that makes enemy soldiers sexually irresistible to each other; also called *love bomb*

**gaydar** gay radar, the ability to recognize that a person is gay

**geek**, also computer geek an expert in programming and/or repairing computers

**gimme cap** an adjustable visored cap that often displays a corporate logo or slogan

**golden handcuffs** special benefits offered to an employee as an inducement to continue service

**google** to use Google, the Internet search engine, to find information on a person or thing: *She googled her new boyfriend.*

**goth** music with dark, morbid lyrics; a fan or performer of goth; a person who dresses in black, uses dark dramatic makeup, and often has dyed black hair

**granny dumping** the abandonment of elderly people in poor health by their relatives or caregivers by leaving them at hospitals or bus depots

**greenwash** to try to appear environmentally friendly while hiding damaging activities

**greige** a color between beige and grey; a blend of the words *beige* and *grey*

**grief tourist** a person who travels specifically to visit a scene of a tragedy or disaster

**gripesite** a Web site aimed at making consumers aware of deficient goods and services

**guyliner** eyeliner designed for and used by men

**hactivitist** someone who writes code or otherwise manipulates bits to promote political ideology such as free speech, human rights, or information ethics; another definition is a person who maliciously undermines the security of the Internet for political purposes

**hand-me-up** something a younger person gives to an older person, such as a computer

**hardscape** man-made features used in landscape architecture, such as walls or walkways, as contrasted with vegetation

**hasbian** a former lesbian who is now in a heterosexual relationship; a blend of *has* and *lesbian*

**headbanger** a musician who performs hard rock; a fan of hard rock music

**headhunt** to recruit personnel, especially executives, for top level jobs

**healthspan** a period of good health in a person's life

**heart-healthy** conducive to a healthy heart and circulatory system: *heart-healthy food; heart-healthy exercise*

**himbo** handsome but vacuous male; male bimbo

**Hinglish** a blend of *Hindi* and *English*, in particular a variety of English used by speakers of Hindi, characterized by frequent use of Hindi vocabulary or constructions

**home shopping** shopping at home from goods displayed on TV shopping channels or on the Web

**hoody** or hoodie a person, especially a child, wearing a hooded top

**hospitalist** a physician who specializes in treating hospital patients

**identity theft** when someone wrongfully obtains and uses another person's personal data such as a social security number to obtain money or credit

**infomania** a condition of reduced concentration caused by continually responding to e-mail, text-messaging, etc.

**infomercial** a half-hour or hour-long television commercial

**intranet** a computer network with restricted access; often used within a corporation using software and protocols developed for the Internet

**irritable male syndrome** anger and bad temper in men caused by a sudden drop in testosterone levels, particularly when brought on by stress

**judder** bar a speed bump

**junk DNA** a region of DNA that usually consists of a repeating DNA sequence, does not code for protein, and has no known function

**label mate** a singer or musician signed to the same record company as another

**labradoodle** a cross between a Labrador retriever and a poodle

**keypad** a section on a computer keyboard that groups together numeric keys; a similar type of panel used in conjunction with a TV set or other electronic device

**keypal** an e-mail pen pal

**killer app** a computer application that is so popular that it assures the success of the technology with which it is associated; a feature or component that in itself makes something worth having

**king kong** a very loud car stereo system

**longneck** beer served in a long-necked bottle

**lookism** or **looksism** prejudice or discrimination based on physical appearance, especially that which is considered to fall short of societal notions of beauty

**low-hanging fruit** easiest task; most readily achievable goal

**lurk** to read messages on an Internet discussion forum without contributing information

**MacGuffin** or **McGuffin** an object, event, or character in a story that lacks intrinsic importance but serves to set and keep the plot in motion

**McJob** a low-paying, dead-end job, such as at a fast-food restaurant

**magalogue** a catalog that resembles a magazine

**man cave** an area of a house, or garage where a man can be alone with his power tools and projects

**manga** Japanese comic book or graphic novel

**marble ceiling** a barrier that discriminates by keeping certain classes of people out of the upper echelon of American government, as opposed to glass ceiling because at least one can see through a *glass ceiling*

