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Comprehension: Snow Is Cold!

Directions: Read about snow. Circle the answers.

When you play in snow, dress warmly. Wear a coat. Wear a hat. Wear gloves. Do you wear these when you play in snow?



- 1. Snow is warm.
- 2. When you play in snow, dress warmly. quickly.

Directions: List three things to wear when you play in snow.

Same and Different

Directions: Circle five things in picture #1 that are not in picture #2.

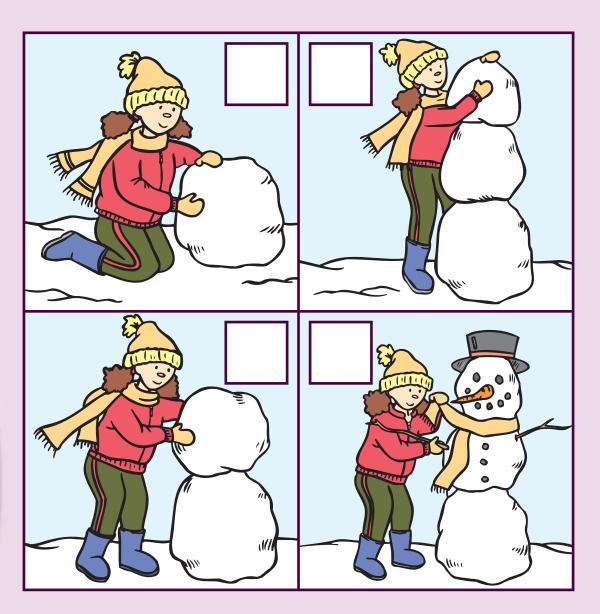




Sequencing: Make a Snowman!

Directions: Write the number of the sentence that goes with each picture in the box.

- 1. Roll a large snowball for the snowman's bottom.
- 2. Make another snowball and put it on top of the first.
- 3. Put the last snowball on top.
- 4. Dress the snowman.



Classifying: What Does Not Belong?

Directions: Circle the two things that do not belong in the picture. Write why they do not belong.



Classifying: These Keep Me Warm

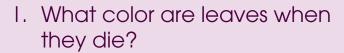
Directions: Color the things that keep you warm.



Comprehension: Raking Leaves

Directions: Read about raking leaves. Then, answer the questions.

I like to rake leaves. Do you? Leaves die each year. They get brown and dry. They fall from the trees. Then, we rake them up.



2. What happens when they die?

3. What do we do when leaves fall?

Sequencing: Raking Leaves

Directions: Write a number in each box to show the order of the story.



Classifying: Leaves

П

Directions: Cut out the leaves. Put them into two groups. Glue each group in a box on the top of the page. Write a name for each group.

green



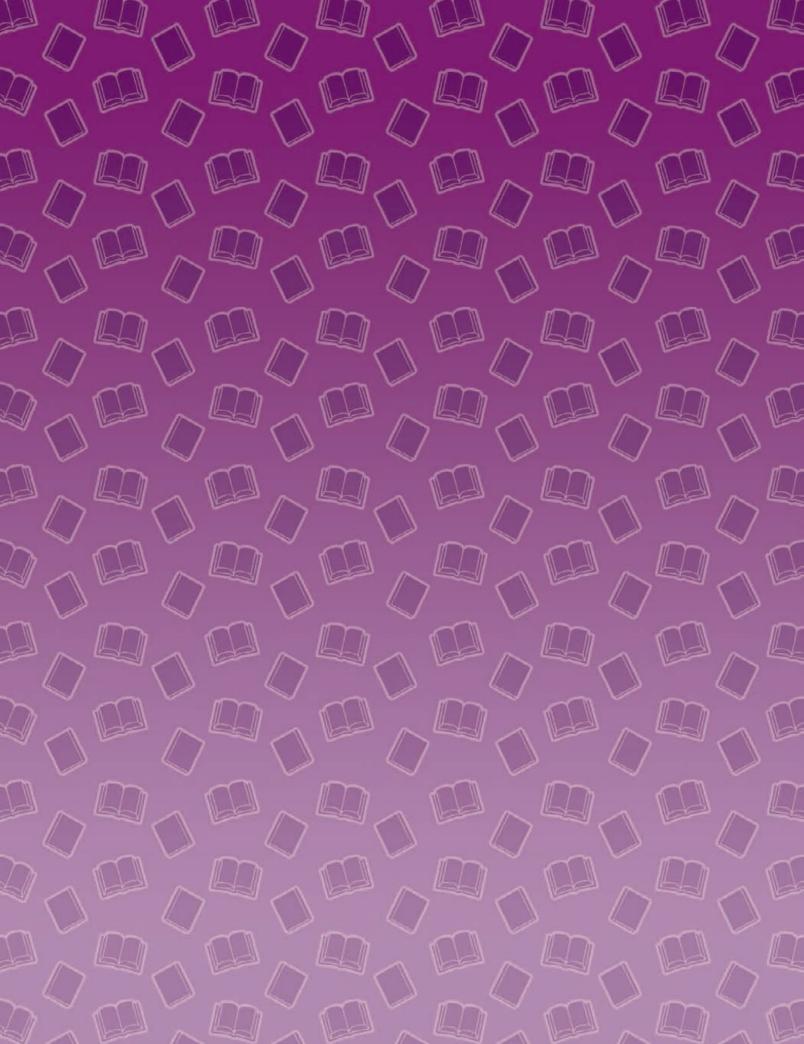












Comprehension: Growing Flowers

Directions: Read about flowers. Then, write the answers.

Some flowers grow in pots. Many flowers grow in flower beds. Others grow beside the road. Flowers begin from seeds. They grow into small buds. Then, they open wide and bloom.
Flowers are pretty!

1.	Name two places flowers grow.		
2.	Flowers begin from		
3.	Then, flowers grow into small		
4.	Flowers then open wide and		

Flower Puzzle

Directions: Read the story about flowers again. Then, complete the puzzle.

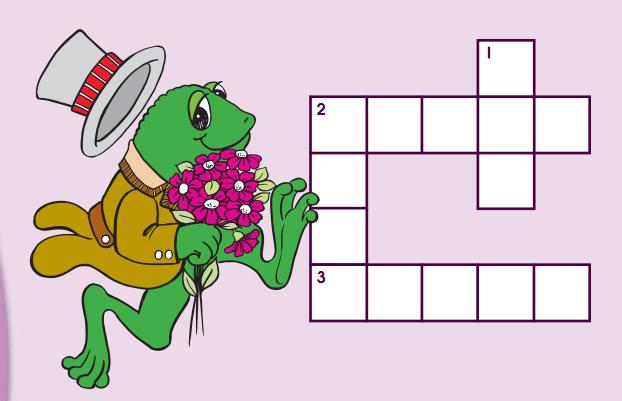
Across:

- 2. Flowers do this when they open wide.
- 3. Flowers grow from these.



Down:

- 1. A flower can grow in a flower bed or a ____.
- 2. Before they bloom, flowers grow ____.



Sequencing: How Flowers Grow

Directions: Read the story. Then, write the steps to grow a flower.

First, find a sunny spot. Then, plant the seed. Water it. The flower will start to grow. Pull the weeds around it. Remember to keep giving the flower water. Enjoy your flower.

	·	
ı		
1.		•
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		

Review

Directions: Write words in the blanks to make a label

13 and 15 and your own ide	
See	eds
Plant seeds in a	
Give them lots of	
A bud will grow. Then, it will	
The flower will keep growin	g if you pull the
	around it.
Your flowers will be very	

Review

Directions: Read the story and look at the pictures. Then, write the answers.

Some clothes are for winter. Some clothes are for summer. Winter clothes keep us warm. Summer clothes keep us cool. In summer, I put on shorts, then a shirt, and then sandals. These clothes keep me cool!



Comprehension: Balloons

Directions: Read the story. Then, answer the questions.



I What makes halloons float?

Some balloons float. They are filled with gas. Some do not float. They are filled with air. Some clowns carry balloons. Balloons come in many colors. What color do you like?

What makes balleens hear.		
What is in balloons that do not float?		
What shape are the balloons the clown is holding?		

Comprehension: Balloons

Directions: Read the story about balloons again. Draw a picture for the sentence in each box.



The clown is holding red, yellow, and blue balloons filled with air.

The clown is holding purple, orange, green, and blue balloons filled with gas.

Same and Different: Clowns

Directions: Look at the two clowns. Color the things in picture #2 that are different from the things in picture #1.



#2

Following Directions: Color the Clown

	ctions: Color the clown. your crayons this way:
	1-red
	2 - blue
	3 - orange
	4 - pink
Dire	ctions: Write the answers on the lines.
1.	What color did you use for the clown's hair?
2.	What color is the clown's nose?
3.	What color is the clown's collar?
4.	What color is the clown's mouth?

Classifying: Clowns and Balloons

Some words describe clowns. Some words describe balloons.

Directions: Read the words. Write the words that match in the correct columns.

float air	laughs feet	hat pop	string nose
clown		bo	alloons

Sequencing: Petting a Cat

Directions: Read the story. Then, write the answers.

•	e cats? I do. To pet a ur hand. The cat will c		wly.
you. Then, p	oet its head. Do not gi	rab _	
a cat! It will	run away.		
To pet a ca	†		
-			

I.	Move
2.	Hold out your
3.	The cat will come to
4.	Pet the cat's

a cat!

5. Do not

Comprehension: Cats

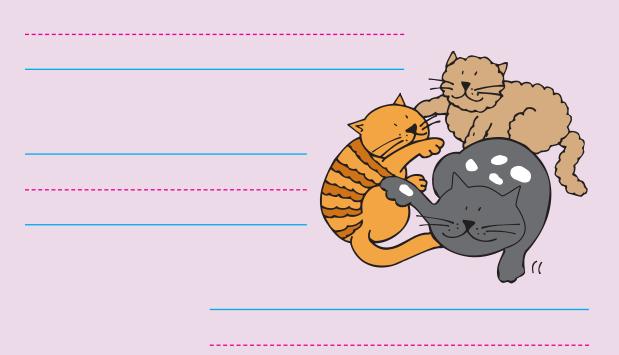
Directions: Read the story about cats again. Then, write the answers.

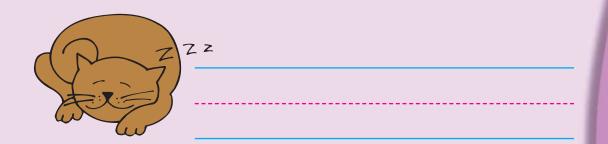
1.	What is a good title for the story?
2.	The story tells you how to
3.	What part of your body should you pet a cat with?
4.	Why should you move slowly to pet a cat?
5.	Why do you think a cat will run away if you grab it?

Comprehension: Cats

Directions: Look at the pictures and read about four cats. Then, write the correct name beside each cat.

Fluffy, Blackie, and Tiger are playing. Tom is sleeping. Blackie has spots. Tiger has stripes.

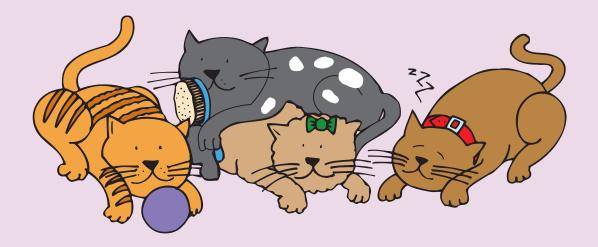




Same and Different: Cats

Directions: Compare the picture of the cats on page 25 to this picture. Write a word from the box to tell what is different about each cat.

purple ball green bow blue brush red collar



l.	Tom is wearing	J a	
2.	Blackie has a		
3.	Fluffy is wearin	ga	

4. Tiger has a

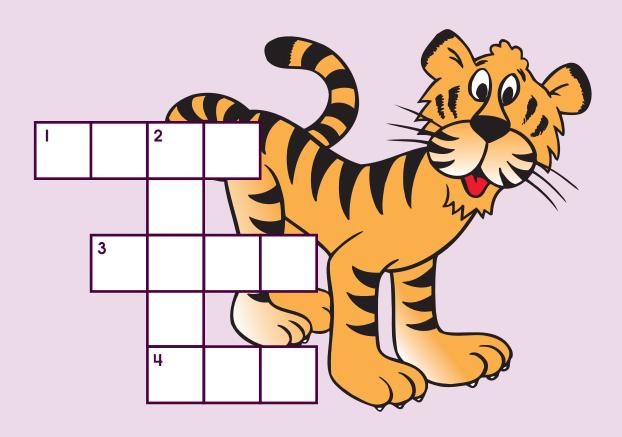
Comprehension: Tigers

Directions: Read about tigers. Then, write

the	answers.
day Tige hun wild	gers sleep during the . They hunt at night. rs eat meat. They t deer. They like to eat pigs. If they cannot find at, tigers will eat fish.
1.	When do tigers sleep?
2.	Name two things tigers eat.
3.	When do tigers hunt?