**marriage lite** a relationship similar to marriage but without legal implications; civil union concept; living together

**mentee** a person who is counseled or trained by a mentor

**mesotherapy** a procedure in which pharmaceuticals, vitamins, or other substances are injected into the mesodermal layer of tissue under the skin to promote the loss of cellulite

**me time** a period set aside by a person to relax and do something he or she really enjoys

**metrosexual** a young, straight, sensitive urban male who enjoys good clothes, stylish living, the art of decorating, and self-improvement

**middle youth** a person between 30 and 45 who doesn't want to be considered middle-aged

**Mirandize** to read the Miranda rights to a person under arrest

**miswanting** wanting something you mistakenly think will give you pleasure or be fulfilling

**mitumba** (eastern and central Africa) secondhand clothing, especially that donated by aid agencies in the West

**molecular** gastronomy the application of scientific principles to the understanding and development of food preparation

**moshing** frenzied dancing characterized by jumping about, pushing and shoving others to music, particularly loud punk rock, hardcore, or heavy metal music

**mosh pit** an area in front of a stage where very physical and rough dancing takes place at a rock

concert

**mouse potato** an intensive computer user; one who spends a lot of time at the computer

**muggle** a person lacking a skill; an unimaginative adult who doesn't understand children; slang for marijuana, coined by jazz musicians in the 1920s and 1930s

**nurse** a man's purse

**my bad** my mistake, my fault

**mzee** (in East Africa) an older person; an elder; an ancestor

**nanopublishing** low-cost online publishing which incorporates techniques used in writing weblogs to target a specific audience

**nanoscale** having dimensions measured in nanometers

**nanotube** a carbon molecule that resembles a chicken wire-linked cylinder

**navel-gazing** useless or excessive self-contemplation

**nimby** or NIMBY acronym for not *in my back yard*; opposition to something offensive or hazardous nearby

**noughties** a humorous name for the decade from 2000 to 2009, in imitation of the names of other decades, *twenties*, *thirties*, *forties*, etc.

**nouse** a computer's pointing mechanism that is steered by moving one's nose; a blend of *nose* and *mouse*

**nutraceutical** food that supposedly contains healing properties or other health benefits

**obesogenic** something that can cause a person to become excessively fat

**offshoring** basing a company's operations overseas to take advantage of lower costs

**ollie** a skateboard maneuver in which the skateboarder snaps the board up off the ground; named for Alan Gelfand, a skateboarder whose nickname is Ollie

**opportunivore** a person who eats food that has been discarded or left unfinished

**orthorexia** extreme obsession with eating natural and/or healthy foods

**overdog** a business owner or manager; the person in charge

**oy** an interjection used to express annoyance, disappointment, or dismay: *Oy, what a job!*

**papaphobia** fear of the Pope

**paralympian** a person with physical disabilities who competes in an international sports event

**peedie** (Scottish) little, small

**peloton** main body of riders in a bicycle race

**personal shopper** a person who helps individuals select merchandise

**pescetarian** a vegetarian who also eats fish

**phat** highly attractive; desirable; excellent

**phishing** a scam of sending e-mails from a fake Web site to illegally obtain password information

**phreaker** a person who breaks into and/or illegally uses a telephone system

**picturize** adapt a book or script into a film or television show

**plagiarhythm** downloading tunes or lyrics from the Internet and using them in new songs

**plank** (British) a stupid person

**pluto** demote or devalue a person or thing; a pluto (not capitalized) is someone or something that has lost its status (On August 24, 2006, the International Astronomical Union, which decides the official names of all celestial bodies, stated that Pluto was not a true planet because it's "too small and doesn't dominate its neighborhood." They dubbed Pluto a dwarf planet. This means that there are now only eight planets in the solar system.)