Following Directions: Tiger Puzzle

Directions: Read the story about tigers again. Then, complete the puzzle.



Across:

- When tigers cannot get meat, they eat ____.
- 3. The food tigers like best is ____.
- 4. Tigers like to eat this meat: wild ____.

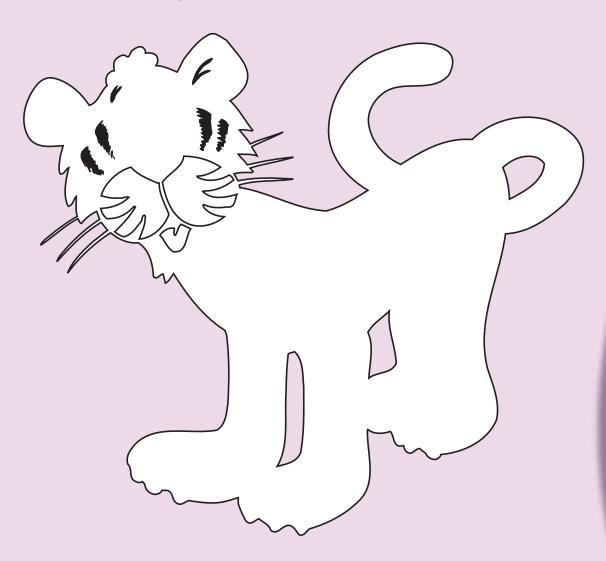
Down:

2. Tigers do this during the day.

Following Directions: Draw a Tiger

Directions: Follow directions to complete the picture of the tiger.

- 1. Draw black stripes on the tiger's body and tail.
- 2. Color the tiger's tongue red.
- 3. Draw claws on the feet.
- Draw a black nose and two black eyes on the tiger's face.
- 5. Color the rest of the tiger orange.
- 6. Draw tall, green grass for the tiger to sleep in.



Review

Directions: Read about skiing. Circle the answers. Write a number in each box to show the order of the story.

Skiing Is Fun

You need to dress warmly to ski. One ski fits on each boot. You wear the skis to a chair called a ski lift. It takes you up in the air to a hill. When you get off, you ski down the hill. Be careful! Sometimes you will fall.



1. To ski, you need

two skis.

2. Skiing is an

indoor sport. outdoor sport.

Comprehension: Apples

Directions: Read about apples. Then, write the answers.



. Do you?





are green.



1. How many kinds of apples does the story tell about?

the story tell about?



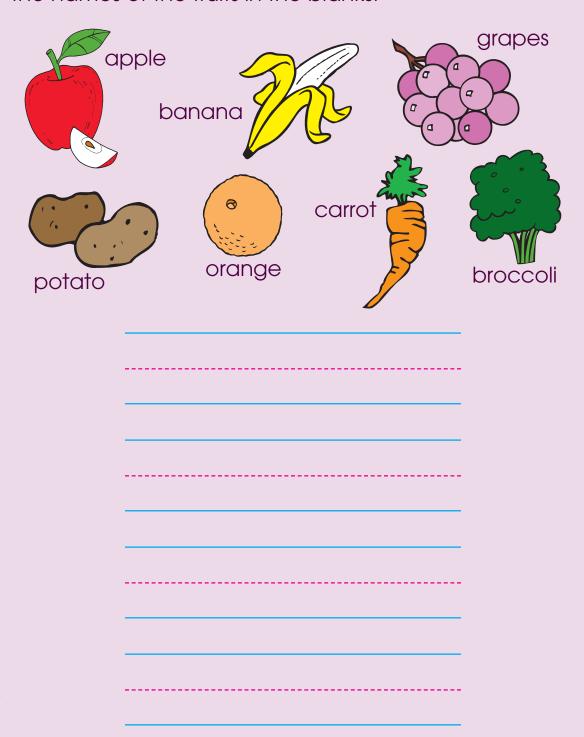
2. Name the kinds of apples.

3. What kind of apple do you like best?

Classifying: Fruit

Fruit tastes good. It is sweet. Fruit is a good snack.

Directions: Look at the words and pictures. Then, write the names of the fruits in the blanks.



Classifying: Vegetables

Vegetables grow in gardens. Vegetables help keep us healthy.

Directions: Look at the pictures. Then, write the name of the vegetables in the blanks.

beans 👝	
BREAD	
BALL	
bread	
9/20	
banana	
Dariana	
lettus	
lettuce 🙀	
carrot	
Caror	
noodles	
	Add the name of one
peas	more vegetable.
broccoli	

Comprehension: How We Eat

Directions: Read the story. Use words from the box to answer the questions.

People eat with spoons and forks. They use a spoon to eat soup and ice cream. They use a fork to eat potatoes. They use a knife to cut their meat. They say, "Thank you. It was good!" when they finish.



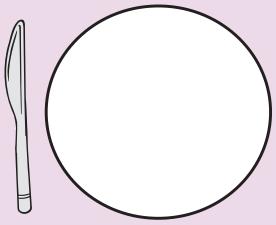
fork ice cream knife soup

2. What are two things you can eat with a spoon?

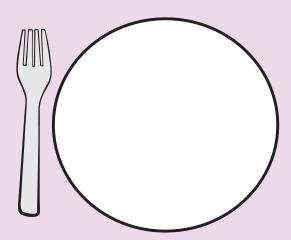
3. What do we use to eat meat and potatoes?

Classifying: Foods

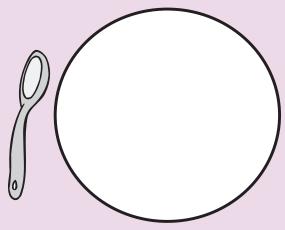
Directions: Read the questions under each plate. Draw three foods on each plate to answer the questions.



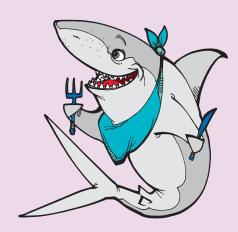
I. What foods can you cut with a knife?



2. What foods should you eat with a fork?

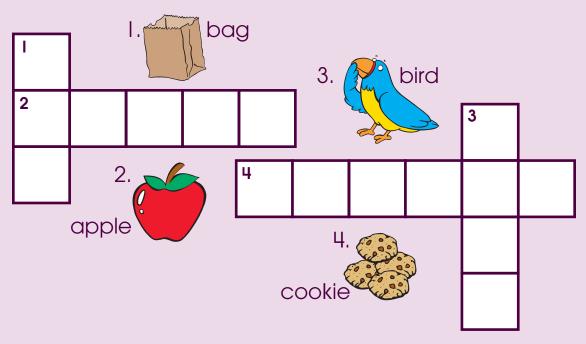


3. What foods can you eat with a spoon?



Comprehension: Familiar Objects

Directions: Write each word next to its picture in the puzzle.



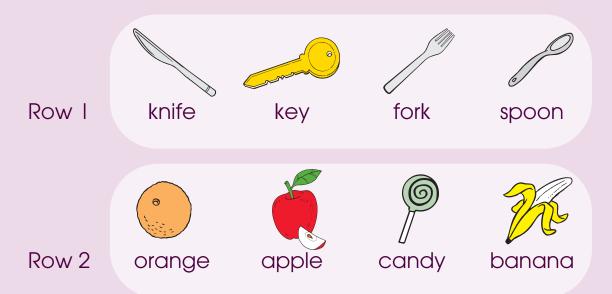
Directions: Complete the sentences. Write the answers in the blanks.

- 5. I can carry things in a _____
- 6. I like to eat a red ______.

- 7. I wish I could fly like a ______.
- 8. I can bake a _____

Classifying: Things That Belong Together

Directions: Circle the pictures in each row that belong together.



Directions: Write the names of the pictures that do not belong.

Row I

Row 2 _____

Classifying: Why They Are Different

Directions: Look at your answers on page 37. Write why each object does not belong.

Row I

Row 2

Directions: For each object, draw a group of pictures that belong with it.



candy bar



Comprehension: Write a Party Invitation

Directions: Read about the party. Then, complete the invitation.

The party will be at Dog's house. The party will start at 1:00 p.m. It will last two hours. Write your birthday for the date of the party.



	Party Invitation
Where:	
Date:	
Time It Begins:	
Time It Ends:	

Sequencing: Pig Gets Ready

Directions: Number the pictures of Pig getting ready for the party to show the order of the story.



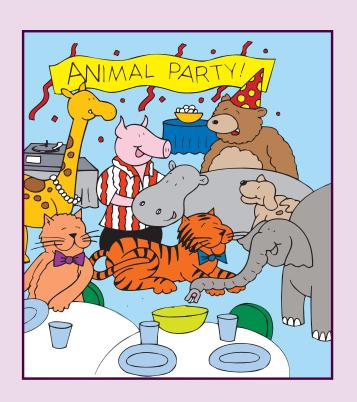
What kind of party do you think Pig is going to?

Master Skills Reading Comprehension Grade 1

Comprehension: An Animal Party

Directions: Use the picture for clues. Write words from the box to answer the questions.

bear
dog
giraffe
pig
cat
elephant
hippo
tiger



- I. Which animals have bow ties?
- 2. Which animal has a hat?



3. Which animal has a striped shirt?

Classifying: Party Items

Directions: Draw a \square around objects that are food for the party. Draw a \triangle around the party guests. Draw a \bigcirc around the objects used for fun at the party.



Review

Directions: Read about cookies. Then, write your answers.

Cookies are made with many things. All cookies are made with flour. Some cookies have nuts in them. Some cookies do not. Some cookies have chocolate chips. Some do not. Cookbooks give directions on how __to make cookies.



First, turn on the oven. Then, get out all the things that go in the cookies. Mix them together. Roll them out, and cut the cookies. Bake the cookies. Now, eat them!

1.	Tell one way all cookies are the same.		
2.	Name one different thing in cookies.		
3.	Where do you find directions for making cookies?		

Comprehension: The Teddy Bear Song

Do you know the Teddy Bear Song? It is very old!

Directions: Read the Teddy Bear Song. Then, answer the questions.

Teddy bear, teddy bear, turn around.

Teddy bear, teddy bear, touch the ground.

Teddy bear, teddy bear, climb upstairs.

Teddy bear, teddy bear, say your prayers.

Teddy bear, teddy bear, turn out the light.

Teddy bear, teddy bear, say, "Good night!"

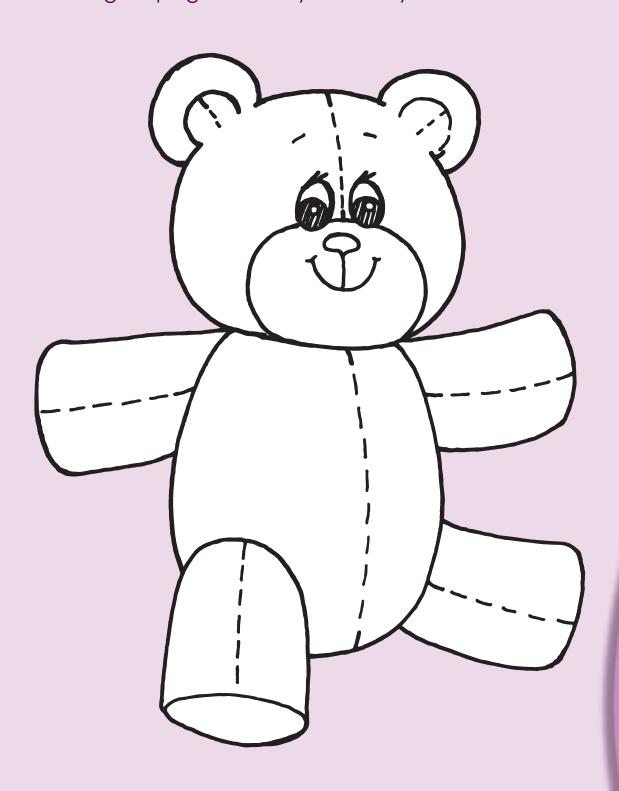
What is the first thing the teddy bear does?

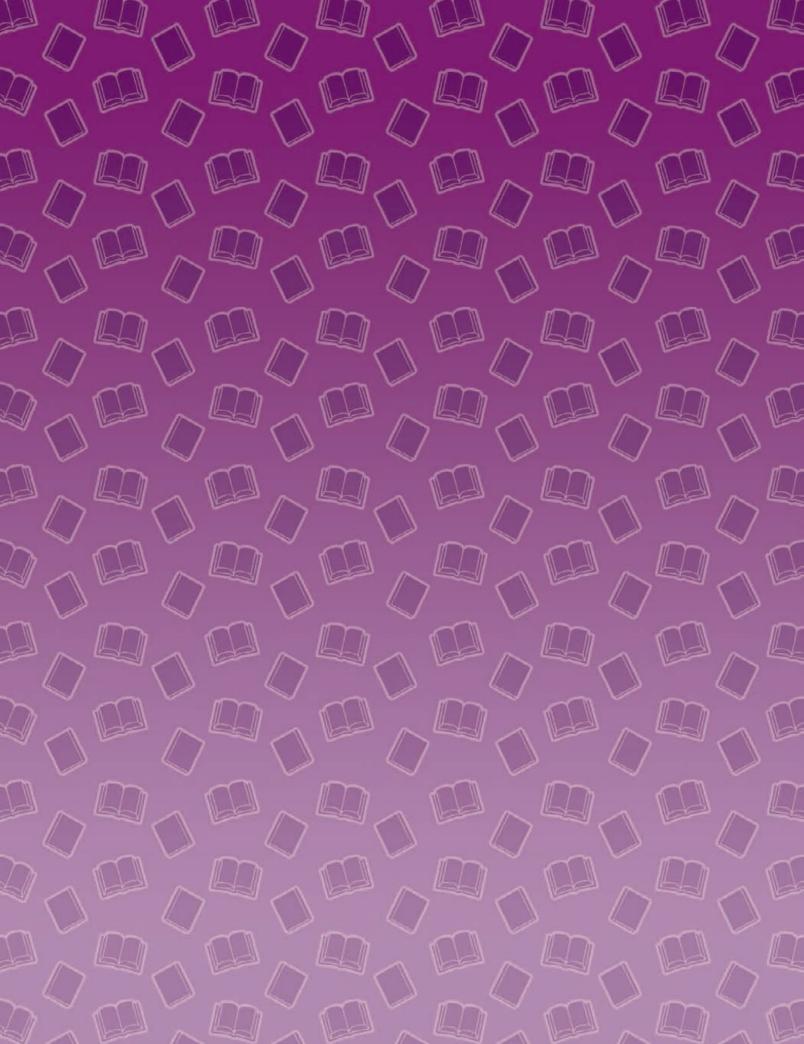
 What is the last thing the teddy bear does?

3. What would you name a teddy bear?



Directions: Color and cut out the teddy bear. Act out the song on page 44 with your teddy bear.





Comprehension: A New Teddy Bear Song

Directions: Write words to make a new teddy bear song. Act out your new song with your teddy bear as you read it.



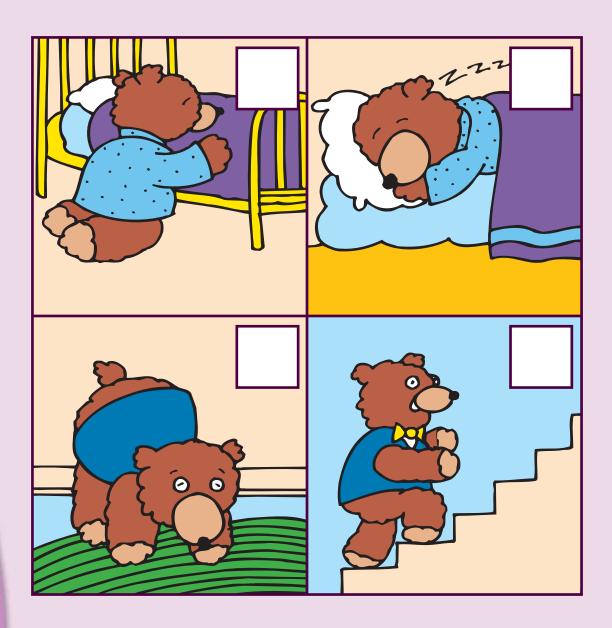




Teddy bear, teddy bear, turn
Teddy bear, touch the
Teddy bear, teddy bear, climb
Teddy bear, teddy bear, turn out
Teddy bear, teddy bear, say,

Sequencing: Put Teddy Bear to Bed

Directions: Read the song about the teddy bear again. Write a number in each box to show the order of the story.



Comprehension: Play Simon Says

Directions: Read how to play Simon Says. Then, answer the questions.

Simon Says



Here is how to play Simon Says: One kid is Simon. Simon is the leader. Everyone must do what Simon says and does, but only if the leader says, "Simon says" first. Let's try it. "Simon says, 'Pat your head.'" "Simon says, 'Pat your

nose. Pat your toes." Oops! Did you pat your toes? I did not say, "Simon says," first. If you patted your toes, you are out!

1.	Who is the leader in this game?		
2.	What must the leader say first each time?		
3.	What happens if you do something and the leader did not say, "Simon says"?		

Comprehension: Play Simon Says

Directions: Read each sentence. Look at the picture next to it. Circle the picture if the person is playing Simon Says correctly.

1. Simon says, "Put your hands on your hips."



2. Simon says, "Stand on one leg."



3. Simon says, "Put your hands on your head."



4. Simon says, "Ride a bike."



5. Simon says, "Jump up and down."

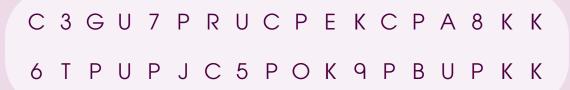


Simon says, "Pet a dog."

Following Directions: Play Simon Says

Directions: Read the sentences. If Simon tells you to do something, follow the directions. If Simon does not tell you to do something, go to the next sentence.

- 1. Simon says: Cross out all the numbers 2 through 9.
- Simon says: Cross out the vowel that is in the word "sun."
- 3. Cross out the letter "B."
- Cross out the vowels "A" and "E."
- Simon says: Cross out the consonants in the word "cup."
- 6. Cross out the letter "Z."
- 7. Simon says: Cross out all the "K's."
- 8. Simon says: Read your message.





Same and Different: Look at Simon

Directions: Find four things in picture #2 that are not in picture #1. Write your answers. Use words from the box.

hat head bare feet socks feather watch untied shoes shirt





 1.

 2.

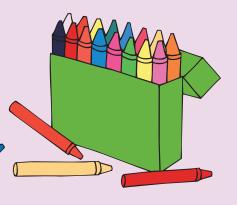
 3.

 4.

Comprehension: Crayons

Directions: Read about crayons. Then, write your answers.

Crayons come in many colors. Some crayons are dark colors. Some crayons are light colors. All crayons have wax in them.



1. How many colors of crayons are there?

many

few

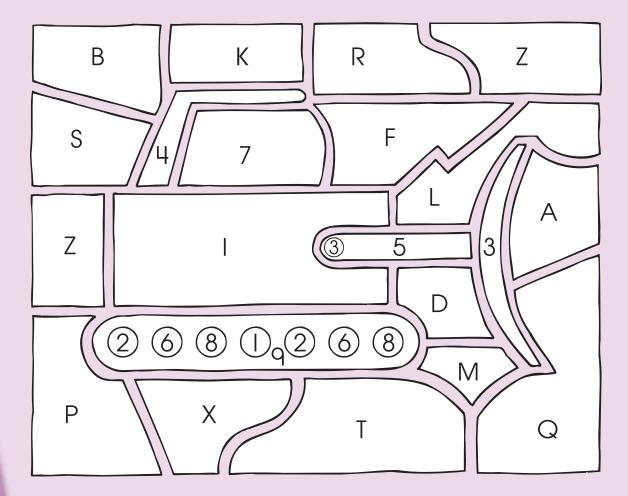
2. Crayons come in ___

colors and _____colors.

3. What do all crayons have in them?

Following Directions: Hidden Picture

Directions: To find the hidden picture, color only the shapes with a number inside.

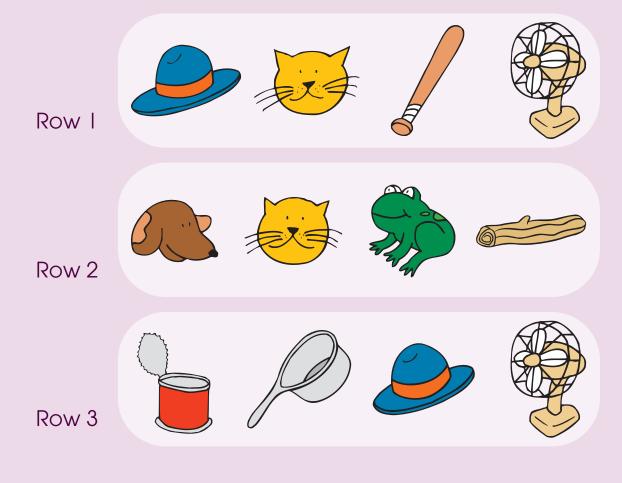


Comprehension: Rhymes

Directions: Read about words that rhyme. Then, circle the answers. SHOE, BLUE Words that rhyme have the same KITE, BITE MAKE, TAKE end sounds. "Wing" and "sing" FLY, BUY rhyme. "Boy" and "toy" rhyme. "Dime" and "time" rhyme. Can you think of other words that rhyme? 1. Words that rhyme end sounds. have the same end letters. 2. "Time" rhymes with "tree." "dime." **Directions:** Write one rhyme for each word. wing boy dime pink

Classifying: Rhymes

Directions: Circle the pictures in each row that rhyme.



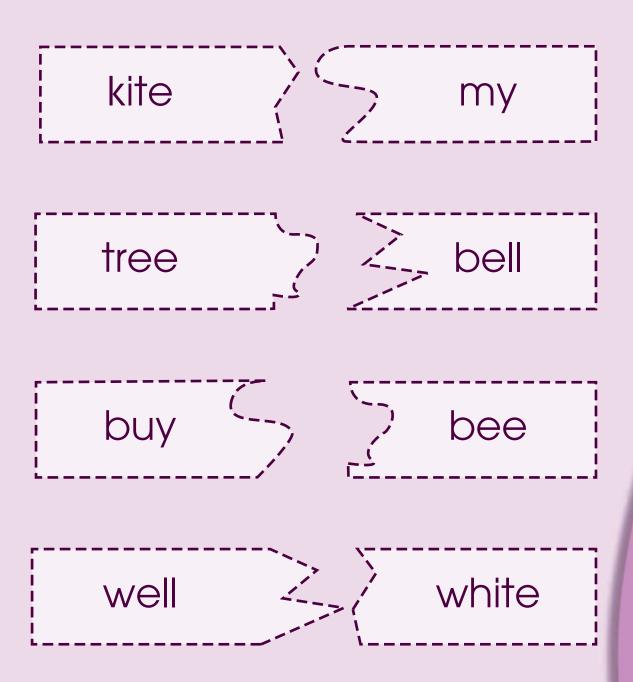
Directions: Write the names of the pictures that do not rhyme.