**podcast** digital recording of a broadcast, made available on the Internet

**polyamorist** a person who has more than one open romantic relationship at a time

**polypill** a pill combining aspirin, folic acid, and other drugs to reduce heart attacks and strokes



**ponzu** (Japanese cookery) a sauce or dip made with soy sauce and citrus juice

**potscaping** decorating with plants in pots; creating a garden with many plants in pots

**psyops** military operations aimed at influencing the enemy state of mind through noncombative means, such as distribution of leaflets

**protiring** leaving a stressful or dull job to pursue more interesting and satisfying work

**punditocracy** a group of powerful and influential political commentators

**push poll** political telemarketing masquerading as a poll but no one is collecting information or analyzing data and it does not include any demographic questions

**qwerty** using an older system or product when a newer one would be better (derived from the arrangement of typewriter keys)

**radge** (Scottish) a wild, crazy, or violent person

**regift** a gift that was given to one person who then gave it to another regifting giving something received as a gift to someone else; passing on unwanted gifts

**rendition** the practice of sending a foreign criminal or terrorist suspect to be covertly interrogated in a country that has less stringent regulations regarding the humane treatment of prisoners

**retail politics** a style of political campaigning in which the candidate attends local events to target voters on a small-scale or individual basis

**retrosexual** heterosexual male who does not spend a lot of time on his appearance and lifestyle; he uses tools and can fix things; he has old-fashioned graces such as opening doors for women; the opposite of metrosexual

**riffage** informal guitar riffs, especially in rock music

**ringtone** the sound on a cell phone that signals an incoming call

**roofie** Rohypnol, a brand name for a very potent tranquilizer producing a sedative effect, amnesia, and muscle relaxation; sometimes used as a date-rape drug

**rumint** combination of *rumor* and *intelligence*; information from unreliable sources, based on rumors not facts

**sandwich generation** a generation of people who have to care for their aging parents while still supporting their own children

**SERM** selective estrogen receptor modulator, a type of drug

**sheeple** people who tend to follow the crowd; a blend of sheep and people

**shootaround** informal basketball practice

**shopaholic** one who is obsessed with shopping

**shopgrifting** buying an item to use with the intention of returning it to get a full refund

**shovelware** content from an existing medium such as a newspaper or book that has been dumped wholesale into another medium, such as the Web

**SIPP** (in the UK) a self-invested personal pension, a pension plan that enables the holder to choose and manage the investments made

**sky surfing** parachuting from an airplane with a board attached to one's feet

**smashmouth** characterized by brute force without finesse

**soul patch** a small beard under a man's lower lip

**spam** a disruptive message posted on a computer network; to send spam

**speed-dating** a way of meeting by talking briefly to several potential romantic partners at an organized event

**spim** similar to spam but it attacks users through instant messaging

**spin** a particular viewpoint or bias, especially in the media; slant: put one's own spin on a news story

**spoiler** information about a film, book, or TV show that spoils the enjoyment for someone who has not yet seen it

**spyware** unauthorized software installed on a computer without the user's knowledge that transmits

information about the Internet activities of the user

**studentification** social and environmental changes caused by large numbers of students living in particular areas

**supersize** larger than average or standard sizes; huge; to greatly increase size, amount, or extent of

**support** customer service, as in tech support

**swagger jacker** a person who steals someone else's style, lines, jokes, or swagger, passing them off as his own

**tankini** a woman's two-piece swimsuit consisting of bikini briefs and a tank top

**technology butler** a hotel staffer who performs technical tasks for hotel guests with computer problems and needs; also called a *compierge* (a blend of *computer* and *concierge*)

**technosexual** a narcissist who loves his urban lifestyle and technological gadgets; one who has a fondness for computers, cell phones, PDAs, etc.; a metrosexual with strong interests in technology