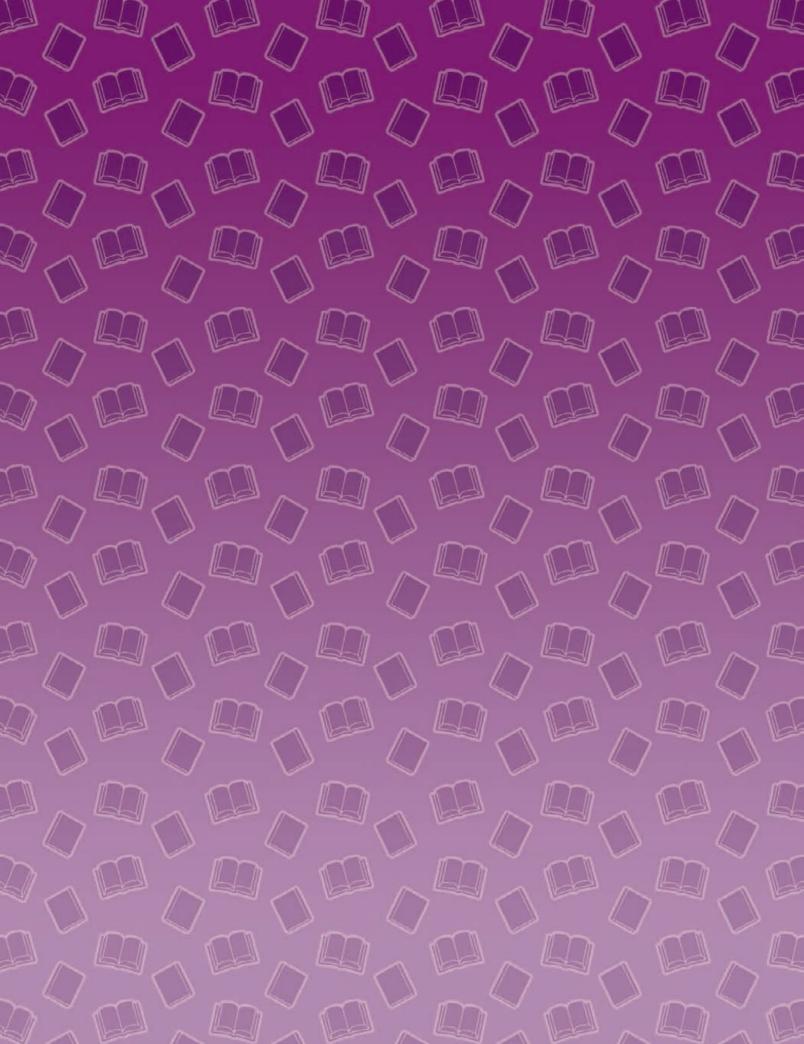
These words do not rhyme:

Row I	Row 2	Row 3	

Classifying: Rhymes

Directions: Cut out the pieces. Read the words. Find two words that rhyme. Put the words together.





Review

Directions: Read about ways you move. Circle the correct answer.

You can move in many ways. You can run. When you run, one foot hits the ground at a time. You can jump. When you jump, you land on two feet. You can hop. To hop, first stand on one leg. Then, jump up and down.



1. Running and jumping are different because:

One foot hits the ground at a time when you run. Two feet hit the ground at a time when you jump.

Two feet hit the ground at a time when you run. One foot hits the ground at a time when you jump.

Directions: Write directions on how to hop.

3. Then,

2.	First,	
	,	

Comprehension: Babies

Directions: Read about babies. Then, write the answers.

Babies are small. Some babies cry a lot. They cry when they are wet. They cry when they are hungry. They smile when they are dry. They smile when they are fed.





Name two reasons babies cry.
 Name two reasons babies smile.
 Write a baby's name you like.

Comprehension: Babies

Directions: Read each sentence. Draw a picture of a baby's face in the box to show if she would cry or smile.





- 1. The baby needs to have her diaper changed.
- 2. The baby has not eaten for awhile.
- 3. Dad put a dry diaper on the baby.
- 4. The baby is going to finish her bottle.
- 5. The baby finished her food but is still hungry.

Sequencing: Feeding Baby

Directions: Read the sentences. Write a number in each box to show the order of the story.

The baby smiles.



Mom makes the baby's food.

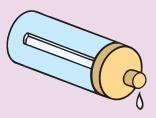


The baby is put in his chair.

The baby is crying.



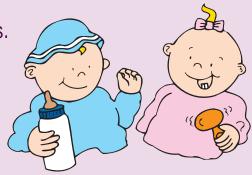
Mom feeds the baby.



Same and Different: Compare the Twins

Directions: Read the story. Then, use the words in the box and the picture to write your answers.

Ben and Ann are twin babies. They were born at the same time. They have the same mother. Ben is a boy baby. Ann is a girl baby.



mother bow boy girl hat twins

I.	Ann and Ben have the same			
2.	Ann and Ben are			
3.	Ann is a		Ben is a	
		·		
4.	Ann is wearing a		Ben is wearing a	

Ι.

Comprehension: Hats

Directions: Read about hats. Then, write your answers.

There are many kinds of hats. Some baseball hats have brims. Some fancy hats have feathers. Some knit hats pull down over your ears. Some hats are made of straw. Do you like hats?



Name four kinds of hats.	

Directions: Circle the correct answers.

2. What kind of hats pull down over your ears?

straw hats

knit hats

3. What are some hats made of?

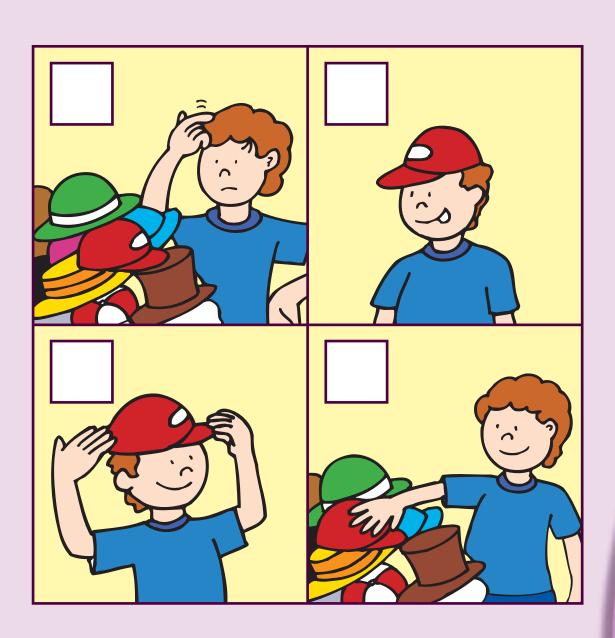
straw

mud



Sequencing: Choosing a Hat

Directions: Write a number in each box to show the order of the story.



Classifying: Hats

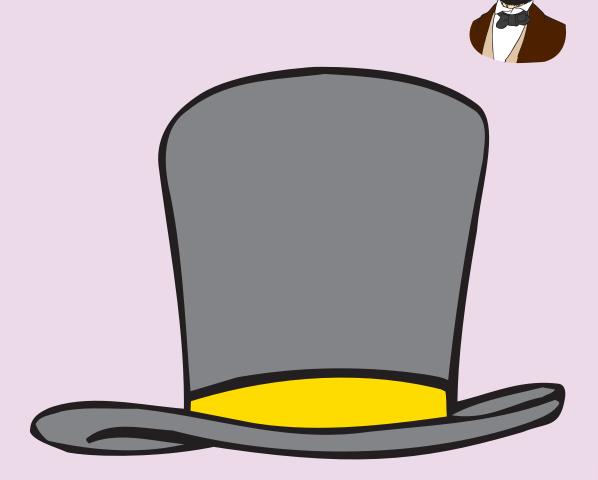
Directions: A store has four types of hats. Draw three hats for each type listed. Write what kind of hats you think should be in the last group, and draw three of that kind.

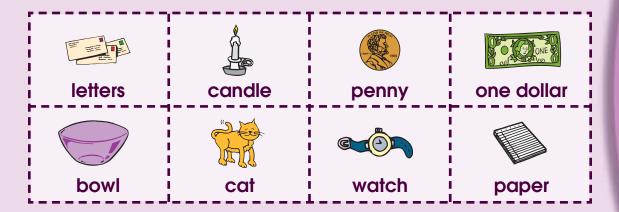


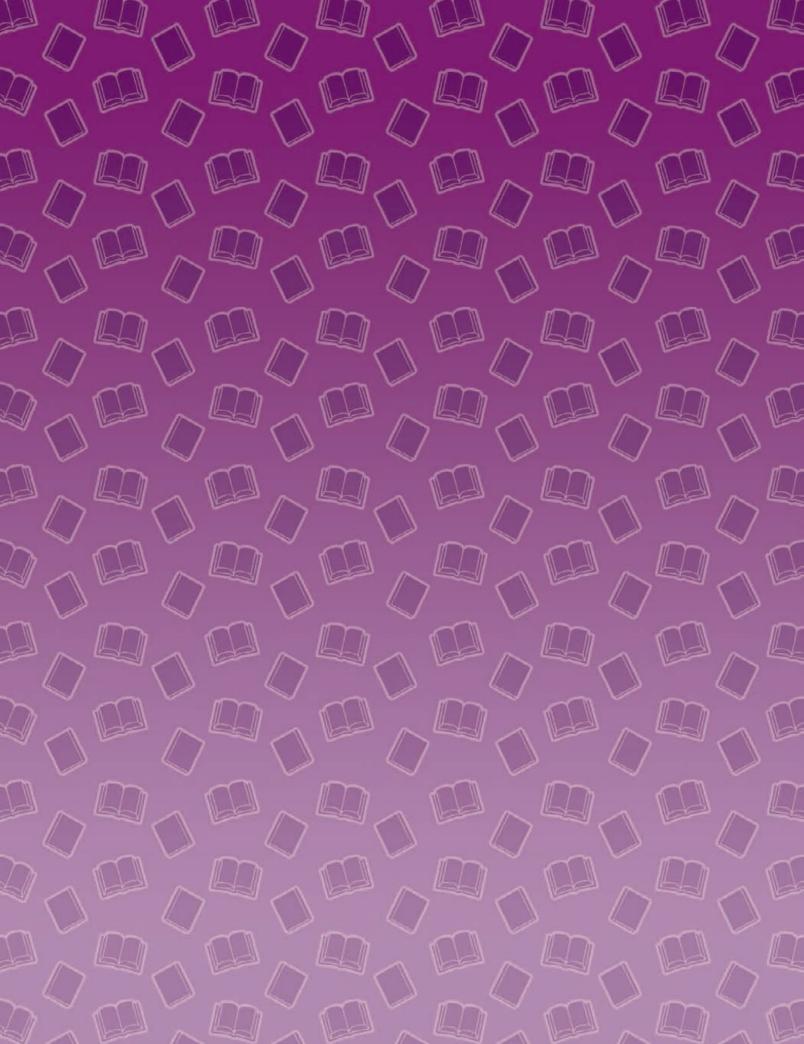
Classifying: Mr. Lincoln's Hat

Abraham Lincoln wore a tall hat. He liked to keep things in his hat so he would not lose them.

Directions: Cut out the pictures of things Mr. Lincoln could have kept in his hat. Glue those pictures on the hat.







Following Directions: Draw Hats

Directions: Draw a hat on each person. Read the sentences to know what kind of hat to draw.

- 1. The first girl is wearing a purple hat with feathers.
- 2. The boy next to the girl with the purple hat is wearing a red baseball hat.
- 3. The first boy is wearing a yellow knit hat.
- 4. The last boy is wearing a brown top hat.
- 5. The girl next to the boy with the red hat is wearing a blue straw hat.











Review

Directions: Read the story. Then, circle the pictures of things that are wet.

Some things used in baking are dry. Some things used in baking are wet. To bake a cake, first mix the salt, sugar, and flour. Then, add the egg. Now, add the milk. Stir. Put the cake in the oven.











Directions: Tell the order to mix things when you bake a cake.

1.		
2.		
3.		

Directions: Circle the answers.

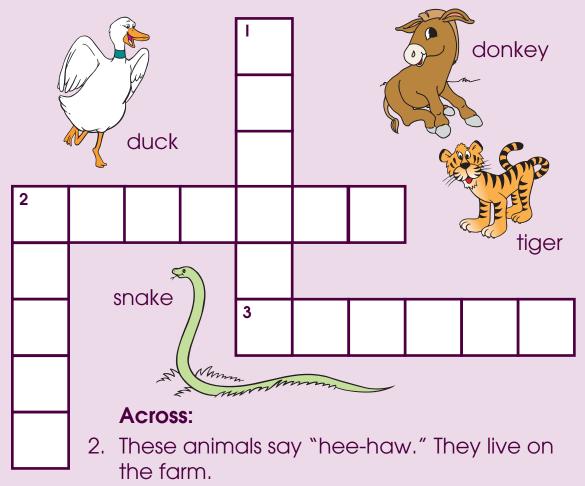
- 6. The first things to mix are
- dry.
- wet.

- 7. Where are cakes baked?
- oven
- grill

Directions: Read the story. Then, complete the puzzle.

The Zoo and the Farm

The zoo is for wild animals. Tigers live at the zoo. Some snakes live at the zoo. The farm is for tame animals. Ducks and donkeys live on farms.



3. These animals are long and thin. Some live in the zoo.

Down:

- 1. These animal have stripes. They live in the zoo.
- 2. These animals say "quack." They live on the farm.

Comprehension: Farm Sounds

Directions: Read the story. Then, answer the questions.

You can hear many sounds on the farm. Roosters crow in the morning. The cows moo, and donkeys say, "hee-haw." You might even hear the tractor motor humming.

1. What sound does the cow make?

2. What animal crows in the morning?

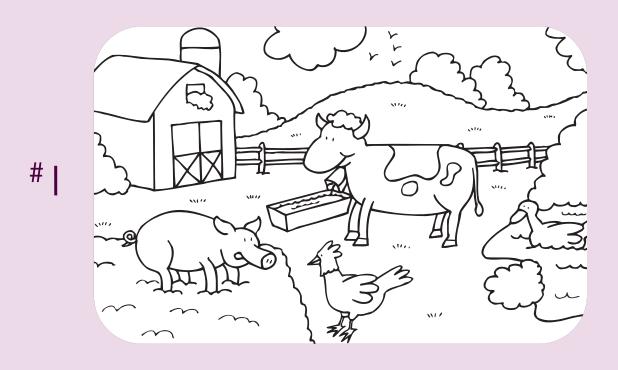
3. What animal says "hee-haw"?

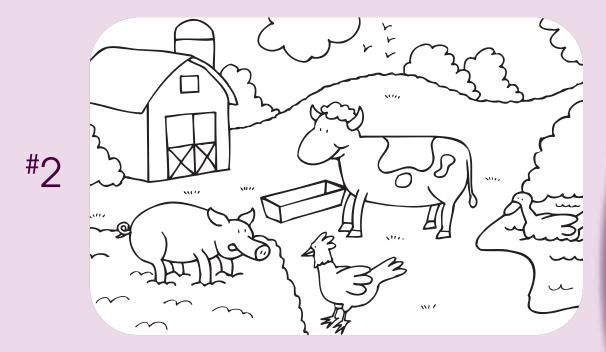
Directions: Circle the farm words in the puzzle. Look up and down and sideways.

donkey rooster moo tractor

Same and Different: Compare the Barnyards

Directions: Look at the pictures of the barnyards. Color the five things in picture #1 that are different from picture #2.





Comprehension: Animals

Directions: Read about inside and outside animals. Circle the pictures of animals that can live inside.

Some animals belong inside. Some animals belong outside. Wild animals belong outside. Large animals belong outside. Small, tame animals can live inside.

	ctions: Write the names of ar ong outside.	nimals that	
		tig	ger
1.		parakeets	
0			
2.		ostrich	
3.			cat
4.		horse	

Comprehension: Days

Directions: Read about the days of the week. Then, answer the questions.

Do you know the names of the seven days of the week? Here they are: Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday.

I.	What day comes after Thursday'?					

- 2. What day comes before Tuesday?
- 3. How many days are in each week?



Following Directions: Days of the Week

Calendars show the days of the week in order. Sunday comes first. Saturday comes last. There are five days in between. An **abbreviation** is a short way of writing words. The abbreviations for the days of the week are usually the first three or four letters of the word followed by a period.

Example: Sunday — Sun.

Directions: Write the days of the week in order on the calendar. Use the abbreviations.

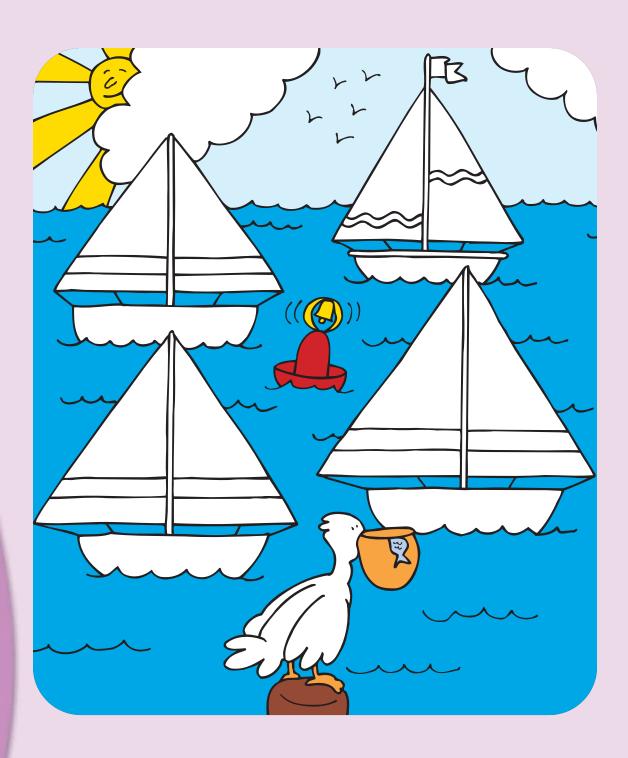
Day I	Day 2	Day 3
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday
Sun.		Tues.
Day 4	Day 5	Day 6
Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
	Thurs.	
	Day 7	
	Saturday	

Comprehension: Boats

Directions: Read about boats, Then, answer the questions. See the boats! They float on water. Some boats have sails. The wind moves the sails. It makes the boats go. Many people name their sailboats. They paint the name on the side of the boat. 1. What makes sailboats move? 2. Where do sailboats float? 3. What would you name a sailboat?

Same and Different: Color the Boats

Directions: Find the three boats that are alike. Color them all the same. One boat is different. Color it differently.



Comprehension: A Boat Ride

Directions: Write a sentence under each picture to tell what is happening. Read the story you wrote.







Comprehension: Travel

Directions: Read the story. Then, answer the questions.

Let's Take a Trip!

Pack your bag. Shall we go by car, plane, or train? Let's go to the sea. When we get there, let's go on a sailboat.



1. What are three ways to travel?

2. Where will we go?

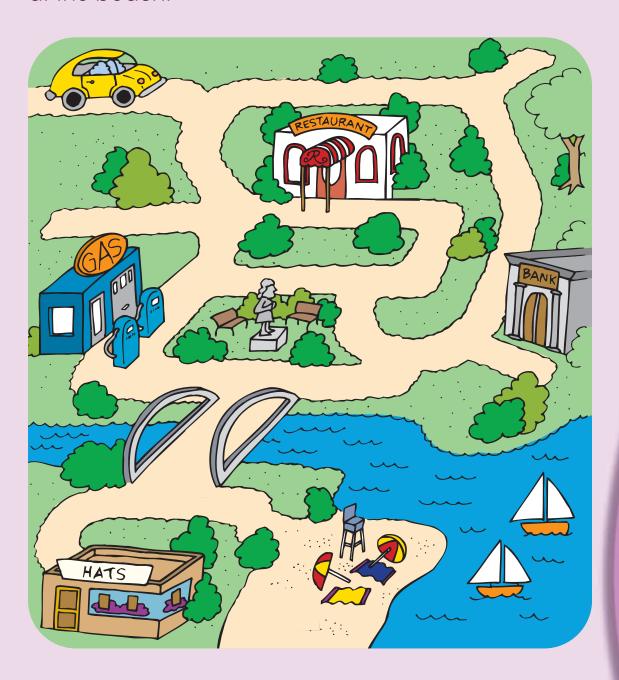
3. What will we do when we get there?

Following Directions: Draw a Path

Directions: Read about how to get to the beach. Use a crayon to draw the path to the beach.

Let's Go to the Beach

On the way to the beach, you will stop for food, then gas. Next, you cross a bridge. Finally, you will be at the beach!



Review

Directions: Read the story. Then, write the answers.

Fun With Balls

Some balls are soft. A beach ball is soft. Some balls are hard. We play baseball with a hard ball. Basketballs bounce. Can you throw a basketball through a hoop? First, bounce it three times. Then, hold the basketball high. Now, throw it toward the hoop. Did you make a basket?



Comprehension: Clocks

Directions: Read about clocks. Then, answer the questions.

Ticking Clocks

Many clocks make two sounds. The sounds are tick and tock. Big clocks often make loud tick-tocks. Little clocks often make quiet tick-tocks. Sometimes people put little clocks in a box with a new puppy. The puppy likes the sound. The tick-tock makes the puppy feel safe.



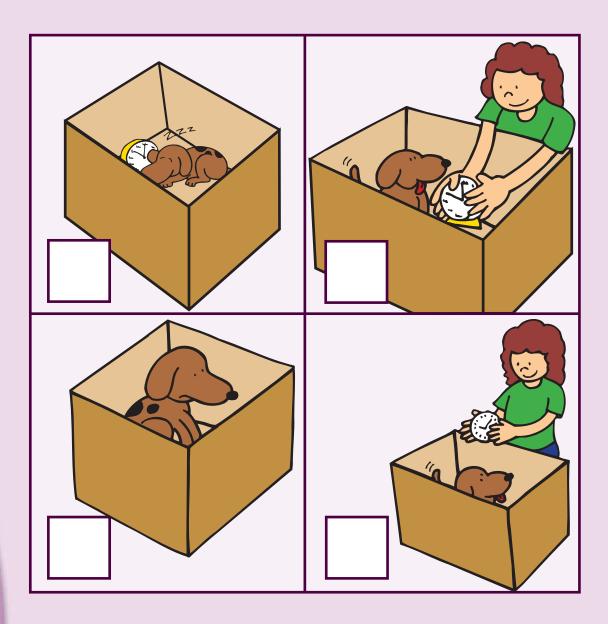




1.	What two sounds do many clocks make?
	and
2.	What kind of tick-tocks do big clocks make?
3.	What kind of clock makes a new puppy feel safe?

Sequencing: Help the Puppy Feel Safe

Directions: Read the story about clocks again. Then, write a number in each box to show the order of the story.



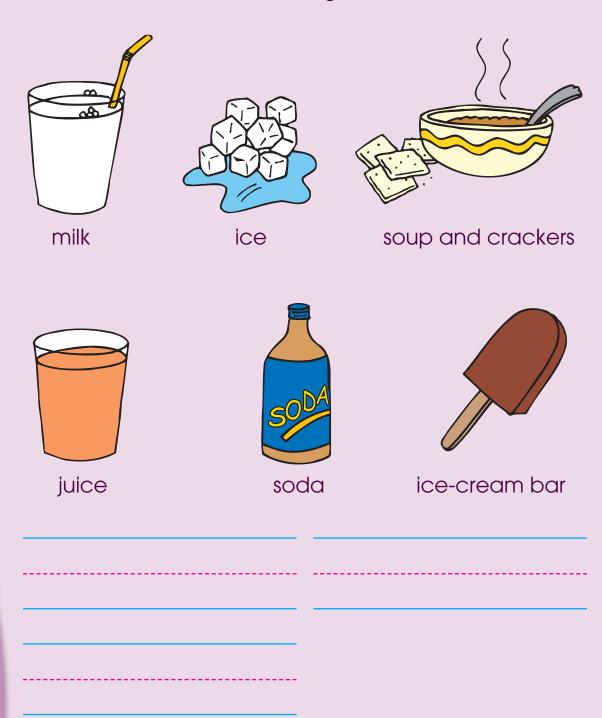
Same and Different: These Don't Belong

Directions: Circle the pictures in each row that go together.