**therapize** to subject a person to psychological therapy: *don't therapize your friends*

**tnesis** separation of a word into parts by inserting a word in the middle: *abso-blooming-lutely*

**toxic bachelor** an unmarried man who is selfish, self-centered, insensitive, and afraid of commitment

**trance** electronic music with a hypnotic quality

**tri-band** (of a mobile phone) having three frequencies so that it can be used in different regions

**trifecta** three major achievements in various fields; in horse racing: winning first, second, and third place in the correct order

**trolleys** or trolleys (British) underpants or knickers

**tweaker** methamphetamine addict

**tweener** a player who has some but not all of the necessary characteristics for each of two or more positions, as in football or basketball

**twonk** (British) a stupid or foolish person

**ubersexual** a confident and compassionate male heterosexual who has a strong interest in good causes

**unibrow** eyebrows that grow together and appear to be one long eyebrow across the forehead

**upskilling** teaching or learning additional skills

**V-chip** a feature of television receivers that allows the blocking of programs based on ratings categories

**vermiculture** the cultivation of bloodworms, earthworms, etc., for use as bait or in composting

**voice lift** surgical procedure on the vocal cords to make someone's voice sound younger

**vortal** vertical industry portal; a Web site that provides information and resources for a particular industry

**waitron** a waitperson with a machinelike attitude

**wakeboarding** riding on a wide board in the wake of the speedboat one is being pulled by

**Webmaster** one who designs and maintains a Web site

**wedge issue** a very divisive political issue used for drawing voters away from an opposing party whose supporters have conflicting opinions on it

**wetware** the human brain, considered functionally similar to computer hardware or software

**wheatgrass** a genus of perennial grasses that are important pasture, hay, or turf grasses

**wiki** a Web site or database developed by a community of users, allowing any user to add and edit content

**yebo** (South African) an exclamation used to show agreement or approval; yes

**yogalates** a fitness routine combining the postures and breathing techniques of yoga with Pilates exercises; a blend of *yoga* and *Pilates*

**zombie** a computer controlled by a hacker, without the owner's knowledge, so that it sends large

quantities of data to a Web site, making it inaccessible to other users

# Index

Most of the words in the index are from the chapter on misused words. Because the first word in each group is already in alphabetical order, that word is not listed in the index. However, since some of the words that are confused with them aren't easy to locate, they are listed here alphabetically with the page number on which they can be found.

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Like many writers, MARY EMBREE has had a varied career. During the 1970s and '80s, she worked for television production companies in various capacities. Starting out in sitcoms such as *Good Times*, *One Day at a Time*, and *Three's Company* as assistant to the producer, she later worked as a researcher and writer for Ralph Edwards' *This is Your Life*, a series whose revival in the 1980s lasted only one season. Because times and tastes change, a job in TV is always temporary. So in between TV series, she freelanced as a writer and researcher for TV pilots, and wrote and directed a video documentary for the California Youth Authority.

It wasn't until 1990 when she moved to Ventura, a beach town about an hour north of Los Angeles, that she began writing in earnest. She started with magazine articles and was delighted to find that many of them got published. After editing manuscripts for authors whose books were subsequently published, she decided to try her hand at writing a book herself. Her first book, *A Woman's Way: Stop-Smoking Book for Women*, attracted an agent who sold it to a publisher before she had completed it. Her latest works are *The Author's Toolkit: a Step-by-Step Guide to Writing and Publishing Your Book*, and this book, *The Birds and Bees of Words*. *The Author's Toolkit* was a Writer's Digest Book Club selection in 2003 and received positive reviews in *Library Journal* and *Los Angeles Times*, among others.

Mary is the founder of two nonprofit literary organizations. Small Publishers, Artists, and Writers Network (SPAWN) was founded in 1997 and provides education, resources, and networking for people in the book industry both in the United States and abroad. The Literary Arts Society of Ventura County (LASVC), for which she also serves as executive director, was incorporated in 2006. It produces the annual Ventura Book Festival and provides ongoing writing programs for youth.