Row I	cookies	cake	beans	ice cream
	4			
			(2)	
Row 2	apple	banana	orange	cookies
Direction not belo		names of th	ne things th	nat do
Row I				
- Row 2				

Classifying: Things to Drink

Directions: Circle the pictures of things you can drink. Write the names of those things in the blanks.



Classifying: Things to Chew

Directions: Draw a line from the pictures of things you chew to the plate.



Comprehension: Soup

Directions: Read about soup. Then, write the answers.

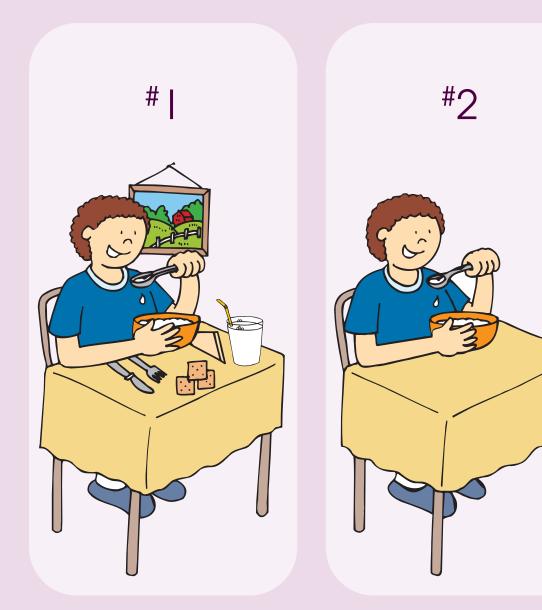
I Like Soup

Soup is good! It is good for you, too. We eat most kinds of soup hot. Some people eat cold soup in the summer. Carrots and beans are in some soups. Do you like crackers with soup?

1. Name two ways people eat soup.			
2.	Name two things that are in some soups.		
3.	Name the kind of soup you like best.		

Same and Different: Soup

Directions: Circle the five things in picture #1 that are not in picture #2.

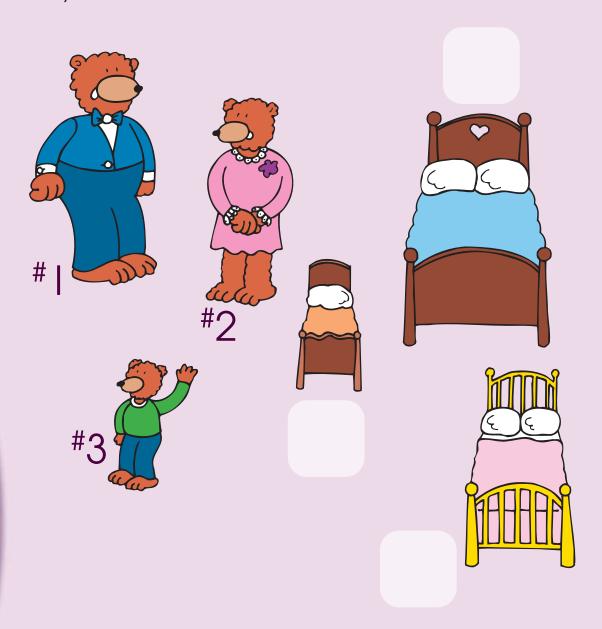


Comprehension: The Three Bears

Directions: Read about the three bears. Put #1 beside Papa Bear's bed. Put #2 beside Mama Bear's bed. Put #3 beside Baby Bear's bed.

The Three Bears

Do you know the story of the three bears? Papa Bear is the biggest bear. He has the biggest bed. Mama Bear is a middle-size bear. She has a middle-size bed. Baby Bear is the little bear. He has the smallest bed.



Comprehension: The Three Bears

Directions: Draw the objects that belong to the three bears. Then, complete the sentences.

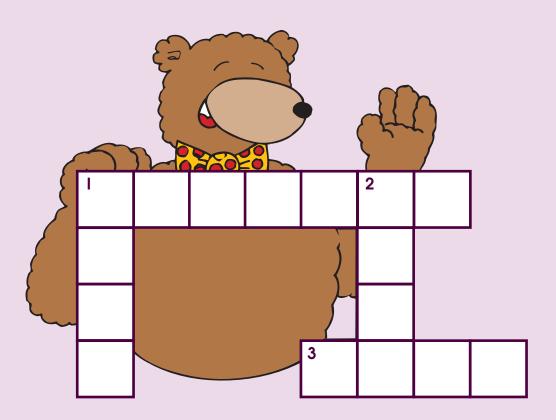


Draw the bowls.

Baby	Mama	Papa
Mama's bowl is		_
Mama's bowl is		
Draw the chairs.		
Papa	Mama	Baby
Papa's chair is _		than Baby's.
		than Mama's.

Following Directions: Three Bears Puzzle

Directions: Read the story about the three bears again. Then, complete the puzzle.



Across:

- 1. Papa Bear is the ___ bear.
- 3. All the bears sleep in ____.

Down:

- 1. This bear is the little bear.
- 2. Mama Bear is the middle-___ bear.

Review

Directions: Read how to make no-cook candy. Then, answer the questions.

Some candy needs to be cooked on a stove. You do not need to cook this kind of candy. It is easy to make. You will need a large bowl for mixing. You will need five things to make this candy.



No-Cook Candy

 $\frac{1}{2}$ cup peanut butter

4 cups powdered sugar

I cup cocoa

pinch of salt

4 tablespoons milk

Mix everything in the bowl. Roll it into small balls. (A pinch of salt is just a tiny bit.)

	<u> </u>
2.	What is different about no-cook candy?

1. What is third on the list of things needed?

Directions: Write what to do to make no-cook candy.

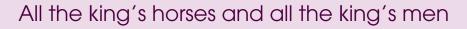
3. First, mix everything in a bowl. Then,

Comprehension: "Humpty Dumpty"

Directions: Read the poem. Draw a picture of Humpty Dumpty after he fell off the wall.

Humpty Dumpty sat on a wall.

Humpty Dumpty had a great fall.

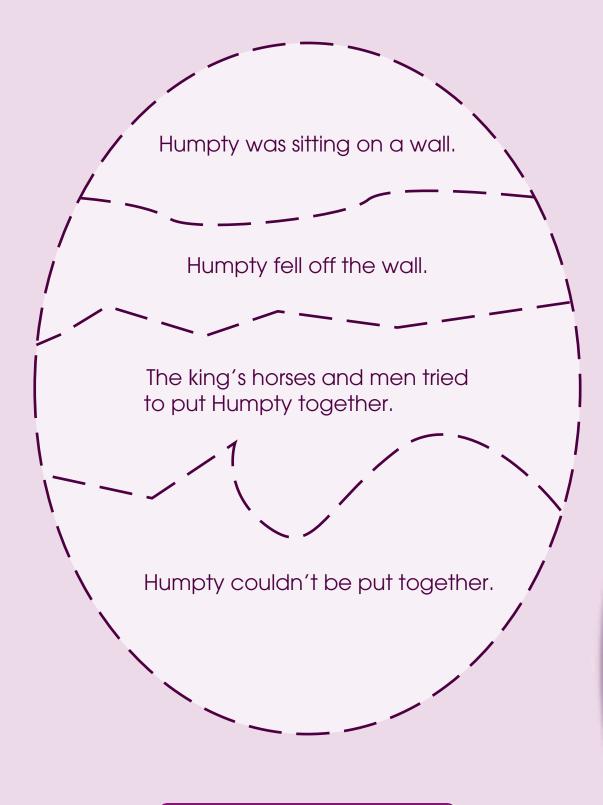


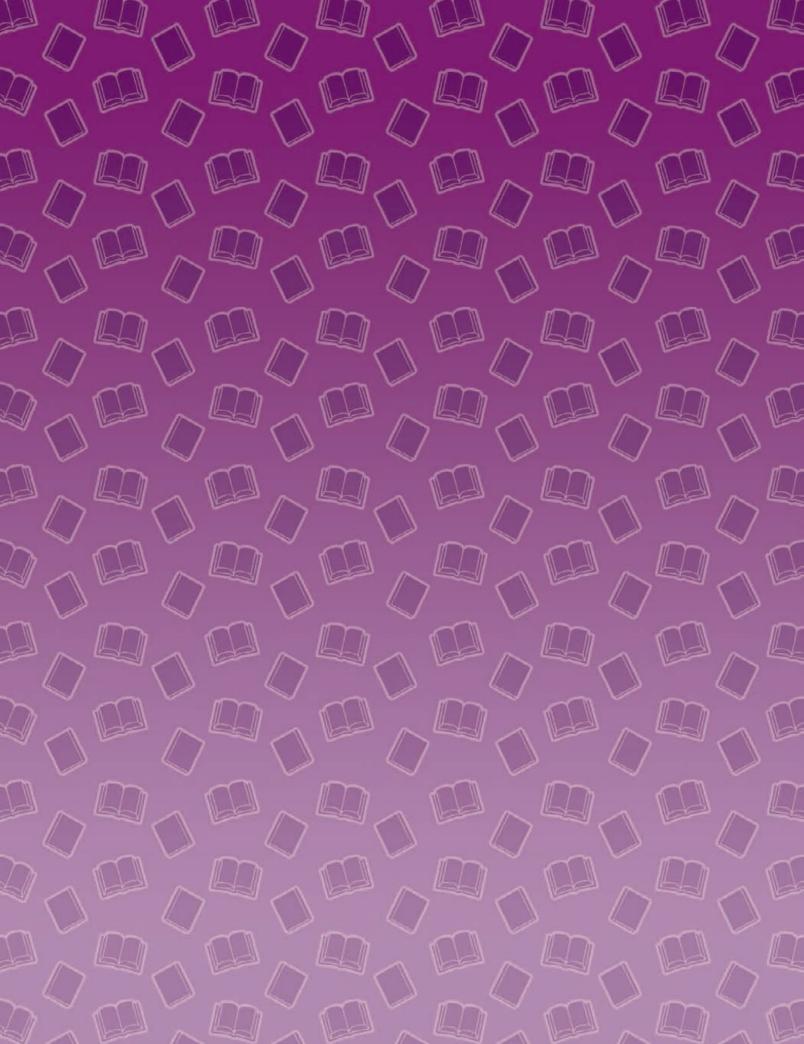
Couldn't put Humpty together again.



Sequencing: Put Humpty Together

Directions: Cut out the pieces and mix them up. Then, read the sentence on each piece to put Humpty back together.





Comprehension: "Hey Diddle Diddle"

(11)

Directions: Read "Hey Diddle Diddle." Then, answer the questions.

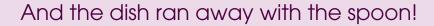
Hey diddle diddle,

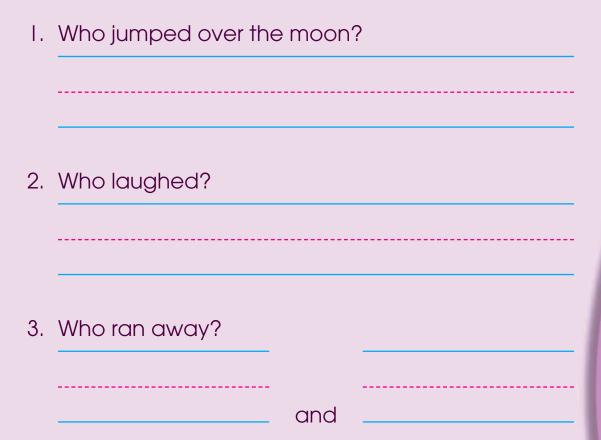
The cat and the fiddle,

The cow jumped over the moon.

The little dog laughed

To see such sport,



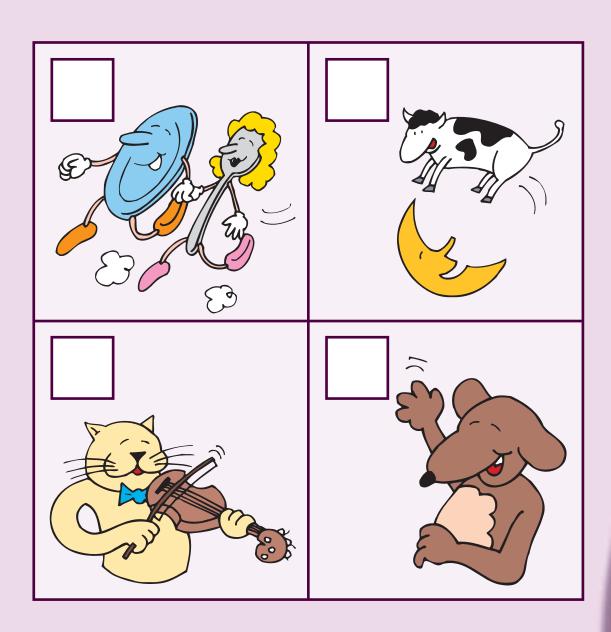


Comprehension: "Hey Diddle Diddle"

Directions: Read "Hey Diddle Diddle" again. Then, answer the questions. I. What is a fiddle? 2. What is another word for "jumped"? 3. What word in the poem means the same as "giggled"? 4. Where do you think the dish and the spoon went? Draw your answer.

Sequencing: "Hey Diddle Diddle"

Directions: Number the pictures for "Hey Diddle Diddle" in order.



Comprehension: "Bluebird"

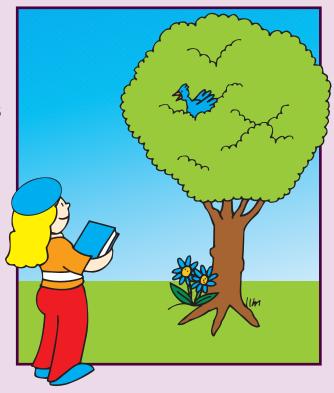
Directions: Read the bluebird poem. Look at the picture. Write what the bluebird sees. Use words from the box.

Bluebird, bluebird,
Up in the tree,

How many blue things

Do you see?

book flowers
girl grass
hat sky
shoes tree



Here are the blue things the bluebird sees:

3.

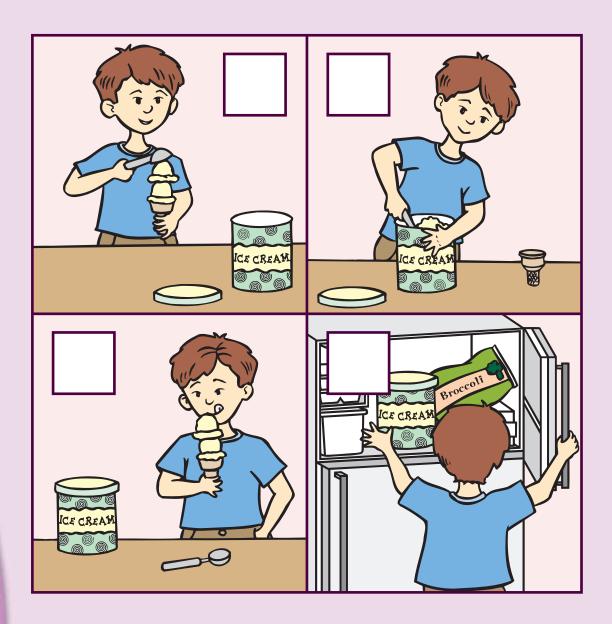
Ι.		
2.		

Comprehension: "New Bird"

Directions: Fill in the kindifferent colored bird to go with your poer	d. Then, draw a	•
	 _ bird,	bird,
Up in the		S. S
	Do you see?	
Directions: Fill in the b		-
How many		things did the bird
see in your picture?		

Sequencing: Make an Ice-Cream Cone

Directions: Number the boxes in order to show how to make an ice-cream cone.



Comprehension: Eating Ice Cream

Directions: Read the story. Write two things Sam could have done so he could have enjoyed eating his ice-cream cone.

It was a hot day. Sam went to the store and got an ice-cream cone. He ate it at a table in the sun. Sam watched some friends play ball. When he went to eat his ice-cream, it had melted and fallen on the sidewalk.

1.	
<u> </u>	
۷.	

Sequencing: Eating a Cone

What if a person never ate an ice-cream cone? Could you tell them how to eat it? Think about what you do when you eat an ice-cream cone.

Directions: Write directions to teach someone how to eat an ice-cream cone.

How to Eat an Ice-Cream Cone

1.		
2.		
3.		
4.	~~	
		1 00

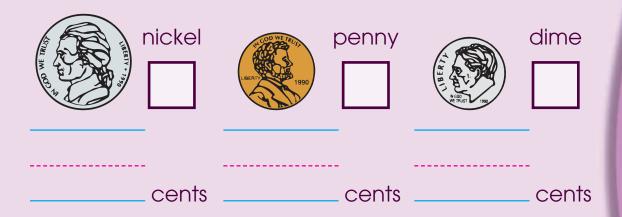
Review

Directions: Read about coins. Then, answer the questions.

You can use coins to buy things. Some coins are worth more than others. Do you know these coins? A penny is worth one cent. A nickel is worth five cents. A dime is worth 10 cents. A quarter is worth 25 cents.

1.	What can you use coins to do?
2.	How are coins different?

Directions: Number the coins in order from the one that is worth the least to the one that is worth the most. Under each picture, write how many cents each coin is worth.



Glossary

Abbreviation: A short way of writing words. Examples: **Mon., Tues.**, etc.

Classifying: Putting objects, words, or ideas that are alike into categories.

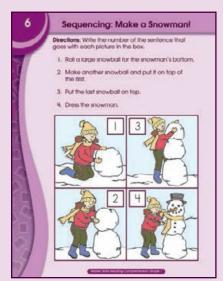
Comprehension: Understanding what is seen, heard, or read.

Following Directions: Doing what the directions say to do.

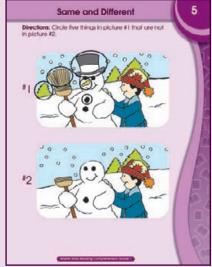
Same and Different: Being able to tell how things are alike and not alike.

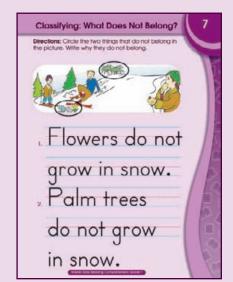
Sequencing: Putting things in order.















10



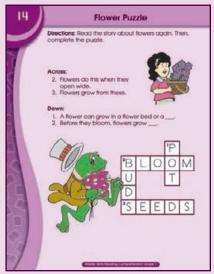
13



Directions: Cut out the leaves. Put them into two groups. Cut o cach group is a bax on the top of the page. Write a name for each group.

Green leaves. Orange leaves.

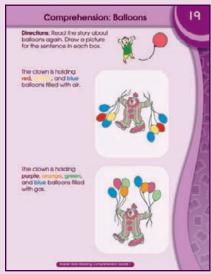
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14









Comprehension: Balloons
Directions: Read the story, Then, answer the questions.

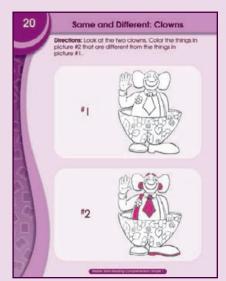
Some balloons to the property of the story balloons. Some observations come balloons. It became come manage others. What sould do you like?

It. What makes balloons that do not float?

GIR

3. What shape are the balloons the clown is holding?

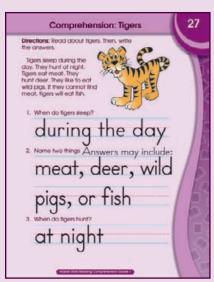
CINCLE



Some words describe ball	describle clow oons.	ns. Some wo	wids
	and the words correct colum		ords that
float air	laughs feet	hat pop	string nose
3	500		0
ck	OWN	DX	aloons
laud	hs	flo	at
feet		air	
hat			
nai		po	
nose	9	str	inq







Comprehension: Cats

Directions: Road the story about cats again. Then, write the answers.

1. What is a good title for the story?

Answers will vary.

2. The story tells you how to pet a cat

3. What part of your body should you pet a cat with?

Your hand

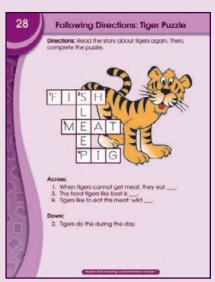
4. Why should you move slowly to pet a cat?

Answers will vary.

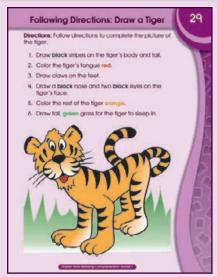
5. Why do you think a cat will run away if you grob it?

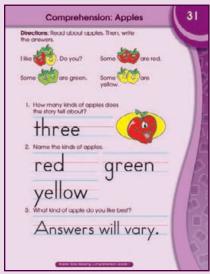
Answers will vary.









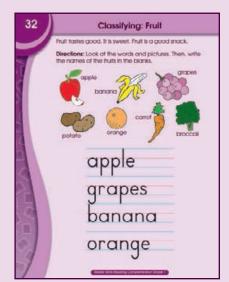




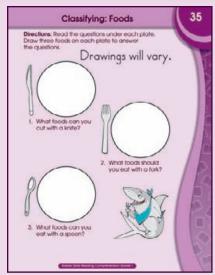
Directions: Road about sking, Citicle the answers. Willie a number in each box to show the order of the story.

Sking is fun

You need fo ches warmin to all. One all this on each boot. You went the skin to a chair called a ski list, it fake you go in the order of all. When you go fort you say clown the half the cheek all sometimes you will trail.

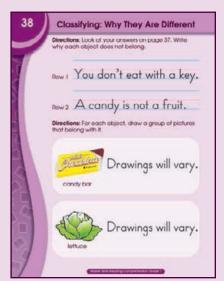


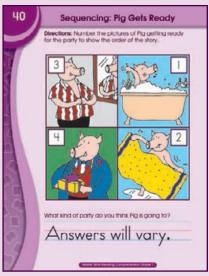










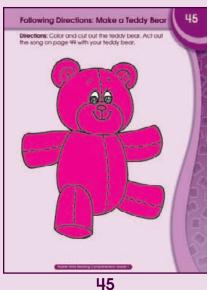




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43



Classifying: Party Items

Directions: Draw a Clarcund objects that are food for the party. Draw a A around the party govers. Draw a O around the objects used for hard the party.

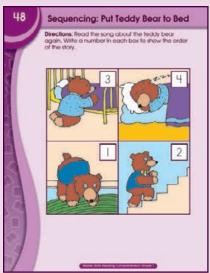
Ice crosm condy cond or condy c

42

	Do you know the Teddy Bear Song? It is very old!
1	Directions: Read the Teddy Bear Song. Then, onswer the questions.
	Teddy bear, teddy bear, turn around.
	Teddy bear, feddy bear, fouch the ground.
	Teddy bear, teddy bear, climb upstars.
	Teddy bear, feddy bear, say your prayers.
	feddy bear, feddy bear, furn out the light.
	Teddy bear, teddy bear, tay, "Good right!"
1	He turns around. 2. What is the last thing the teday bear does? He says, "Good night!" 3. What would you name a teday bear?
	Answers will vary.

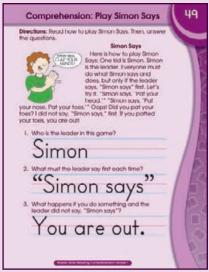
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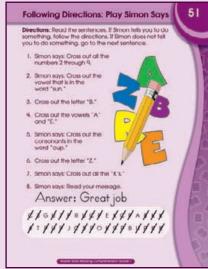
Directions: Witte word song. Act out your ne				
you read it.			A.	
Answers wi	ll vary.	-		
Teddy bear, feddy b	ear, furn			
Teddy bear, feddy b	ear, fouch the			
Teddy bear, teddy b	nor olimb			1
nooy boo, nooy b	SOLUTION .			/
feddy bear, teddy b	oar, turn out		- 1	
			-/	1
Teddy bear, teddy b	ear, say,			
			- 1	



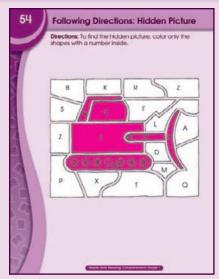




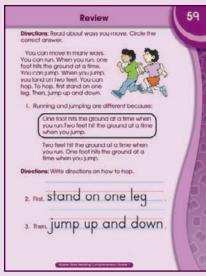












Comprehension: Rhymes

Directions: Read about words that rhyme. Then, clicle
the answers.

Words that intyree have the scarce
end sounds. "Wing" and "sing"
shyme. "Boy" and "long" shyme.
"Dame" and "time! rhyme. Can
you think of other words that rhyme?

1. Words that rhyme
hove the same
end letters.

2. "Time" rhymes with

Thee."

Cimes

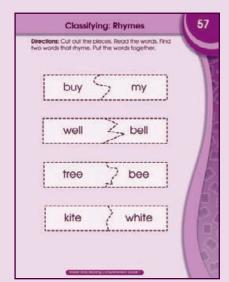
Directions: Wille one rhyme for each word.

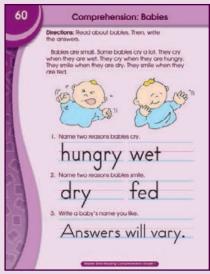
wing

Doy

Answers will vary.

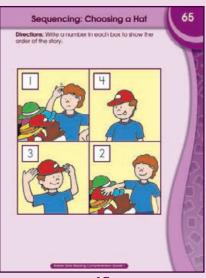
clime
pink











Sequencing: Feeding Baby

Directions: Roud the sentencies. Write a number in each box to show the order of the story.

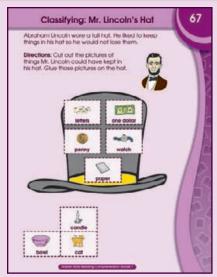
5 The boby smiles.

3 Mom makes the boby's food.

2 The boby is put in his chair.

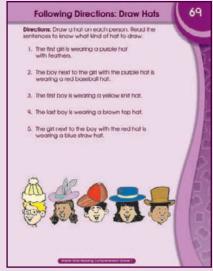


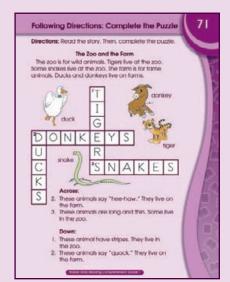


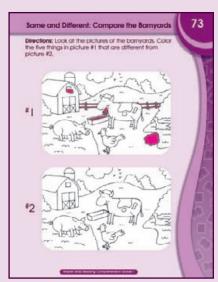




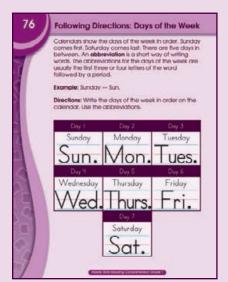


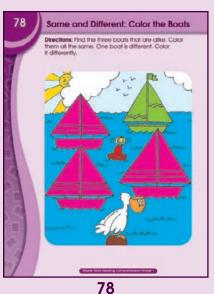












Comprehension: Days

Directions: Roud about the clays of the week. There carever the question.

Do not know the names of the seven clays of the week? Here they are: Sunday, Monday; Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Sahurday?

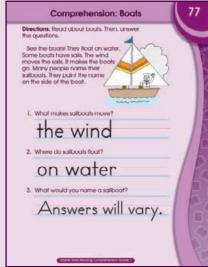
Friday

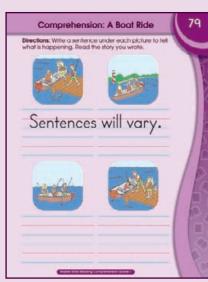
2. What day comes after Thursday?

Monday

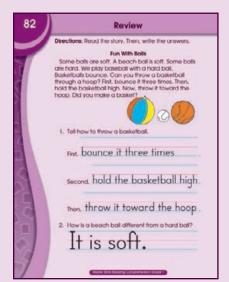
3. How many days are in each week?

Seven

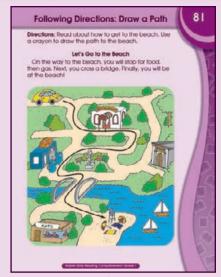


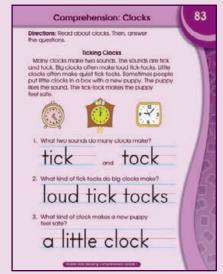


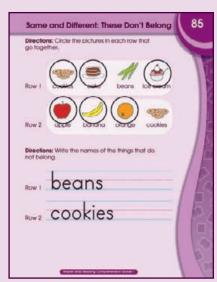




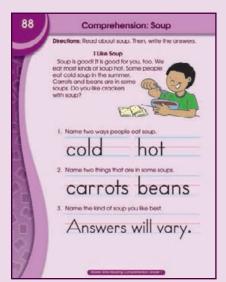














Classifying: Things to Chew

Directions: Draw a line from the pictures of things you chew to the picte.

Soup

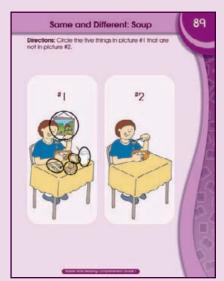
piza

piza

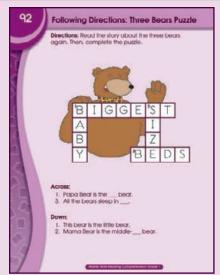
comot mocoroni

com on the cob

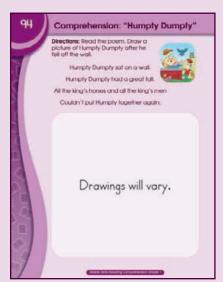
milk







92



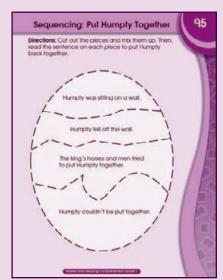
QL



Directions: Read how to make no-cook candy. Then, cantever the questions.

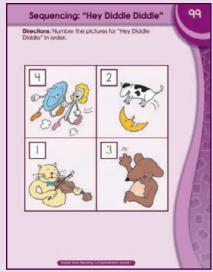
Some candy reseds to be cooked on a stove. You do not need to cook this hand a candy. If it easy to make the candy if the peak that had a candy. If it easy to make the cooked on no stove. You will need a kage bower for mining. You will need five things to make the cook that the store that t

93

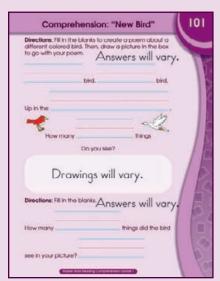


9!

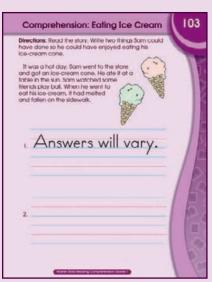




qq



101



Directions: Read the bluebird poems. Look at the pichas, Write what the bluebird poems. Look at the pichas, Write what the bluebird sees. Use words from the box.

Bluebird: bluebird.

Up in the tree.

How many blue things
Do you see?

Dook flowers
gill grase
hat sky shoes tree

Here are the blue things
the bluebird sees:

1. book 4. hat
2. sky 5. flowers

100

shoes



102

	Sequencing: Eating a Cone
	What if a person never ale an loe-cream cone? Could you tell them how to eat it? Think about what you do when you eat an ice-cream cone.
	Directions: Witte directions to teach someone how to eat an ice-cream cone.
	How to Eat an Ice-Cream Cone
	Answers will vary.
4	2
1	
0	*
	000

103



105

The goal of reading is to understand what is read. In addition to saying the words, your child needs to comprehend what the words are telling him or her. Learning skills such as classifying, comprehension, following directions, recognizing similarities and differences, and sequencing will help your child become a better reader. You can use the ideas on these pages to help your child master these skills.

Classifying

Classifying involves putting objects, words, or ideas that are alike into categories. Items can be classified in more than one way. For example, hats could be sorted by size, color, or season worn. If your child creates a category you had not

considered, praise him or her for thinking creatively.

GREEN

ORANGE

YELLOW

BLUE

PURPLE

Your child could sort the clothing in his or her closet. He or she could sort it according to the season each item is worn, by color, type of clothing, or even likes and dislikes. You can have your child help you sort laundry by colors.

At the grocery store, talk about

the layout of the store and how items are arranged in the store. For example, fruits are together, vegetables are together, cooking supplies are together, soups are together, etc.

Talk about why items would be

would happen if they were not arranged in groups?

arranged in groups like that. What



Have your child help you find what you need by having him or her decide what section of the store it would be in. After finding the item, talk about alternate places the item could be found.

When planning a family vacation, collect travel brochures on possible destinations and sites to see. Have your child classify the brochures according to location, activity, or places you may or may not want to visit. Use these groupings to plan your trip.

Comprehension

Comprehension involves understanding what is seen, heard, or read. To help your child with this skill, talk about a book, picture, movie, or television program. Ask your child if he or she likes it and the reasons why or why not. By listening to what he or she says, you can tell whether the book, etc., was understood. If your child does not fully understand part of it, discuss that section further. Reread the book or watch the program again, if possible.

Your child can make a poster for a book or movie. Have him or her include the important events, most exciting parts, favorite part, and reasons why someone else should view or read it.

Watch the news with your child and discuss the job of a news reporter. After your child understands what reporters do, create your own newscast. You can be the reporter, and your child can pretend to be a character from a book or movie. Make up the questions together, based on a book read or movie watched. Use the questions for an "interview." If you have a video camera, record your interview, and play it back for your child to watch.

After reading a book, have your child create a book cover for it. The picture should tell about the book and include a brief summary on the back. If the book belongs to your child, he or she could use the cover on the book.

Find a cartoon without words or cut a cartoon from the newspaper and cut off the words. Have your child look at the pictures and create words to go along with the pictures. If your child has difficulty writing, you can write what he or she says.

Following Directions

Cooking is one of many daily activities that involves following directions. Whether it is heating a can of soup, cooking a frozen dinner, or making a box of pudding, all involve following directions. Read the package directions with your child and have him or her help you.



When you have a shelving unit, table, toy, etc., to assemble, allow your child to help. Point to each step in the directions. Read each step out loud together. Then, follow the steps in order.

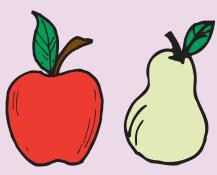
Like following package directions or a recipe, assembling an item enables your child to see that following directions is a skill used in everyday situations.

Building a model and making craft projects are other ways for your child to learn to follow directions. Rather than a store-bought model, you could make your own by precutting wood pieces to make a birdhouse or other small item. Write step-by-step directions for your child. Then, use the directions with your child to actually make it.

Each day, make a list of the jobs your child needs to complete. Then, your child can follow the list to complete the jobs. If your child has difficulty reading, you can draw small pictures to represent each job. You know your child is able to follow directions when tasks are completed correctly.

Same and Different

This skill involves being able to tell how things are alike and not alike. This can easily be incorporated into daily activities. For instance, when driving in a car, have your child compare objects seen, such as cars and trucks, telling how they are the same and how they are different.



At home or in the grocery store, compare foods such as green apples and pears, or broccoli and beans asking your child for ideas about how they are the same and different. Your child can also compare the taste and texture of the foods.



When shopping for clothes, ask your child how two shirts, pairs of pants, or shoes look the same and different. Then, if your child tries them on, he or she can compare how they fit.

Outside, your child can compare types of flowers or trees. Besides the physical characteristics like color, size, and smell, also compare the needs of plants, such as water, sun, and soil.

Your child can compare objects verbally or create a chart to record the similarities and differences. He or she can make lists that show objects that are the same and different.

Sequencing

Sequencing involves putting things in order. This can include

steps to complete a task, sizes of object, or the time events occur during the day. To help your child with sequencing, get a comic strip that has three or four sections and read it with your child. Cut the sections apart and then have your child put it back together. If this is too difficult for your child, use a strip with only two sections at first.



In the morning, tell your child three steps involved in making his or her bed. Have your child tell you the order of the steps and then actually make the bed. At the end of the day, your child can put away the toys in a specific order, such as from smallest to largest or lightest to heaviest.

Have your child keep a journal. This not only helps with sequencing, but it is a good way to record what is happening in his or her life for the future. Each night in the journal, have your child write or draw four things that he or she did during the day.